1 Wednesday, 29 October 2008

- 2 (10.00 am)
- 3 (In the presence of the jury)
- 4 CODENAME "C5" (continued)
- 5 Questions from MR HOUGH (continued)
- 6 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Yes, Mr Hough, we had just got into the
- 7 single door at the left-hand end of the carriage.
- 8 MR HOUGH: Good morning. I think in fact you were being
- 9 guided by an unknown man you believed to be
- 10 a surveillance officer down the carriage?
- 11 A. Yes, that's correct, sir.
- 12 Q. Can we have tab 35 of the jury bundle on screen just to
- 13 help us navigate. Is this right, you are now walking
- 14 through the section where we can see Whitby, Copeland,
- 15 Harrison, et cetera?
- 16 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 17 Q. As you are walking through this section, what can you
- see ahead of you?
- 19 A. Well, my attention is drawn towards a male wearing
- 20 a denim jacket, a black baseball cap. Can I just say
- 21 that the next four or five paragraphs in my statement
- 22 are condensed. It was over a very short space of time.
- I was very focused on events and the job in hand. I was
- 24 trying to identify the threat on the carriage, and these
- 25 events, although they sound -- they are written in four

- or five lines, they happened over a short space of time.
- 2 Q. Yes. Well, we will take it stage by stage but if you
- 3 are uncertain about anything, of course please say so.
- 4 A. Thank you.
- 5 Q. And you will appreciate that the sequence of events is
- 6 important.
- 7 A. Yes. My first impression of the man in the baseball
- 8 cap --
- 9 $\,$ Q. Pausing there, we know this man to be Ivor, although you
- 10 didn't know him at the time?
- 11 A. Yes. No, not at the time. I am looking at people
- 12 sitting on the train. Most people are reading books,
- 13 papers, they are in their travelling to work mode, and
- 14 you can identify them straightaway; they are not
- 15 threats. Clothing, I picked up Ivor's clothing, the
- denim jacket, the baseball cap hadn't been mentioned
- 17 before --
- 18 Q. In terms of picking it up, do you mean there that you
- 19 identified that as clothing you had heard being on the
- 20 suspect?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. Go on.
- 23 A. He was olive skinned in appearance, again that matched
- the description, so in a very fraction of time I'm
- assessing whether he is a likely possible for the

- 1 subject that we are following.
- 2 Q. Where was he when you first saw him?
- 3 A. He was standing with his back to the glass partition or
- 4 on the section where Rachel Wilson is sitting.
- 5 Q. Was there anybody between you and him obscuring your
- 6 view?
- 7 A. Yes, there were people -- as I said earlier, the
- 8 representation of the carriage, there were more people
- 9 sitting, there were some standing and there was movement
- on the train as well. I can't recall whether it's
- 11 people getting off or just moving around, finding seats
- or getting on the train, other passengers.
- 13 Q. When you first saw Ivor and focused in on him, could you
- see any of your colleagues?
- 15 A. No.
- 16 Q. What did you see next?
- 17 A. What I saw next, and again on the snapshot I saw of
- 18 Ivor, I took in a rucksack which was on the ground by
- 19 his right leg, and it was on the floor, he wasn't
- 20 carrying it, it was on the floor, and that was just all
- 21 a very quick snapshot, because events that happened
- after that were very fluid and quick, and no sooner had
- 23 I looked at Ivor, than he lurched -- I have written
- 24 lurched -- towards another male. My view was obstructed
- of the other male and on the map of the train there is

- 1 a pole right in the middle of the section in front of
- 2 Merrill and Preston, there is a yellow pole there and my
- 3 recollection is that either there was someone standing
- 4 near there or holding on to the pole.
- 5 My heightened concentration level was such that
- I was focusing on Ivor, I was trying to establish if he
- 7 was the subject. Now, my experience and my recollection
- 8 is that everything around him wasn't important at that
- 9 time, he was important, was this the man, was this the
- 10 person who had been followed onto the train?
- 11 He wasn't acting like the other passengers on the
- 12 train, he was at a higher level of concentration as
- 13 well, that's all I can describe that, which made me
- think more, who is this man? So he's then lurched
- 15 towards the man who I now know to be Mr de Menezes, he's
- 16 lurched towards him --
- 17 Q. Just pausing there. Before Ivor lurched towards him,
- had you looked in the direction of Mr de Menezes at all?
- 19 A. No.
- 20 $\,$ Q. So before Ivor moves forward, were you able to say
- 21 anything about what Mr de Menezes had done one way or
- the other?
- 23 A. No, other than that there was movement in my peripheral
- vision from the direction of where he was sitting.
- 25 Q. But you couldn't say whether that movement came from

- 1 him?
- 2 A. No. Not entirely, no.
- 3 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Your recollection of there being
- 4 someone standing in the middle of the carriage possibly
- 5 holding on to the upright pole, I mean, are you telling
- 6 us or indicating that that person was blocking your view
- 7 of Mr de Menezes?
- 8 A. Not completely, sir, no, but if you can imagine the tube
- 9 train at that time of the morning, as I mentioned
- 10 earlier, that is not a good representation of the amount
- of people that were on that train at that time.
- 12 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: You have told us there were more people
- on there than that map shows.
- 14 A. I just didn't have a clear unobstructed view of that
- 15 section of the carriage.
- 16 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Where Mr de Menezes was sitting.
- 17 A. Yes, sir.
- 18 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: All right.
- 19 MR HOUGH: When Ivor moved forwards, did you then turn your
- 20 attention towards Mr de Menezes?
- 21 A. I couldn't -- when he -- when he moved forward, I don't
- 22 think it was very far, he grappled the man, and this is
- 23 all, as I say, in a bit of a blur of movement, and
- I can't say how he grappled him, because again
- 25 movement -- and I was moving forward at this point as

- 1 well.
- 2 Q. Now, pausing there, you have said in your statement that
- 3 Ivor lurched, or the man you now know as Ivor, lurched
- 4 towards another male who was either standing or
- 5 attempting to stand?
- 6 A. Yes, sir.
- 7 Q. Does that help you give any indication of where he was
- 8 or what he was doing, having refreshed your memory from
- 9 that?
- 10 A. Well, with this concentration levels, and I know that
- 11 the brain fills in things that it can't see fully when
- 12 you are -- you've got tunnel vision so to speak, I am
- 13 concentrating on Ivor at the time, working out my threat
- 14 assessment of him, and my basic -- my brain has filled
- in gaps and I can say, well, there was movement to his
- 16 left of a person who was rising from the seat and that
- 17 was movement, and that's how I have written it in my
- 18 statement, he was either standing or attempting to
- 19 stand. It was movement.
- 20 Q. Now, after you have seen Ivor grapple Mr de Menezes,
- 21 what did you see next?
- 22 A. Right. I was thinking at this time that the man in the
- 23 baseball cap may be the subject. I moved towards them
- and, as I said earlier this is a very short timespan,
- 25 I was aware of C12 and C2 moving across the carriage

- 1 from the doorway of the carriage on my right, the double
- doors, between Robert Preston and Rachel Wilson.
- 3 Q. Pausing there, when you first saw them, where were their
- 4 weapons? If you can't remember, say so.
- 5 A. I can't remember. I really can't remember.
- 6 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: But had they actually got their feet
- 7 onto the floor of the carriage?
- 8 A. Yes, sir.
- 9 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: They were in?
- 10 A. They were in, sir, and moved across in front of me.
- 11 I think by this time I was probably between the folding
- 12 seats between Robert Preston and Wesley Merrill.
- 13 MR HOUGH: As those of us who travel on the tube regularly
- 14 know, the seats where Merrill and Preston are placed are
- 15 folding down seats?
- 16 A. Yes, sir, and that shows that people don't choose to sit
- on those normally because they are uncomfortable and
- only sit on them when the other seats are full. So it
- 19 shows how busy the carriage was, if that helps the
- 20 court.
- 21 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: They were occupied?
- 22 A. Yes, sir.
- 23 MR HOUGH: You have seen Charlie 2 and Charlie 12 move
- forward, they are behind Ivor, he's been moving towards
- 25 Mr de Menezes; what happens next?

- 1 A. Well, all three of them, or four of them, the three of
- 2 them forced Mr de Menezes back on to the seat from where
- 3 he had come from. I heard shouts of "armed police".
- 4 Now, in my notes it's all departmentalised in terms of
- 5 the movement of what I have seen and the shouts but at
- the time it all seemed to happen at the same time.
- 7 I heard shouts of "armed police".
- 8 Now, it's been mentioned already, I can't say when
- 9 those shouts were made, there was more than one shout,
- 10 and I know that there was shouts as they were forcing
- 11 Mr de Menezes back. I was focused and concentrating so
- 12 intently on Ivor that I can't say whether there was
- 13 shouts coming from the platform prior to them coming on
- 14 the train or whether it was during or as he was being
- 15 forced down.
- 16 Q. Can you say whether the shouts were coming from C2 and
- 17 C12 or from elsewhere?
- 18 A. I really can't even say that. Again, my brain might
- 19 wish to fill in the gaps as to where they were coming
- 20 from. The likelihood is it was from them or one of them
- 21 or both of them.
- 22 Q. I have to put this to you because others will do so.
- 23 A. I understand.
- 24 Q. In your statement written the day afterwards, the
- 25 sequence you give is as follows, and perhaps we can have

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page 411 of the statements bundle on screen. It's just
 1
 2
         by the second holepunch:
 3
             "As I got to the next standing section I saw a male
         wearing a denim jacket with a black baseball hat,
 4
 5
         lurching towards another male who was either standing or
 6
         attempting to stand. He was in the position of the
 7
         second or third seat along on the left side of the
         carriage in the next row of seating. My vision of this
 8
         man was partially obscured owing to other passengers.
 9
10
         I was thinking at this time that the man in the baseball
11
         cap may be the subject, I moved towards them. I was
12
         aware of C12 and C2 moving across the carriage towards
         the scuffle."
13
             I'm told that the next word, "facing" is "forcing"
14
15
         in your original handwritten note so:
16
             "Forcing both men onto the seat, I heard shouts of
17
         'armed police'. I heard several shots being fired but
         could not say how many. They did not seem very loud to
18
19
         me. I grabbed hold of the man in the baseball cap not
20
         knowing if he was the subject."
2.1
             We will move on to that in a second.
             Looking at that, on the day afterwards, the sequence
22
23
         that is suggested in your statement is that you move
24
         forwards, as you see Ivor moving towards Mr de Menezes;
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you then see C2 and C12 moving across the carriage, so

25

- 1 after Ivor has performed his tackle, and then after all
- 2 that you hear the shouts of "armed police", so after
- 3 Ivor's tackle?
- 4 A. I have written the word "shouts" which expresses that
- 5 there was more than one, and as I said, the sequence of
- 6 events happened very quickly, and I can't in all honesty
- 7 and fairness say when those shouts were made, but it was
- 8 during that period.
- 9 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: We are now three years down the line.
- 10 A. Yes, sir.
- 11 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Your statement is in fact dated the
- 12 following day.
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Accepting all that you have told us
- about how concentrated these paragraphs are because you
- are describing quite a lot of action which all took
- 17 place at tremendous speed, are you minded to think that
- 18 what you recorded the day after is likely to be more
- 19 accurate than what you remember now?
- 20 A. It's very difficult to say, sir, whether I was still in
- 21 a heightened state of -- when I wrote these notes, it's
- 22 very difficult to say whether ... the advantage of
- leaving it even another day or two before things come
- 24 back to you, but before you write these notes it might
- 25 be more clearer to you. But at the time of writing

- 1 these notes, they were a true recollection of what
- 2 I believe to have happened at the time. They were my
- 3 recollection and I can't say or help the court any
- 4 further as to when those shouts were made of "armed
- 5 police" but they were made and I have written them in my
- 6 statement and I stand by what I have written, sir.
- 7 MR HOUGH: So we have got to the stage where Ivor has pushed
- 8 Mr de Menezes back and your two colleagues have moved
- 9 forward and you have heard shots fired. Were you aware
- 10 at that time that the shots were being fired by your two
- 11 colleagues at Mr de Menezes?
- 12 A. Yes, I was.
- 13 Q. You have said in your statement you can't say how many
- 14 shots; were you aware of a pause in the shooting at any
- 15 point?
- 16 A. It all seemed very, very quick, sir. I was very close
- 17 to the shooting. I remember distinctly the first shot
- 18 being fired. I couldn't say who fired it, but
- I remember tensing up, expecting an explosion, I thought
- there was going to be an explosion. When it didn't
- 21 happen, there was more shots. I had to draw myself back
- 22 to the job in hand, and on what I needed to do. I was
- 23 still -- came down my threat assessment on the man I had
- 24 seen. I must admit to some confusion at the time, my
- 25 colleagues were obviously shooting somebody else, who

- was the man I had been looking at? I hadn't ruled him
- out as not being the subject. I also realised that he
- 3 may -- was at risk of being shot as well, in that
- 4 confined area. His head was against Mr de Menezes'
- 5 head. I pulled him out of the fray as hard as I could,
- and it was probably halfway through the shots, again
- 7 I have said it was all a very compacted incident in
- 8 time.
- 9 I pulled him out and I have pushed him to the ground
- in the doorway, the open area in front of the doorway.
- 11 My threat assessment of him was diminishing as time
- 12 went on. The fact that I had seen my colleagues
- engaging somebody else, the fact that Ivor's movements,
- 14 his whole body movements spoke to me that he was
- 15 compliant, he was -- he wasn't acting like somebody who
- 16 was a terrorist or a suicide bomber. And I momentarily
- 17 covered him with my pistol. He was trying to
- 18 communicate with me as well whilst this was happening.
- 19 Q. Pausing there, you have pulled him back, you say you
- 20 momentarily cover him with your pistol?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. In your statement, as we can see, it says you pointed
- your pistol at his head; is that right?
- 24 A. That's right, yes, sir.
- 25 Q. Then did he say something?

- 1 A. Well, he said: "I am a police officer". It wasn't
- 2 spoken very clearly, he was clearly shaken, and I can
- 3 understand why. And it basically confirmed to me where
- 4 my threat assessment was going, that this wasn't the
- 5 subject.
- I turned back to where my colleagues were, and I saw
- 7 a male in a denim jacket slumped across the seats.
- 8 Q. Then moving on in your statement, as we can see on the
- 9 screen, did you hear other officers shouting to people
- 10 to get off the train?
- 11 A. I did, and although it's not in my statement, I am sure
- 12 I was shouting for people to get off the train. I heard
- one of the officers shout: "There may be an IED".
- 14 Q. Presumably that was for the benefit of other police
- officers since the public wouldn't know what an IED was?
- 16 A. I know, sir, yes. I took that -- an improvised
- 17 explosive device is a term that we would use quite
- 18 a lot, I knew what was meant by it, sir.
- 19 Q. Pausing at this stage, you had looked back after
- 20 pointing your pistol at Ivor, and you had seen the man
- 21 in the denim jacket slumped across the seats. Can you
- 22 give any better description than that about how he was
- positioned in the seat?
- 24 A. He was slumped forward, sir. His head was towards his
- 25 lap. I believe there was a yellow pole to the left of

- 1 the seat he had been sitting in. I think he had been --
- 2 the upper part of his body was between the arm rest and
- 3 the pole.
- 4 Q. You are painting a picture of him still in the seat,
- 5 albeit not in a normal sitting position?
- 6 A. Yes, that's correct, sir. He hadn't gone onto the
- 7 floor.
- 8 Q. At this stage, we have heard from others that passengers
- 9 were obviously fleeing the scene?
- 10 A. Yes, sir.
- 11 Q. Did you help in the evacuation efforts?
- 12 A. I did. My immediate concern was for Ivor, who was at
- 13 this time I believe on all fours in front of me on the
- ground, and I can only say, and I apologise to Ivor,
- 15 that I helped him off the train and I have written in my
- 16 statement I helped him off the train --
- 17 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: If it's any consolation, I think he
- 18 understands.
- 19 A. Sir, I confess to being a bit robust in that manner, but
- 20 I think I dragged him by the scruff of the neck to the
- 21 entrance and helped him off the train onto the platform,
- 22 so to speak, I was concerned that there could still be
- 23 an explosion in the train. I can only apologise to him
- if I have caused him distress.
- 25 MR HOUGH: So after you had brought him from the train, what

- did you do to help others and to secure the scene?
- 2 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Could you pause a minute, Mr Hough?
- 3 Just go back a bit. You were asked whether you thought
- 4 that there had been a pause in the shooting.
- 5 A. Yes, sir.
- 6 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: And you said: well, it was all so very
- 7 quick. But if I have understood you rightly, there came
- 8 a point while the shots were being fired when you
- 9 thought there was going to be an explosion.
- 10 A. Yes, sir.
- 11 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: And you tensed up, tightened up. Then
- 12 you told Mr Hough that there were other shots after that
- 13 episode.
- 14 A. I think that the tensing up was the initial -- the
- initial discharge of a round. I don't recollect that
- 16 that preceded a time space or a gap. It was just in my
- 17 mind that was the -- if it was going to happen, it was
- going to happen then.
- 19 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: If you have been following the evidence
- 20 in the case, you probably will be aware that Charlie 2
- 21 had a hangup, a stoppage in his pistol.
- 22 A. Yes, sir.
- 23 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: And he has told us what he had to do
- and I'm sure you know how it's done. That event doesn't
- 25 register in your mind in the sense that you --

- 1 A. I didn't recall seeing that, sir, but these --
- 2 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Or hearing it?
- 3 A. I would expect that he would have cleared that stoppage
- 4 within a fraction of a second. We train exhaustively on
- 5 that.
- 6 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Is it something that could be done very
- 7 quickly?
- 8 A. Yes, sir, very quickly.
- 9 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: So it doesn't necessarily mean that
- 10 there would have been a lapse of time in the discharge
- of shots?
- 12 A. No, sir.
- 13 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Thank you, that's helpful.
- 14 MR HOUGH: I was just asking you, after you had brought Ivor
- 15 out of the train, what you then did to help with the
- 16 evacuation and securing of the scene?
- 17 A. I think most people, if not all of them, were off the
- 18 carriage around that time. I don't think that the
- 19 passengers needed reminding of what had happened two
- 20 weeks prior or the day before even, and I think that
- 21 they switched on very quickly and were leaving as
- 22 quickly as they could. I then helped evacuate the
- 23 platform. Then I momentarily held in the passageway.
- 24 Q. Pausing there, during your time then or at any other
- 25 stage in the tube station, do you speak to C2 or C12

- 1 about what had happened?
- 2 A. I can't recall that, sir. I could see they were in
- 3 quite a state, I could see them, and I concur with
- 4 Trojan 84 in saying that I felt sorry for them, I was --
- I remember thinking: thank goodness it wasn't me.
- 6 Q. Finally, were you involved in getting some first aid
- 7 equipment to the scene?
- 8 A. Yes. After a short space of time, and part of our post
- 9 scene management is first aid, it's, we call it
- 10 a reorganisation phase where everything has settled, we
- 11 have got a duty of care to provide first aid. We hadn't
- 12 brought first aid kits down with us for obvious reasons.
- 13 I, hand on heart, probably knew the futility of it but
- 14 it was something that in training we do, and it kicked
- in for me to go, get the first aid and the oxygen, and
- 16 I wasn't aware that if we had any other casualties at
- 17 that time either. So I ran up the escalator to collect
- 18 these items, and I ran back down again. I remember the
- 19 escalators actually shut down, they weren't running, so
- 20 it was going up the stairs and back down with the --
- 21 with these two items.
- 22 Part of first aid training again, the first element
- 23 is danger, I couldn't go on there until the explosives
- 24 officer had declared that there was no danger. He did
- 25 this. I went onto the carriage, and the explosives

- officer assisted me to move the subject.
- 2 Q. You don't need to describe anything more about the scene
- 3 for our purposes.
- 4 A. Thank you, sir.
- 5 MR HOUGH: Thank you very much, others will ask you some
- 6 questions.
- 7 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Just before you start, Mr Mansfield.
- 8 You heard "armed police" shouted as you have
- 9 described?
- 10 A. Yes, sir.
- 11 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Either immediately before or shortly
- 12 after Charlie 2 and 12 had entered the carriage?
- 13 A. Yes, sir.
- 14 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: So it is a very late --
- 15 MR MANSFIELD: Sir, he hasn't actually said that.
- 16 I would ask for care on this. He did say it but not
- in relation to the entry to the carriage.
- 18 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: I see what you mean. I'll leave it on
- 19 the basis at a very late stage in the events. The
- 20 question I want to ask you is whether you have any
- 21 recollection of hearing that phrase shouted at any
- 22 earlier time?
- 23 A. Looking back, sir, it is a bit of a blur, and I couldn't
- 24 with any -- I wouldn't wish to mislead anybody or try
- 25 and say when exactly I heard that. And in all honesty,

- 1 I would have imagined I would have been shouting it when
- 2 things started to happen. Again, part of our training,
- 3 and it's very hard to avoid what we do in training, we
- do on these incidents, muscle memory, and I don't
- 5 remember myself shouting but I would have been surprised
- if at some point I hadn't shouted it, post shooting.
- 7 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: If it was shouted on the escalator at
- 8 any point on the escalator, do you think that would have
- 9 been audible in the train?
- 10 A. I really can't say, sir.
- 11 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Right. When you came through the
- 12 through passageway onto the platform, where were
- 13 Charlie 2 and Charlie 12?
- 14 A. I don't recall seeing them, sir. I think I have --
- I think in my notes I have mentioned that I was aware of
- 16 other officers moving up the platform, but again I don't
- 17 know who they were.
- 18 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Specific identity doesn't matter for
- 19 the purpose of this question. There were other officers
- that you were aware of going, moving up the platform?
- 21 A. Yes, sir.
- 22 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: That movement by a number of people,
- 23 however many there were, was that causing a disturbance,
- if you like, an upheaval on the platform.
- 25 A. I wasn't aware of it, sir, no.

- 1 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Do you recollect anybody shouting
- 2 anything at that stage?
- 3 A. They may have done, sir, but I can't recall.
- 4 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: You can't say one way or the other?
- 5 A. I was so focused on --
- 6 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: The purpose of the question, which has
- 7 come from a member of the jury, is whether what was
- 8 happening on the platform at that stage was of a quality
- 9 that might have alerted anybody such as a terrorist who
- 10 was in the train?
- 11 A. Sir, it didn't alert me, I wasn't aware of it, if that
- 12 makes sense.
- 13 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: But you have said you were very focused
- 14 on --
- 15 A. I was, sir, yes.
- 16 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: It may be that you can't help very much
- 17 on that?
- 18 A. I am afraid not, sir.
- 19 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Very well, thank you.
- 20 Mr Mansfield, just to relieve your mind, my note as
- I was taking it: "Armed police, I can't say from whom,
- 22 probably C2 or C12, I can't say whether that was before
- 23 they entered or as they were forcing him down", and then
- 24 Mr Hough took him to his statement.
- 25 MR MANSFIELD: That's right.

- 1 Questions from MR MANSFIELD
- 2 MR MANSFIELD: Good morning, my name is Michael Mansfield,
- 3 I represent the family of Jean Charles de Menezes, and
- 4 I want to go back to one or two matters before we get to
- 5 the tube train for your help, because you had been, by
- 6 this stage, 14 years in the firearms unit; is that
- 7 right?
- 8 A. That's correct, sir.
- 9 Q. The first thing is the day before, that's the 21st, the
- 10 day of the attempted bombings, were you on duty?
- 11 A. I was, sir, yes.
- 12 Q. Can you just recall, were you actually on an operation
- all day or were you on standby all day or for part of
- 14 the day?
- 15 A. We came on duty the day before at 6 am. We were on
- 16 a non-terrorist related firearms operation.
- 17 Q. First of all, was this in Hackney?
- 18 A. It was, sir.
- 19 Q. Was quite a large proportion of the day spent on
- 20 standby?
- 21 A. Yes, sir.
- 22 Q. Can you recall now how much of that day?
- 23 A. I can, although at the times I couldn't be precise,
- I remember that we were on standby out actually in the
- 25 area of Hackney, and I think that the job was stood down

- 1 around or shortly after the time of the attempted
- 2 bombings.
- 3 Q. Right.
- 4 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: What, sometime in the middle of the
- 5 day?
- 6 A. It was, sir, the news filtered through to us of these
- 7 attempted atrocities and we were basically taken from
- 8 that job and removed back to our base for reassignment.
- 9 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: I think if my memory is right, the
- 10 attempts took place sometime in the middle of the day?
- 11 A. Yes, sir.
- 12 MR MANSFIELD: These were all questions in relation,
- obviously, to earlier matters, is why I am asking you
- 14 them.
- 15 You were stood down and were you effectively --
- 16 I appreciate resting in inverted commas, but resting
- 17 partly at Leman Street and then sent to a hotel?
- 18 A. No, sir, not that I -- that I recall.
- 19 Q. So what do you recall, you were kept at Leman Street?
- 20 A. I believe we were -- we were kept at Leman Street.
- 21 $\,$ Q. Right. Had anyone wanted you or your team to come on
- 22 duty before 7 am on the 22nd, that would have been
- possible, would it?
- 24 A. Yes, sir.
- 25 Q. I am going to be precise, so it would have been possible

- to have had you back by 6 am instead of 7?
- 2 A. Yes, sir.
- 3 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Are there facilities at Leman Street
- for you to simply rest if you are not going right off
- 5 duty?
- 6 A. Unfortunately not, sir.
- 7 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: I see.
- 8 A. The most is a comfy chair.
- 9 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: I think to follow up what I think
- 10 Mr Mansfield is after, do you know whether the whole
- 11 team was kept at Leman Street from coming off at Hackney
- 12 and then --
- 13 A. We would have been kept as a team, sir.
- 14 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Very well.
- 15 MR MANSFIELD: I am keeping it in chronological order
- 16 because it's easier for everyone if I do that. The next
- 17 thing I want to ask you about, and I am not going
- 18 through everything that happened, just some highlighted
- 19 features, is the briefing in the morning after you did
- 20 come on from TJ84 at Leman Street, so in relation to
- 21 that, you have mentioned that you were informed that you
- 22 might be asked or told to use unusual tactics; you
- 23 remember?
- 24 A. Yes, sir.
- 25 Q. I think you are very clear about this, that really there

- 1 was only one unusual tactic that could possibly be
- contemplated; is that right?
- 3 A. Yes, sir.
- 4 Q. And that was the delivery of critical shot?
- 5 A. Yes, sir.
- 6 Q. If it's going to be via a hand-held weapon, a Glock or
- 7 whatever, then it's at very close quarters to the base
- 8 of the brain stem, isn't it?
- 9 A. Not necessarily, sir, no.
- 10 Q. Are you trained to use the Glock from a distance to the
- 11 brain stem?
- 12 A. For a brain stem shot, the obvious advantages of getting
- 13 close, very, very close, are paramount for a brain stem
- 14 shot, sir. But for a critical shot, this could be done
- from a distance using a high velocity rifle --
- 16 Q. Yes, the preface to the question was: hand-held pistol
- or hand-held gun rather than a rifle, I appreciate you
- have it in your hand. Can I concentrate on that rather
- 19 than a rifle, which you might be using from cover at
- 20 a distance. Do you appreciate?
- 21 A. Yes, sir.
- 22 Q. Right. So I am not precluding the use of a rifle but
- 23 you didn't actually carry a rifle into the underground,
- 24 did you?
- 25 A. No, sir.

- 1 Q. We have heard C2 and C12 didn't carry a rifle into the
- 2 underground.
- 3 A. No, sir.
- 4 Q. I have asked C2 and C12 about this and forgive me for
- 5 asking you this as well, it's because of your
- 6 experience: what tactics would be involved in using
- 7 a hand-held weapon to deliver a critical shot?
- 8 A. Well, sir, if the critical shot had been authorised and
- 9 it was in the open, and I would ask for guidance about
- 10 divulging these tactics, sir?
- 11 Q. I perhaps don't need to go into it because this wasn't
- 12 authorised.
- 13 A. This wasn't, the critical shot wasn't authorised on this
- 14 occasion, sir.
- 15 Q. Then I'll leave the development of that for others,
- because I make it clear, I do want to go into it with
- somebody, but I will leave it for the moment, not with
- 18 you?
- 19 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Can I ask this: do you feel free to
- 20 tell the court what, in general terms, the tactics would
- 21 be if no critical shot had been authorised?
- 22 A. If --
- 23 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: In other words, simply conventional
- 24 arms training?
- 25 A. Then --

- 1 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: If you feel you can't or without help,
- 2 please say so and we will go into it further.
- 3 A. Well, the word "critical shot" or "incapacitating shot",
- 4 there is a fine line where you are talking brain stems
- 5 or you are talking of engaging someone in the central
- 6 body mass where there are important organs that could be
- 7 disrupted or the head has important organs as well
- 8 obviously that could be disrupted, so to incapacitate
- 9 somebody, if you weren't able to shoot directly at the
- 10 brain stem, would be to deliver as much trauma as
- 11 quickly as possible, sir.
- 12 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: To go back to Mr Mansfield's original
- 13 question, forgetting about rifles.
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: And given that you only had a Glock --
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: -- with this special ammunition.
- 18 A. Yes, sir.
- 19 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: The original question was: if you are
- going to be sure of delivering an incapacitating shot
- 21 you have to get to close quarters?
- 22 A. In these circumstances, in a public area like this,
- 23 where there is people close by, then it would be
- imperative that you would have to get close.
- 25 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Get to close quarters?

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 MR MANSFIELD: I do want to develop this because of the
- 3 evidence we have heard, and you are probably well aware
- 4 of the situation. Have you been following the evidence?
- 5 I'm not saying --
- 6 A. As best I can, sir, I can't say I have seen all of it,
- 7 but as best I can.
- 8 Q. In a non-authorised situation, the delivery of
- 9 a critical shot, as the learned Coroner has just asked
- 10 you about, at close quarters, will require you having to
- 11 get to the position of close quarters without revealing
- 12 who you are; correct?
- 13 A. Yes, sir.
- 14 Q. Right. But the problem about this is, and can I use the
- word "conventional" again, you will be only too familiar
- 16 with it, conventionally what is supposed to happen
- 17 before the delivery of an incapacitating shot is that
- 18 you are all trained to in fact reveal to the person
- 19 concerned in one way or another that you are armed
- 20 police, either by putting on a cap or by shouting that
- 21 you are armed police, and possibly an instruction,
- 22 before the shot is fired; correct?
- 23 A. That would be our conventional tactic, sir, yes.
- 24 Q. Now, what happens, then, in training -- perhaps I should
- 25 put it this way: had there been training before

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- July 2005 with regard to dealing with a potential
- 2 suicide bomber where a critical or incapacitating shot
- 3 has not been authorised?
- 4 A. My recollection, sir, is that we may have had one
- 5 session of training with these scenarios, and I can't
- 6 remember the exact details of each scenario that we
- 7 trained.
- 8 Q. All right. Because you will appreciate, if it's
- 9 a non-authorised situation and it's being left to the
- 10 discretion of the individual firearms officer, then that
- 11 individual firearms officer has to make an assessment of
- what he's facing; is that correct?
- 13 A. That is correct, sir. I just like to add these: these
- 14 were unusual circumstances, in all my service I have
- 15 never come across this situation before, and there were
- no written down tactics as exactly how we could deal
- 17 with this situation. Every firearms situation is unique
- in one particular way or another, and most of them,
- 19 however, are covered by training and tactics that we
- 20 have developed. This, however, on a tube, in London, at
- 21 that time of day, and the circumstances surrounding,
- 22 were very unique, and how each individual officer
- 23 develops his own tactics to deal with that I wouldn't be
- 24 in a position to criticise another officer for deciding
- on one course over another. That would be for them to

- decide when faced with that danger they felt they were
- 2 in.
- 3 Q. But you do appreciate from a public point of view, if
- 4 officers are going to be issued with fatal ammunition,
- 5 critical shot ammunition, hollow tip ammunition, and be
- 6 given authority to deliver it without warning, for
- 7 example, we all would need to know the circumstances or
- 8 pre-conditions that ought to exist before it's
- 9 delivered; do you follow? Leaving aside the situation
- 10 for a moment.
- 11 A. If tactics can be developed which are found to work,
- 12 then I would like to know about them, sir.
- 13 Q. I'm not suggesting this is your responsibility. Before
- 14 2005, the Metropolitan Police, as many police forces in
- the world, were alerted to the prospect of suicide
- 16 bombers, weren't they?
- 17 A. Yes, sir.
- 18 Q. They were alerted to the fact of foot-borne suicide
- 19 bombers, weren't they?
- 20 A. Yes, sir.
- 21 Q. They were also aware that other jurisdictions, the most
- 22 obvious of which is in the Middle East, in Israel and
- 23 Palestine, that other jurisdictions had had to deal with
- 24 this sort of situation, a foot-borne suicide terrorist
- in an urban area?

- 1 A. Yes, sir.
- 2 Q. Were you aware yourself, as an instructor, of how other
- 3 countries approached the problem?
- 4 A. I was, yes.
- 5 Q. Then I am --
- 6 A. Not in great detail, though. I think I know what's
- 7 coming. But I can't claim to be an expert in every
- 8 country's tactics and how they deal with these things,
- 9 sir.
- 10 Q. Don't worry, this is not a test of general knowledge of
- 11 how to deal with it. Are you able to assist to this
- 12 extent, that in Israel, I appreciate it's a different
- country and all the rest of it, but in Israel, there is
- 14 a threshold which is that before a fatal shot is fired,
- 15 the person delivering it has to be in a position to see
- the body belt or the vest or whatever?
- 17 A. I think, sir, those tactics may be at roadblocks where
- 18 they have more of a control from a containment point of
- 19 view and from cover, and from that scenario you could
- 20 dominate a suspect and give them commands that would
- 21 allow you to see any devices they might be wearing. And
- I know, and we have seen uncomfortable footage on the
- 23 news of them taking clothes off, removing items of
- 24 clothing to reveal what's underneath, and that's
- a luxury which we didn't have on the day, sir.

- 1 Q. I'm not going to develop it with you, I make it clear.
- 2 You did have a different scenario, not your fault, can
- 3 I just switch for a moment, I do not want to confuse
- 4 you, but when you were up top, as it were, approaching
- 5 Stockwell in the same car as C2, you were in a position
- at that stage to do an interception, it's just you
- 7 weren't authorised; is that right?
- 8 A. That's right, sir.
- 9 Q. Can I just go back to what preparations there had been
- 10 between 2001 and 2005 in a non-authorised situation. If
- 11 it's non-authorised and you can't do a road block in
- 12 order to see a vest or a belt, Metropolitan Police
- developed a procedure in order to, as far as humanly
- 14 possible, discover whether the person was a suicide
- 15 bomber?
- 16 A. It's very difficult call to make, as I'm sure you are
- aware, sir, the profiling is very, can I say, it's not
- 18 a science, and the technology whether it exists I don't
- 19 know but to see what someone's wearing underneath their
- 20 clothing, I $\operatorname{--}$ it certainly wasn't available to us, and
- I can only say that most SFO officers on a daily basis
- go out on the streets of London wearing covert body
- 23 armour, carrying weapons, grenades, magazines and other
- 24 equipment, and no-one -- I would hope no-one would
- 25 notice that we were concealing those under our clothing.

- 1 So it is fairly easy to conceal things under normal
- 2 clothing, and I am talking T-shirts and loose fitting
- 3 shirts.
- 4 So you can't necessarily tell by somebody, the way
- 5 someone stands or their clothing, isn't always a clue as
- 6 to whether they are concealing a device.
- 7 Q. Now, I am sorry, I was going to interrupt because
- 8 I understand all of that. The question was really
- 9 a procedure. Because it's not authorised, all right, so
- 10 we are still in the non-authorised situation, it's not
- 11 authorised because profiling may or may not help -- in
- 12 other words whether they have a particular kind of
- 13 clothing or whatever may not help, whether they are
- 14 sweating may not help -- has the Metropolitan Police in
- 15 those circumstances developed any procedure in the event
- that you can't tell?
- 17 A. All they have said is that we must make our own
- 18 judgments.
- 19 Q. That isn't quite right, is it?
- 20 A. Are you referring to the tactics of Kratos and
- 21 Clydesdale?
- 22 Q. Yes, I want to avoid those terms because what we are
- 23 dealing with, if I may put it this way, on the 22nd is
- a potential foot-borne suicide bomber; correct?
- 25 A. Yes, sir.

- 1 Q. And that prospect, although you had never had to deal
- 2 with it, had been anticipated from 2001 onwards, hadn't
- 3 it?
- 4 A. Yes, sir.
- 5 Q. Right. Now, in those circumstances, what the
- 6 Metropolitan Police had been attempting to develop was
- 7 a situation in which, like it or not, the firearms
- 8 officer -- it's unpalatable -- would have to challenge
- 9 and work out whether, through non-compliance, this
- 10 person was a suicide bomber. Now, that's what was being
- 11 contemplated, wasn't it?
- 12 A. Yes, sir.
- 13 Q. Right. The reason I have gone through this is that you
- 14 used the word, can I just switch for a moment to the
- 15 actual events on the day, and it's of course
- 16 a distressing event for absolutely everybody, and I'm
- sorry to have to take you back to it but I do have to
- ask you questions about the position you found yourself
- in with Ivor.
- 20 Can I just deal with that? You didn't know whether
- 21 he was the subject or not when you pulled him onto the
- 22 floor, did you?
- 23 A. No, sir.
- 24 Q. If he had been -- and I appreciate this is
- 25 hypothetical -- an ordinary member of the public who had

- 1 thrown himself onto de Menezes, and you pulled him off,
- 2 at the point you pulled him off you didn't say you were
- 3 armed police, did you?
- 4 A. As I said earlier, I would have liked to have thought
- 5 that I would, but I haven't recalled it.
- 6 Q. No.
- 7 A. It would have been a natural thing for me to do, falling
- 8 back on my training, and experience.
- 9 Q. Or not, because the dilemma is that if you do say that,
- and he is a bomber, you are going to go down with him;
- 11 that's the problem, isn't it?
- 12 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: That's the unpalatable aspect of it.
- 13 MR MANSFIELD: It is, that's what I am putting to him.
- 14 I'll just move forward in the sequence. You don't
- 15 record that you did say to this man, Ivor, that you were
- 16 armed police. What you have added today, it's not
- 17 a criticism, it's not in your statement, can we have 411
- on screen so the jury may be reminded of how you put it,
- it's just towards the bottom:
- 20 "I grabbed hold of the man in the baseball cap not
- 21 knowing if he was the subject."
- 22 That's the sentence. I do appreciate it all happens
- 23 very quickly in almost the blinking of an eye, and one
- 24 can't put oneself back into it, but in that very short
- 25 instant of time, if the man had been a civilian and had

- 1 resisted you, not knowing that you were a police officer
- and said "get off", would you have shot him?
- 3 A. I don't think I would have done, sir, because my threat
- 4 assessment was going, it was actually going away from
- 5 the -- although I still thought he was potentially the
- 6 subject, at that stage when I threw him on the floor it
- 7 was diminishing and I can only say that I don't think
- 8 I would have shot him at that stage --
- 9 O. I know it's difficult.
- 10 A. It's about demeanour, it's about how they react, and its
- 11 years of experience of pointing guns at people,
- 12 arresting them under serious circumstances, knowing how
- people react when they have guns pointed at them, and
- 14 Ivor did not react in the way and likewise if he was
- 15 a civilian, that would have come across as well, the
- 16 whole demeanour of the person and the feeling you get
- for these people.
- 18 Q. Yes, I appreciate, but many of those other
- 19 circumstances, you have pointed at people and you have
- 20 shouted "armed police"?
- 21 A. Yes, sir.
- 22 Q. Right. If this individual had been a civilian and
- 23 didn't know you were armed police and resisted, because
- 24 the word you used in this sequence this morning was
- 25 because he was compliant, if the individual had not been

- 1 compliant because he didn't know you were police, there
- is a strong possibility you would have shot him;
- 3 correct?
- 4 A. There is always a possibility, sir, but the situation
- 5 you are giving to me is one that I was in at the time
- 6 and that my threat assessment of him was diminishing,
- 7 and when I pulled him out of that situation, yes,
- 8 I still thought: who is this man, is he the subject?
- 9 But at that time, with my judgment of his actions and
- 10 his submissive behaviour, yes, if he had stood up and
- 11 tried to fight me, I wouldn't necessarily have had to
- 12 shoot him even then unless I thought I was in immediate
- 13 threat from him.
- 14 Q. That's why I am asking you the questions, so that we can
- assess really for the future how this may be met, if the
- 16 Metropolitan Police itself haven't yet worked out
- 17 exactly what they are going to do. Do you follow,
- that's why I am asking?
- 19 A. I do follow, yes.
- 20 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: When you grabbed him and started to
- 21 pull him out, again this is all very unpalatable as
- 22 Mr Mansfield has acknowledged, if he had been
- 23 non-compliant and tried to fight you, that would not
- 24 really be consistent with his being a suicide bomber,
- 25 because if he was a suicide bomber and you had grabbed

- 1 him and he was non-compliant, that is the last that
- either you or he would ever have known about it?
- 3 A. Absolutely, sir, yes. Yes.
- 4 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: So even if he's not non-compliant but
- 5 you are still alive, that's an indication that he is not
- a suicide bomber, isn't it?
- 7 A. That depends, sir, on ... he might still delay his
- 8 detonation for some reason unbeknown to me, I don't know
- 9 that, sir, and there is a whole load of unknowns.
- 10 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: There is a whole load of unknown
- 11 aspects?
- 12 A. Yes, sir.
- 13 MR MANSFIELD: Can I ask you one other thing about the
- 14 conventional situation where you shout "armed police",
- in fact conventionally it's followed by some sort of
- 16 instruction to assess compliance, in other words if you
- can see the weapon, "throw it down" or "put your hands
- 18 up above your head" or something like that?
- 19 A. That's a luxury sometimes we are afforded, yes.
- 20 Q. All right, I appreciate sometimes you don't have the
- 21 time, and can I just finish on this in relation to
- 22 training: the events that you are trained to deal with
- are often highly pressurised events, aren't they?
- 24 A. Yes, sir.
- 25 Q. Fast-moving events?

- 1 A. Yes, sir.
- 2 Q. Ones in which you are expected, through your training,
- 3 to take split-second decisions?
- 4 A. Yes, sir.
- 5 Q. Because you have to assess whether the person in the
- 6 street held hostage by another with a gun to his head is
- 7 going to fire or not, that sort of thing?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. Right. I am sorry to take you through all of that. Can
- 10 I just go back to the day itself, past the first
- 11 briefing. I'm going to, as it were, take you on to the
- 12 junction of Stockwell. You are in the lead vehicle, and
- you hear he's got off the bus, state red has actually
- 14 not been called and neither has amber for that matter.
- So that's where you are, all right, that's that
- 16 position?
- 17 A. Yes, sir.
- 18 Q. You have had a description of this man, it's in your
- 19 statement if you want to look it up, you have had
- 20 a description of the man. In fact just on that, for
- 21 some reason all three of you in the car thought that he
- 22 was called Omar. We are not hearing from the third
- 23 officer, it's not a complaint, we have agreed the third
- 24 officer may not be called, but he also thought it was
- 25 Omar. How did you all three think that it was Omar?

- 1 A. Well, sir, it was a simple mistake and I -- I don't know
- 2 if it was made, if it was -- it sounds like it was
- 3 unlikely to be a coincidence, but the fact is that he
- 4 was mostly referred to under a codename during the
- 5 follow.
- 6 Q. What, Nettle Tip?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 O. I see.
- 9 A. And these statements were made within a day of the
- 10 incident, and the names probably better known now, at
- 11 the time there was just some confusion in my mind as to
- 12 which one was which, and I think I have put the wrong
- one down and I don't know where that name -- how I got
- 14 that. I knew at the time that the subject that was
- being followed was the lighter skinned -- and I know now
- 16 that Osman was the lighter skinned gentleman.
- 17 Q. You can see in the jury bundle, if you want, it's
- 18 tab 37, I don't think you have it there, but it can come
- up on screen, tab 37. What I want to ask you is, it
- 20 really would be better, wouldn't it, better practice,
- 21 for members of a firearms team to actually have with
- 22 them, if they are going to deliver a critical shot, as
- 23 much detail as is possible of the person to whom or
- against whom this may be delivered. So the photograph,
- for what its worth, plus the details with the name

- Osman, it would be better to have at least one copy of
- it in your firearms car, wouldn't it?
- 3 A. It would make sense, sir.
- 4 Q. Right. I am going to just ask you this: you had
- 5 a description, you are in your car, did you actively
- look to see whether you could see a man of that
- 7 description going across the junction towards the
- 8 station in front of you?
- 9 A. Sir, if I could see him, he could see us, and that's the
- 10 premise that we would work on, on surveillance. That we
- 11 are still at state green, I wouldn't have wanted to put
- my vehicle in a position where he could see us. So
- 13 although to have eyes on the subject would be
- 14 an advantage, not at the cost of compromising the
- 15 surveillance. So the answer is no, sir.
- 16 Q. All right. Because these are questions, as you may
- 17 anticipate, I have already asked C2, who was in your
- 18 car.
- Now, I want to take you, and I'll do it as
- 20 succinctly as possible, back to the carriage. Could we
- 21 have tab 35 up in front of you, please. Again, the
- 22 caveat is, it all happens very quickly, but then you are
- used to fast-moving situations, aren't you?
- 24 A. Yes, sir.
- 25 Q. And you are used to acting as a team in a fast-moving

- 1 situation?
- 2 A. Yes, sir.
- 3 Q. So that you are used to being able to, as it were,
- 4 relate to other members of the team, because the one
- 5 thing you don't want to do is cross the path of anyone
- 6 else who might be about to do something rather
- 7 important. That's pretty basic, isn't it?
- 8 A. Yes, sir.
- 9 Q. Bearing all that in mind, you, as you are going through
- 10 the carriage, have gone from the left-hand side as we
- 11 look at the screen, small door, you come to the first
- 12 main standing area, along the aisle and then the first
- 13 main standing area, and then you approach the second one
- 14 through the second aisle where Merrill and Preston are,
- 15 all right?
- 16 A. Yes, sir.
- 17 Q. From what you have said today, you are about at the
- 18 Merrill/Preston stage, is this fair, when you pick up
- on, and I'm going to call him Ivor because we now know
- 20 who it is, but you pick up on Ivor standing with his
- 21 back to the glass panel; is that right?
- 22 A. Yes, sir.
- 23 Q. I appreciate everything you have said about being on the
- 24 platform and seeing other police officers on the
- 25 platform. Up to this point, and it's in your statement

- 1 as well if you wish to see it, 411, you don't on the
- 2 following day record that you hear anyone shouting
- 3 "armed police" before you are at that point, that is
- 4 where you are between Merrill and Preston and seeing
- 5 Ivor?
- 6 A. Sir, when I wrote this, I wasn't -- I didn't know the
- 7 importance that, when those shouts were made, I didn't
- 8 know it was going to feature in such a way as it has,
- 9 and I have written the shouts of "armed police" because
- 10 I heard shouts of "armed police", and now I can't say
- 11 when exactly they were shouted but they were shouted.
- 12 Q. Yes, well, I want to suggest that in fact your statement
- is accurate, you see, the following day, and when you
- 14 made it, the point was made yesterday, when you made
- 15 this the following day, you knew that the person who had
- been shot was not a terrorist?
- 17 A. I remember very clearly, sir, being told just before we
- 18 wrote these notes and --
- 19 Q. So therefore you did know, and all of you knew, there
- 20 were bound to be questions going to be asked by
- 21 somebody, if not a court, in due course about as much of
- 22 the detail as you could remember as possible; is that
- 23 fair?
- 24 A. I remember feeling very, very sad, and there was a black
- 25 cloud hanging over the team when this news was broken to

- 1 us, and I don't think there was anyone callous enough to
- 2 think that they were going to try to write themselves
- 3 out of trouble. We had done what we had done, with
- 4 every good intent to the public based on our training,
- 5 based on years of experience. We only had to tell the
- 6 truth, sir. There was no-one in that room rowing for
- 7 shore, trying to avoid what we had done, those terrible
- 8 decisions and that tragedy that followed it.
- 9 Q. That may be for others to judge what other members of
- 10 your team were doing when they wrote their statements;
- I am asking about you and your statement. The question
- 12 was that, when you came to write your statement, you did
- 13 realise then there were bound to be questions to be
- 14 asked later about what had happened, at least as far as
- you were concerned; you knew that, didn't you?
- 16 A. Sir, it always follows, we are aware of that, but as
- 17 I said just now ...
- 18 Q. One of the most important aspects --
- 19 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Hang on. What do you want to say?
- 20 A. I was just saying, sir, that all of us felt terrible at
- 21 what had happened, and I can't emphasise that enough,
- 22 and it's already been said. The notes we wrote were our
- 23 recollection of events as best we could write them at
- the time.
- 25 MR MANSFIELD: That's the point I want to make to you. The

- 1 best you could at the time, knowing that aspects of this
- 2 in police procedure terms were extremely important, for
- 3 example was the victim ever warned, that would be
- 4 something you would be trawling your memory for,
- 5 wouldn't it?
- 6 A. I don't remember thinking along those lines, sir, no.
- 7 I wrote my statement and I don't remember thinking that
- 8 question was in my mind.
- 9 Q. All right. Because I put to you already, the position
- 10 of seeing Ivor, we have established you were at the end
- 11 of the aisle leading into the second standing area, and
- 12 I'm going to put it to you clearly: there may have been
- other people standing, I appreciate they are not
- illustrated in the diagram, but if, when you see Ivor
- and you it's happening very quickly but you haven't
- 16 quite picked up yet on the two officers, if one of those
- 17 two officers right in front of you had produced his
- 18 weapon up to shoulder height in front of the face of the
- 19 man who was trying to get up, and shouted "armed
- 20 police", you would have either heard a bit or seen a bit
- of that, wouldn't you?
- 22 A. I understand what you are saying, sir, but that
- 23 movement, whether there was movement around Ivor that
- drew my attention to him in the first place I can't
- 25 recall, but for some reason I have picked Ivor out and

- 1 had a very, very split second look at him before all
- 2 this cacophony of movement and noise happened in front
- 3 of me in a very short space of time as I have mentioned.
- 4 Q. Yes. I accept at once that if somebody comes rushing
- 5 through that door bearing a gun, people will have very
- 6 different versions of, you know, which direction he ran
- 7 and all the rest of it. One appreciates you to have
- 8 different takes. But this is in your direct field of
- 9 focused vision; in other words not you are wandering
- 10 along not expecting anything, you are actually looking
- 11 for somebody, you see that somebody, but there is nobody
- in front of him raising a pistol towards in fact the
- 13 target?
- 14 A. That movement may well have happened before my attention
- 15 was drawn to Ivor.
- 16 Q. Don't try and explain what may have happened before.
- 17 You did not see that, did you?
- 18 A. You are trying to put a turn of events to me, sir, and
- 19 I can only say what I believe I -- or what I saw. That
- 20 was that my whole focus was on Ivor at that time.
- 21 Q. I'm not trying to put a turn of events, I am repeating
- 22 evidence that C12 indicated that that's what he did,
- 23 shouted "armed police", raised it up and because it's
- 24 all happening very fast, suddenly, I am not going to
- 25 separate it all out, Ivor, according to him, then pushes

- 1 back Jean Charles de Menezes. Do you follow? So I am
- 2 putting what he says --
- 3 A. I follow, sir. Again, looking at things in cold lights
- of day, years after the event, we, although we work as
- 5 a team, we are used to working as a team, on that day at
- 6 that time we were all in our own little worlds making
- 7 life and death decisions based on what we could see and
- 8 what we knew.
- 9 Q. Sorry, we might do that; trained firearms police
- 10 officers are trained not to operate in their own little
- 11 worlds, aren't they?
- 12 A. We are trained in many, many ways, sir, but not -- you
- can't take away what becomes instinct or natural for you
- 14 to feel on these occasions. You can't train it out of
- 15 people.
- 16 Q. No, I do appreciate that, and I am not suggesting that.
- 17 At the end of the day there will be, obviously one
- hopes, a humanity underneath everything, but the
- 19 training that you receive is in order to, as it were,
- 20 marginalise as far as possible the risk that a firearms
- 21 officer will be influenced by the things that might be
- 22 panic, might be fear, might be overemotion,
- 23 overreaction, tunnel vision, all of those factors,
- I have put them all together, but you appreciate what
- I am putting to you?

- 1 A. Yes, sir.
- 2 Q. And the training is geared to, as it were, reducing the
- 3 prejudicial effect of those factors, isn't it?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. Then just go back to your statement for a moment. It's
- 6 page 411. As the statement is written, the shouts of
- 7 "armed police" accompany or are in the same sentence as
- 8 forcing both men onto the seat, "I heard shouts of
- 9 'armed police'", that's how you have expressed it, isn't
- 10 it?
- 11 A. I know, sir, but my statement is fragmented, and I --
- I have tried to recall it as best I can, and in the
- order. But I have compartmentalised it in stages and
- 14 I think that can well be one of them.
- 15 Q. One does realise the difficulty, and one tries to be as
- 16 understanding as possible of the situation and of trying
- 17 to record it. But if you have a problem when writing
- 18 the statement that actually you can't say when you heard
- 19 the shouts or whatever, then you either don't put it in
- or you put it in saying "I did at some point hear shouts
- of 'armed police' but I have no idea when it was
- 22 shouted". That's the way to deal with it, isn't it?
- 23 A. Yes, sir, and in hindsight I wish I had written that.
- 24 Q. You may do now but of course you now appreciate, you are
- 25 saying now, but not then, it does have some

- 1 significance, doesn't it?
- 2 A. I understand, sir, yes.
- 3 Q. What I am suggesting to you is it must have had some
- 4 significance when you wrote the statement as well?
- 5 A. I can only draw your attention back to my last answer
- 6 with that, sir.
- 7 Q. One other question: after dealing with Ivor and so on,
- 8 did you speak to Terry? Do you know Terry?
- 9 A. I believe so. Yes, I --
- 10 Q. We only know him by that name.
- 11 A. I am having trouble with all the codenames.
- 12 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: He is another member of the team.
- 13 MR MANSFIELD: He is the leader of the green team. Although
- 14 you are joined together, it's a different branch,
- 15 perhaps.
- Sorry, did you speak to him?
- 17 A. No, sir.
- 18 Q. The reason I'm asking is because of, well, I'll ask you
- 19 about it so we can be clear. Did you ever say to
- 20 anybody something about leaning up against a pole and he
- 21 was trying to escape?
- 22 A. No, sir, no.
- 23 MR MANSFIELD: Thank you very much.
- 24 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: That might be a convenient point to
- 25 break off. Before we do, go back to Ivor, if you will.

- 1 A. Yes, sir.
- 2 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: It's a preliminary question before the
- 3 one I am being asked to ask you. His movement, as
- I understand it, was what you describe as the lurch in
- 5 your statement, from where he had been with his back to
- the glass panel towards where you subsequently knew
- 7 Mr de Menezes was sitting.
- 8 So from the direction you were coming, presumably he
- 9 would have had more or less his back to you?
- 10 A. Going from front on to sideways to being obscured by
- 11 people, yes.
- 12 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Going away from you.
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Towards where Mr de Menezes was
- 15 sitting.
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: What you have described today is that
- then C2 and C12 moved across the carriage and all three
- of them forced Mr de Menezes back into his seat?
- 20 A. Yes, sir.
- 21 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: We then have some shots.
- 22 A. Yes, sir.
- 23 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: And you grab Ivor.
- 24 A. Yes, sir.
- 25 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: How did you do it?

- 1 A. I believe I took hold of him with my left arm.
- 2 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Which bit of him?
- 3 A. I think it was either his arm, his clothing, any bit
- 4 I could grab that was available, sir.
- 5 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: One-handed?
- 6 A. One-handed, yes.
- 7 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: You did actually say a little time ago,
- 8 it may not have been considered, you grabbed him by the
- 9 scruff of the neck.
- 10 A. That was when I helped him off the train, sir.
- 11 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: All right. You pulled him, what did
- you do, pull him back from this point?
- 13 A. I, yes, I pulled as hard as I could.
- 14 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Towards you?
- 15 A. I had my pistol in my right hand.
- 16 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: And you grabbed him with your left?
- 17 A. Yes, sir.
- 18 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Have you any recollection as to where
- 19 his arms and hands were at that stage?
- 20 A. At that time, I felt that he actually didn't want to be
- 21 there either, and came away fairly easily from the
- 22 scrum.
- 23 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Yes. So that when you were trying to
- 24 assess in all this upheaval --
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: -- whether or not he was being
- 2 compliant with you, did where his arms and hands were
- 3 have anything to do with that assessment? Did it
- 4 feature?
- 5 A. I wanted to see his hands, and his hands, and as I say,
- 6 the diminishing threat factor for me was that he was
- 7 submissive, compliant, pretty shaken up.
- 8 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: You said a moment ago to me, just now,
- 9 "he came away easily"?
- 10 A. Well, I feel that he did, yes.
- 11 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: That's what you felt.
- 12 A. Yes, he wasn't resisting.
- 13 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Was that an element in your assessment
- of compliance or non-compliance?
- 15 A. Yes, yes.
- 16 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: I think that answers the question.
- 17 Thank you very much.
- 18 MR MANSFIELD: Sir, I wonder, I am very sorry, it's one
- 19 question.
- 20 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: By all means.
- 21 MR MANSFIELD: I am very sorry, one thing I did mean to ask
- 22 you.
- 23 This is to do with Jean Charles de Menezes, only you
- 24 didn't know him obviously as that name. When Ivor
- 25 lurched, I am using your phraseology, towards him, the

- 1 way you have it in the statement is that the person
- 2 concerned, the other male, was either standing or
- 3 attempting to stand; that's how you have got it, isn't
- 4 it?
- 5 A. Yes, sir.
- 6 Q. So would it be fair to say he's not very far from the
- 7 seat in which he has been sitting, at that point?
- 8 A. I think I answered this earlier. I didn't have and
- 9 I can't claim to have had unobstructed view of
- 10 Mr de Menezes, and also he was in my peripheral vision
- 11 which I have detected movement from, not a clear view of
- 12 him, and that movement I have, in the following day,
- when I have tried to explain that movement, I have
- 14 attributed to him standing or getting up. I haven't
- 15 enlarged on that in my statement, but I can't claim that
- 16 that is the extent of his movement.
- 17 Q. No, all right. The corollary to that is this: when you
- looked back, and you are one of the first there because
- 19 you are right there in the doorway?
- 20 A. Yes, sir.
- 21 Q. He, that is the man who had been either standing or
- 22 attempting to stand or get up, was actually slumped
- 23 across the seats?
- 24 A. That's -- I have recorded it as that. I have got --
- 25 yes.

- 1 Q. So he wasn't on the floor, and it was you, with others,
- who put him onto the floor into a recovery position?
- 3 A. Yes, sir, that's correct.
- 4 MR MANSFIELD: Thank you. I am sorry about that.
- 5 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: That's all right. That would be
- a convenient moment. Shall we say 25 to, ladies and
- 7 gentlemen.
- 8 (11.25 am)
- 9 (A short break)
- 10 (11.45 am)
- 11 (In the presence of the jury)
- 12 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Before you start, Mr Gibbs.
- I think you are the first witness who's told us
- 14 where your team, the black team, spent the previous day.
- 15 I would like to be sure I have it clear. You had been
- on an operation on the morning of the 21st?
- 17 A. Yes, sir.
- 18 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: You were pulled back to London because
- of the news that was coming through --
- 20 A. Yes, sir.
- 21 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: -- that afternoon. Where did you go?
- 22 A. We went to Leman Street.
- 23 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Leman Street, and do I have this right,
- 24 did you spend the night of the 21st in Leman Street?
- 25 A. No, sir.

- 1 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Ah. Where were you?
- 2 A. I think about 9 pm we were released to come back at 7 am
- 3 the following day. We --
- 4 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Well, when you say released, do you
- 5 mean to go home?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: So that you all scattered.
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: At 9 o'clock the previous night and off
- 10 you went. Well, now, in that case I need your help to
- 11 explain an answer to you gave to Mr Mansfield when he
- 12 said you could have come on at 6 the following morning.
- 13 A. Yes, sir, we could.
- 14 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: How?
- 15 A. We could have been contacted, paged or phoned. It
- 16 happens all the time, sir.
- 17 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Of course you are, you all have
- 18 telephones, but you are all given pagers.
- 19 A. Yes, sir, we all have pagers.
- 20 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: So there is no practical problem in
- 21 calling you in an hour early other or even I suppose two
- 22 hours earlier. It happens all the time?
- 23 A. No, sir. It happens many times, yes.
- 24 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Because even though you are off duty in
- 25 the sense that you have been released, are you still on

- 1 all?
- 2 A. Yes, we are, sir.
- 3 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: I mean presumably you have periods when
- 4 you are not on call and you don't have to worry about
- 5 it.
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Certainly on the night of the 21st/22nd
- 8 you were on call or available to be called.
- 9 A. Yes, sir.
- 10 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Even though you were not actually at
- 11 Leman Street.
- 12 A. Yes, sir.
- 13 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Thank you.
- 14 Yes, Mr Gibbs.
- 15 Questions from MR GIBBS
- 16 MR GIBBS: I represent Ivor, amongst others. Your robust
- 17 treatment of Ivor: in a split second, am I right?
- 18 A. Yes, sir.
- 19 Q. Knowing only what you knew, am I right?
- 20 A. Yes, sir.
- 21 Q. Seeing only what you could see?
- 22 A. Yes, sir.
- 23 Q. And having to make a life or death decision?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. You did, may I say on behalf of Ivor, exactly the right

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- 1 thing.
- 2 A. Thank you, sir.
- 3 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Thank you, Mr Gibbs. Mr Stern?
- 4 MR STERN: No questions, thank you, sir.
- 5 Questions from MR PENNY
- 6 MR PENNY: Charlie 5, I am going to ask you some questions
- 7 on behalf of Commander Dick and DCI Purser and some
- 8 others. Could we look first, please, at page 410 of
- 9 your statement.
- Just a couple of minor matters, Charlie 5, to do
- 11 with timing I want to deal with. If we look, please,
- 12 about eight or nine lines up from the bottom of the
- page, do you see the words "I became aware"?
- 14 A. Yes, sir.
- 15 Q. Just read it please:
- "I became aware that surveillance officers had
- followed a subject from 21 Scotia Road and he was a good
- 18 likeness for the subject called Omar. He was described
- 19 as wearing a blue denim jacket, blue jeans, he was a
- 20 light skinned North African 5 foot 10 tall of stocky
- 21 build with stubble."
- 22 I just want to deal with this first of all: the
- 23 first description which you recollect hearing was that
- the man in question was 5 foot 10 tall?
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. That's why you recorded it in your witness statement the
- 2 way you did the following day?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Forgive me, Mr Penny, the Omar is
- 5 a mistake.
- 6 MR PENNY: Quite so, and forgive me not having reiterated
- 7 that, you pointed that out to us all yesterday and
- 8 I think Mr Mansfield has asked you about that this
- 9 morning.
- 10 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: That is right.
- 11 MR PENNY: I think in response to a question that you were
- 12 asked by counsel to the Coroner, you indicated that you
- 13 now can't remember whether or not he was on the bus by
- 14 the time that you first heard about him.
- 15 A. No, sir, I can't.
- 16 Q. So it may well be the case that he was already on the
- 17 bus by the time that you first heard that?
- 18 A. That's possible.
- 19 Q. Now, if we follow on in this statement, what you wrote
- 20 was he was followed on to a number 2 bound for
- 21 Marble Arch and then you gave the index. Then the next
- 22 sentence:
- 23 "TJ84 gave instructions to get behind the bus. By
- 24 this time it was at the bottom of Tulse Hill nearing
- 25 Brixton High Street."

- 1 Now, of course, at this time you were at the
- 2 TA Centre; is that right?
- 3 A. That's right, yes, sir.
- 4 Q. You therefore, were not at the bottom of Tulse Hill near
- 5 Brixton High Street?
- 6 A. No.
- 7 Q. And you were getting that information from someone else?
- 8 A. Yes, sir.
- 9 Q. Most likely a surveillance officer over the Cougar?
- 10 A. That is possible, yes.
- 11 Q. Or from perhaps some other source of information. But
- 12 it's unlikely to have been over the back-to-back because
- 13 there would not have been a firearms officer in that
- 14 vicinity at that time?
- 15 A. That's entirely possible, sir, yes.
- 16 Q. So that information was coming from someone else and it
- was either a direct or conceivably it could have been
- 18 relayed information about his whereabouts?
- 19 A. Yes, sir.
- 20 Q. When you made the statement the following day,
- 21 Charlie 5, you were doing your best, were you not, to
- 22 put down on paper your recollection of a sequence of
- what were undoubtedly highly traumatic events?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. I imagine that it was in fact the events on the tube

- 1 carriage which were to the forefront of your mind?
- 2 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 3 Q. Of course, like others, you did not have to hand or have
- 4 access to independent evidence such as closed-circuit
- 5 television photographs or timings of telephone calls to
- 6 help you as to the correct sequence of the time that
- 7 things actually happened?
- 8 A. That's absolutely correct, sir, yes.
- 9 Q. Or the time that pieces of information came to you, and
- 10 I imagine that you would accept that they are likely to
- 11 be, are they not, more reliable indicators of when
- 12 things happened and your whereabouts at the time?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. I want to look with you, please, in that regard just at
- a couple of pieces of evidence that we have access to
- 16 now three years later which can assist us, perhaps, with
- 17 this particular issue. Can we look at divider 11 in the
- jury bundle, page 23A, which is the first of the maps
- 19 that we have. The red line marks the route of the bus,
- 20 all right? If you look towards the bottom, I don't know
- 21 if you can make out the red line that runs along
- 22 Upper Tulse Hill but we can see --
- 23 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: That's not the bus, that's
- 24 Mr de Menezes' path. It is the thick red line down
- Tulse Hill that is the bus.

- 1 MR PENNY: Forgive me you are absolutely right.
- 2 I think for the purposes of what I am going to ask
- 3 you about, Charlie 5, it's an identical issue.
- 4 Can you see the TA Centre on the map?
- 5 A. I can, sir, yes.
- 6 Q. At the junction of Tulse Hill and Upper Tulse Hill, we
- 7 know if we go slightly north in Tulse Hill, slightly
- 8 down the hill, so to speak, we come to the bus stop
- $\,$ 9 $\,$ where Mr de Menezes boarded the number 2. At the top of
- 10 the page where Tulse Hill becomes Effra Road, I have now
- 11 gone down all the way down the hill and gone north on
- 12 the map, can you see the junction of a road called
- 13 Brixton Water Lane?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. Are you familiar with this area, Charlie 5?
- 16 A. Roughly, yes.
- 17 Q. So what we are talking about here is the distance of
- going down Tulse Hill, so to speak?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. Can we look now, please, at a piece of closed-circuit
- 21 television footage, it's a photograph we have looked at
- 22 already with another witness, from the junction of
- 23 Tulse Hill, junction of Effra Road and Brixton Water
- Lane, it's exhibit page 1501.
- Now, the three vehicles which are ringed are Trojan

- 1 vehicles, those are the vehicles that you and the team
- 2 were in that day?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Is that the Mercedes at the front?
- 5 MR PENNY: Yes, that's exactly what I was about to ask.
- 6 A. It does look like the vehicle I was in.
- 7 Q. That's 9.58.22, at least according to this camera.
- 8 It follows, does it not, that the Mercedes has
- 9 effectively come out of the TA Centre, you have turned
- 10 right and you have driven down Tulse Hill at this stage?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. We can imagine that bearing in mind the instruction you
- had received from Trojan 84 to get behind the bus you
- were making as good time as you could?
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. Probably with the blues and twos on?
- 17 A. Certainly we used them at some stage. I can't recall
- 18 for how long.
- 19 Q. There is closed-circuit television footage of
- 20 Mr de Menezes boarding the number 2, travelling down
- 21 Tulse Hill, and reaching this junction, and indeed the
- 22 bus appears on the CCTV?
- 23 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Do you mean on this one?
- 24 MR PENNY: Not on this one. I am going to put a suggestion
- 25 rather than taking up time by playing it.

- 1 The suggestion's already been made, Charlie 5, that
- 2 journey namely the boarding of the bus and travelling
- down to this junction took 3 minutes and 32 seconds so
- 4 we can assume, can we, that you and your Mercedes
- 5 probably did it a little more quickly than 3 minutes and
- 6 32 seconds?
- 7 A. Yes, sir.
- 8 Q. That takes the Mercedes back up Tulse Hill and into the
- 9 vicinity of the TA Centre, I don't know, sometime
- 10 shortly after 9.55 or around 9.55 when you took off, all
- 11 right?
- 12 A. (Witness nods)
- 13 Q. Equally, if we go forward, please, and have a look at
- 14 the telephone schedule, now, this doesn't directly
- 15 affect you, Charlie 5, but I just want to remind the
- jury of this piece of evidence. Can we look at the
- entry for 9.59.36. If you would just let Mr Esposito be
- 18 yellow, as it were, drag that down, thank you. Can you
- see there at 9.59.36, Trojan 84 made a call to
- 20 Chief Inspector Esposito at 9.59.36 and he has told the
- jury, Charlie 5, that at the time that he made that
- 22 carry he was in the vicinity of Brixton Town Hall or
- 23 Lambeth Town Hall which is on the junction of
- 24 Brixton Road and Acre Lane, effectively opposite the
- 25 Ritzy cinema at the top of Brixton Road.

- 1 If we could look finally at a closed-circuit
- 2 television still from Brixton Road showing the Mercedes,
- 3 which I know we have available, this isn't one we have
- 4 looked at before and this is in fact a camera from the
- 5 other side of Brixton Road so we are on the same side of
- 6 the road as Brixton tube station, and you can see the
- 7 bridge there just beyond Brixton tube station.
- 8 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Looking north.
- 9 MR PENNY: Yes, we are looking north across the road, there
- 10 is the Mercedes, the vehicle you were in, in fact more
- 11 or less alongside the bus stop that Mr de Menezes had
- 12 got off the bus and reboarded the bus, outside Morleys
- department store on Brixton Road.
- We can see the time there is 9.59.42, and we know
- 15 that Trojan 84 who was behind you in the control car
- says that he was making the call to
- 17 Chief Inspector Esposito at 9.59.36. So there or
- 18 thereabouts, at that stage, is the location of the armed
- 19 response vehicles.
- 20 So over the piece, it looks like you made that
- journey from the TA Centre in something like four
- 22 minutes?
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 Q. Something like that. The remainder of the journey you
- 25 made as we know of course was to get up Brixton Road,

- turn left into the Stockwell Road and get up to
- 2 Stockwell Underground station.
- 3 So I just want to come back therefore to a couple of
- 4 the pieces of evidence that you gave yesterday and ask
- 5 you to consider them.
- 6 The first is that at the time that you set off,
- 7 namely at the time that Trojan 84 told you to get behind
- 8 the bus, you recorded in your witness statement the
- 9 suggestion that the bus was at the bottom of Tulse Hill
- 10 near Brixton High Street. As I have said, you were
- 11 getting that information from somebody else. I think
- 12 you told us yesterday that the information that
- 13 Mr de Menezes had got on and off the bus at Brixton, you
- 14 recall hearing?
- 15 A. Again, I have not written in my notes and --
- 16 Q. That's what I was going to ask you about. Do you think
- you may not have heard it at all?
- 18 A. Well, I didn't like to write things in my notes that
- 19 I hadn't heard or I couldn't specifically remember the
- source where they came from, and it could well have been
- 21 that they were relayed to me either by someone in my car
- or one of the radio systems, but I can't say.
- 23 Q. You don't have a recollection now at any rate?
- 24 A. I have an vague recollection of what was mentioned but
- I can't specifically say what source it came from.

- 1 Q. All right, the reason I am asking about it is you told
- 2 the jury yesterday you think it was after -- you heard
- 3 that after you had been told to get behind surveillance
- 4 and I'm going to suggest to you that the getting on and
- off the bus at Brixton took place a good few moments,
- a good few minutes in fact, after you were told to
- 7 deploy from the TA Centre. Do you think that might be
- 8 right?
- 9 A. I can see that. That's perfectly acceptable, my
- 10 mistake.
- 11 Q. In fact you have told us already that you were aware
- 12 that there was an SO13 arrest team at the briefing at
- Nightingale Lane back at 8.45 and 9.15?
- 14 A. I was aware of them, yes.
- 15 MR PENNY: The jury know about the timings as to when they
- 16 were deployed and invited, as it were, to stand back
- from the bus, and we have the timings for that.
- 18 Thank you very much indeed.
- 19 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Thank you.
- 20 MR HORWELL: No, thank you.
- 21 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Thank you very much. Ms Leek.
- 22 Questions from MS LEEK
- 23 MS LEEK: Just a few matters, Charlie 5. You, along with
- a number of officers, took hollow point ammunition?
- 25 A. Yes, we did.

- 1 Q. I think you were told that you had been authorised to
- take it, but I don't think anybody was actually ever
- 3 instructed to take it; is that right?
- 4 A. That's correct, yes.
- 5 Q. So far as you are aware, is it right that nobody refused
- 6 to take hollow point ammunition?
- 7 A. As far as I'm aware, yes.
- 8 Q. But various officers chose not to take it?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. Is the situation with hollow grain ammunition that it
- 11 can be used in exactly the same way as ordinary 9mm
- 12 rounds?
- 13 A. It can, yes, you are quite correct.
- 14 Q. We have heard about what the differences are. It is
- 15 more likely to cause immediate incapacitation if used to
- 16 the brain stem?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. And it is less likely to do collateral damage to other
- 19 people around because it doesn't go straight through the
- 20 target?
- 21 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 22 Q. But in all other respects, it works in exactly the same
- way as ordinary 9mm rounds?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. I just want to ask you about threat assessment because

- 1 you have been asked a lot about that. It's been
- 2 suggested or it appears to have been suggested that
- 3 threat assessment is some sort of exact science. Now,
- 4 that simply does not reflect operational reality, does
- 5 it?
- 6 A. No. No, you are quite right.
- 7 Q. As far as training for threat assessment is concerned,
- 8 it is simply impossible to anticipate every single kind
- 9 of threat that may be faced?
- 10 A. That's correct.
- 11 Q. But what you do do in training is undergo regular
- 12 simulation exercises in order that you can assess how
- you react in certain situations?
- 14 A. Yes, we do.
- 15 Q. You were assessed on your reactions in those situations
- in a simulated environment?
- 17 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 18 Q. Instructors assess the performance of individual
- 19 officers?
- 20 A. Yes, they do.
- 21 Q. If at any stage instructors feel that a trainee is
- 22 overly hasty in the use of their weapon, they can pull
- them off the course, can't they?
- 24 A. Yes, they could.
- 25 Q. They can remove their licence to use a firearm?

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. And that is in fact regularly done during training, that
- 3 is why so many people fail these courses?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. And the only people who get through these courses are
- 6 those who demonstrate a level of restraint which is
- 7 appropriate to being given a licence to use a firearm?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. What in fact happens in real life in operational
- 10 situations is completely different from what happens in
- 11 a training situation?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. You can't train somebody not to be human, can you?
- 14 A. No, you can't train that out from them.
- 15 Q. However much you try?
- 16 A. No.
- 17 Q. It's simply not possible?
- 18 A. That's right.
- 19 Q. Because the adrenaline and the fear and the nerves that
- 20 operate on your mind in an operational situation simply
- 21 are not there in a training scenario?
- 22 A. That's correct, it's very difficult to simulate real
- 23 life in training environments. We do our best but it's
- 24 not always practical or possible to develop that.
- 25 Q. Absolutely. Is a good example of that the fact that

- 1 SFOs are trained to 90 per cent accuracy?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. In a training situation?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. For shooting?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. And they have to achieve 90 per cent accuracy in order
- 8 to maintain their status as SFOs?
- 9 A. Yes, they do, in all weapons.
- 10 Q. But the research has shown that in operational
- 11 situations, the accuracy falls very, very far below what
- 12 happens in a training situation?
- 13 A. That's correct, and that is why there is a high standard
- 14 in training which you can't judge how accurate someone
- 15 would be when faced with situations that obviously play
- on all parts of your consciousness.
- 17 Q. Absolutely.
- 18 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: To put it in crude terms, an officer
- may get wound up and his accuracy will fall off?
- 20 A. I wouldn't like to use the word "wound up", sir. But
- 21 yes, I understand. It's very difficult to simulate
- 22 movement when you are firing at a static target on
- 23 a range --
- 24 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: I will withdraw "wound up". Tense?
- 25 A. When you are moving and the subject is moving, the

- 1 accuracy percentage would diminish.
- 2 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: That's movement.
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Also, of course, the officer is under
- 5 pressure, he will be tense.
- 6 A. Yes, sir.
- 7 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: And his accuracy will be diminished as
- 8 a result?
- 9 A. Yes, sir, that's absolutely right.
- 10 MS LEEK: As far as threat assessment is concerned, is it
- 11 fair to say that you simply can't say that there is
- 12 there is a right answer in any given scenario?
- 13 A. That's correct.
- 14 Q. Is that why it is left up to the individual officer to
- 15 decide whether or not they give an oral warning in any
- 16 particular scenario?
- 17 A. Yes, that's absolutely correct.
- 18 Q. In fact, the firearms manual specifically deals with
- 19 that situation, does it not?
- 20 A. Yes, it does.
- 21 Q. If we can have a look at documents page 290, towards the
- 22 bottom of the page there is a section on oral warning,
- 23 it's chapter 5 of the manual which deals with the use of
- firearms. Paragraph 4.1 says this:
- 25 "AFOs shall identify themselves as such and shall

- give a clear warning of their intent to use firearms,
- 2 with sufficient time for the warnings to be observed,
- 3 unless to do so would unduly place any person at a risk
- 4 of death or serious harm, or it would be clearly
- 5 inappropriate or pointless in the circumstances of the
- 6 incident."
- 7 Is it incredibly difficult in the heat of the moment
- 8 to decide whether an oral warning is in fact the right
- 9 thing to do?
- 10 A. It is, yes.
- 11 Q. Again, is there no right answer?
- 12 A. There is no right answer, one officer may consider one
- 13 thing and one another at the time based on what they see
- 14 and what they feel.
- 15 MS LEEK: Thank you.
- 16 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Thank you, Ms Leek.
- 17 Questions from THE CORONER
- 18 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: You have been a firearms officer for
- 19 15 years?
- 20 A. A bit longer now, sir, yes.
- 21 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: True, 15 years at the time we are
- talking about, 18 years now, and as you have told us,
- your training is refreshed regularly.
- 24 A. Yes, sir.
- 25 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: We have heard I think six weekly

- 1 intervals.
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: In recent years, as I understand what
- 4 you have told Mr Mansfield, your training has been
- 5 concerned, among other things, but probably focusing
- 6 quite a lot on the risks presented by suicide bombers?
- 7 A. It has been a lot of -- yeah.
- 8 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: You told Mr Mansfield that you have
- 9 heard in the course either of your training or just as
- 10 your general experience of the kind of experiences that
- 11 countries overseas, particularly in the Middle East,
- 12 have had.
- Now, on this particular day, as I understand it,
- 14 when you were deploying into Stockwell station, you were
- going into relatively confined space; yes?
- 16 A. Yes, sir.
- 17 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Am I right in thinking that in those
- 18 circumstances rifles would never be appropriate?
- 19 A. Well, again, I can't comment on other officers'
- 20 decisions on what weapons they take and --
- 21 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Take your own standard?
- 22 A. There are longer -- along a platform, along an empty
- 23 platform or a tunnel, down an escalator, there may be
- some form of standoff where it could be used.
- 25 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: That would be qualified a bit further.

- 1 But in this particular case it was the
- 2 London Underground at 9.30 am or 10 o'clock in the
- 3 morning.
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Rifles are unlikely to be appropriate,
- 6 right?
- 7 A. Again yes.
- 8 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: In fact, none of you took them, you all
- 9 took your Glocks?
- 10 A. I understand there were certain long arms taken down on
- 11 to the system.
- 12 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: But you, 2 and 12 took your Glocks.
- 13 A. I left mine, I took my pistols, yes.
- 14 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: With this modified ammunition in it.
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: You told Mr Mansfield that in the
- 17 circumstances you were facing, if you were going to have
- 18 to deal with a bomber, which in fact you didn't, but if
- 19 you had had to do so, it would be a question, because of
- 20 the necessity for a critical shot, to get to close
- 21 quarters?
- 22 A. Yes, sir.
- 23 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: No question of finding cover.
- 24 A. No, sir.
- 25 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: There just wasn't any.

- 1 A. No, sir.
- 2 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Indeed, a necessity to get close to
- 3 give you the best chance of an incapacitating shot.
- 4 A. Yes, sir.
- 5 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: In this context to the head.
- 6 A. Yes, sir.
- 7 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: As soon as possible.
- 8 A. Yes, sir.
- 9 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: As soon as you had embarked upon that.
- 10 In the course of your training, have you ever heard
- 11 any suggestion of any technique that would have allowed
- 12 you to get close up to a real suicide bomber and to
- 13 challenge him without effectively sacrificing your own
- 14 life?
- 15 A. No, sir.
- 16 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Can you conceive of any technique that
- 17 there could be?
- 18 A. Not a practical one, no, sir.
- 19 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: So when the ACPO guidance which we have
- 20 on the screen now says that warnings may not be given if
- 21 it would unduly place any person at risk of death, in
- 22 your view -- and I am only asking for your view as
- 23 an experienced firearms officer -- is that the situation
- that you would have been in?
- 25 A. That is exactly the situation that we would have been

- 1 in, sir.
- 2 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Thank you very much. Mr Hough?
- 3 Further questions from MR HOUGH
- 4 MR HOUGH: One matter.
- 5 Charlie 5, you were asked questions about where you
- 6 had been the night before 22 July. It's only fair that
- 7 I put something to you which may be put to other
- 8 officers. It's the evidence of Sam at the Health and
- 9 Safety trial. Can we have the transcript for
- 10 16 October, please, page 55, towards the bottom of the
- 11 page.
- 12 Sam is one of your colleagues, Charlie 9 in terms of
- 13 call sign. (Pause).
- 14 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Can you read it?
- 15 MR HOUGH: No, I can't, I need it on screen. (Pause).
- 16 MR HORWELL: This is the one date over which there has been
- a problem with the transcript, it's not in the actual
- 18 DVD.
- 19 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: What's the date, 16 October? Wait
- 20 a minute.
- 21 MR HOUGH: I'm going to read it. I am being assisted by
- 22 Ms Hill.
- 23 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: I have it as well. 16 October?
- 24 MR HOUGH: Yes, page 55. I'll begin with line 14 talking
- about 22 July.

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"Question: Did you come in for duty at 7 o'clock?
 1
 2
             "Answer: [from Sam] that is correct, yes.
 3
             "Question: What sort of duties had you been working
         the days before?
 4
 5
             "Answer: I believe we were on a normal surveillance
         operation prior to the bombings and attempted bombings
 6
 7
         and then we were on standby for several hours back at
         Leman Street."
 8
             So as you have described.
 9
             "Question: Roughly how long does it take you to get
10
11
         from home to work at that time?
12
             "Answer: I believe, I believe the night before we
         stayed in a hotel which is 200 yards away because we had
13
         a long period of duty so we travelled from the hotel
14
         which is only a couple of hundred yards away from the
15
16
         police station.
17
             "Question: And who organises a hotel when you make
         that sort of overnight stay, is that organised by the
18
19
         Metropolitan Police for you?
2.0
             "Answer: Yes, it was something that was organised
2.1
         that year.
             "Question: When you got to Leman Street at
22
         7 o'clock", and then questions are asked about 22 July.
23
24
             Now, it seems there that Sam is talking about the
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night of the 21st/22nd although having re-read it, it's

- 1 conceivable he might have been talking about the
- 2 previous night. So I'll ask you about this in stages.
- 3 First of all, having read that, are you in any doubt
- 4 about the evidence you gave earlier that you stayed on
- 5 the night of the 21st to 22nd at home?
- 6 A. I definitely went home that night, sir.
- 7 Q. The previous night, so the night before the operation in
- 8 Hackney, did you spend that night in a hotel?
- 9 A. That is a possibility. We do, sometimes it's required,
- 10 necessary for us to do that.
- 11 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Is there any possibility that you might
- have gone home and left the rest of the team in the
- 13 hotel?
- 14 A. I think given the option I would have stayed, if
- 15 I had ...
- 16 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: That's a different matter. Yes, you
- 17 might as well have the hospitality of the
- 18 Metropolitan Police if it's going. So if it had been
- 19 available that night, you think you would have stayed
- 20 there?
- 21 A. I would, sir.
- 22 MR HOUGH: It is fair also to put to you that Ralph at the
- 23 criminal trial -- for those who are keeping a note of
- that this is 15 October, page 129 -- gave evidence that
- 25 he went off duty at 9 o'clock in the evening, as you

- said, and was due to come back on at 7 o'clock the
- 2 following day and gave evidence about travelling away
- 3 from work and back into work. So that would appear to
- 4 corroborate what you say.
- 5 A. That's my recollection sir, yes.
- 6 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: That's your recollection.
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Thank you, Mr Hough.
- 9 MR HOUGH: Thank you.
- 10 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Thank you very much indeed, that's all,
- 11 you can stand down.
- 12 A. Thank you.
- 13 (The witness withdrew)
- 14 MR HOUGH: The next witness is Ralph.
- 15 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Mr Hough, we have now had three
- 16 witnesses who have dealt with the briefings at
- 17 Leman Street and then Nightingale Lane. I have heard no
- 18 challenge to the accuracy of the officers'
- 19 recollections. Is it possible to shorten these aspects
- of this next witness?
- 21 MR HOUGH: Yes, absolutely. I hope I have been taking those
- 22 aspects reasonably quickly.
- 23 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: I didn't suggest you hadn't, but unless
- 24 anybody has any point that needs to be raised, I was
- 25 hoping that we might shorten those aspects of the matter

- 1 anyway.
- 2 MR HOUGH: Yes.
- 3 CODENAME "RALPH" (sworn)
- 4 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Yes, thank you, please sit down.
- 5 A. Sir.
- Questions from MR HOUGH
- 7 MR HOUGH: I think you have been given the name Ralph for
- 8 these proceedings, and in fact for the Health and Safety
- 9 trial?
- 10 A. That's true, sir, yes.
- 11 Q. I will be asking you questions first on behalf of the
- 12 Coroner and then you will have questions from other
- 13 people.
- 14 A. Sir.
- 15 Q. In 2005, were you a sergeant in CO19 and a specialist
- 16 firearms officer?
- 17 A. Yes, sir, I was.
- 18 Q. Were you the leader of the combined black and green team
- 19 which was involved in the events at Stockwell which we
- 20 are here to consider?
- 21 A. Yes, sir, I was, yes.
- 22 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Are you still in CO19.
- 23 A. I am, sir, yes.
- 24 MR HOUGH: Have you now been in police service for I think
- 25 around 27 years?

- 1 A. That's correct, sir, yes.
- 2 Q. How long have you been in CO19?
- 3 A. Since 1991, sir.
- 4 Q. So 17 years?
- 5 A. Yes, sir.
- 6 Q. I think you made a statement on the day after the events
- 7 we are considering, and if you have that to hand you
- 8 might find it helpful and there is no problem with you
- 9 using it.
- 10 A. Thank you, sir.
- 11 Q. I think you also made a further statement in
- 12 November 2005?
- 13 A. Yes, sir.
- 14 Q. Again, you are free to have that, and a couple of much
- shorter statements thereafter. You also gave evidence
- at the trial on 15 to 16 October last year?
- 17 A. I did, sir, yes.
- 18 Q. Can we deal with a matter that we have just had dealt
- 19 with by the last witness quite briefly, the events on
- 20 21 July, so the day before the one we are dealing with.
- 21 Had your team been involved in an operation in east
- London in the morning?
- 23 A. Yes, sir, they had been, yes.
- 24 Q. Were you called back to Leman Street sometime around
- 25 midday after news came through of the failed attacks?

- 1 A. Yes, we were, yes.
- 2 Q. Did you remain at Leman Street that afternoon?
- 3 A. Yes, we did, on standby, sir.
- 4 Q. Did you go off duty at 9 o'clock?
- 5 A. Yes, I did, yes.
- 6 Q. Did you and the rest of your team go to your respective
- 7 homes?
- 8 A. The majority of us did, sir, but I think one or two of
- 9 them stayed in a hotel that night.
- 10 Q. That may solve a mystery.
- 11 A. Yes, sir.
- 12 Q. Were you due to start your duty, parade for duty, at
- 7 o'clock the next morning?
- 14 A. Yes, I was, yes.
- 15 Q. On the 22nd, you were, I think, in car 805B, the Beta
- 16 car?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. Along with Charlie 3 and Charlie 11?
- 19 A. That is correct, sir, yes.
- 20 $\,$ Q. We have heard about a postings briefing that took place
- 21 at the very start of the day, before 7 o'clock, where
- 22 you allocated cars to different members of the team?
- 23 A. Yes, sir, I did, yes.
- 24 Q. Dealing with the composition of your team, is this
- 25 right, you had one inspector, was that Trojan 84?

- 1 A. That was Trojan 84, sir, he was the tactical adviser for
- 2 the day.
- 3 Q. You had two sergeants, yourself and Terry?
- 4 A. That's correct, sir, yes.
- 5 Q. Then you had 17 constables; correct?
- 6 A. No, I think there was a slight error there, sir. I will
- 7 just have to amend that, it was actually 15 constables
- 8 as opposed to 17.
- 9 Q. You were perhaps including the two sergeants there?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: This was a composite team?
- 12 A. Yes, it was, sir, I think there was eight from my team,
- 13 sir, PC wise, five from the green team, sir, which was
- 14 Terry's team and then we had the two motorcyclists, sir.
- 15 MR HOUGH: That's very helpful. Is this right, those with
- 16 Charlie call signs are the black team, your regular
- 17 team, and those with Delta call signs are the green
- 18 team?
- 19 A. That's correct, sir, yes.
- 20 Q. Although, as we have heard, Terry was the leader of the
- 21 green team, you were the leader of the composite team?
- 22 A. I was, sir.
- 23 Q. After you had allocated people to cars, did you and the
- 24 other officers book out your weapons?
- 25 A. Yes, sir, we did, we went down to the Army and booked

- 1 out our team weapons and individual weapons, yes.
- 2 Q. What did you arm yourself with?
- 3 A. I armed myself with a Glock 17 9mm pistol, sir, and 124
- 4 grain ammunition and also a G36 556 millimetre carbine.
- 5 Q. That's a long-barrelled weapon?
- 6 A. That's a long rifle. Well, it's a short rifle but
- 7 a long arm, sir, yes.
- 8 Q. We have heard the purpose of hollow point ammunition but
- 9 it's perhaps helpful to quote from your statement,
- 10 page 2. You say:
- 11 "On medical advice there was increased chance of
- incapacitation and reduced collateral injury with
- a brain stem shot".
- 14 A. Correct, sir, yes.
- 15 Q. That's the characteristic of hollow point ammunition?
- 16 A. Yes, it is, sir, basically if you want me to go into the
- 17 detail, I will do sir, but it's basically a heavier
- 18 round, it travels slower and when the round hits the
- 19 target, it mushrooms instead of breaking off into bits
- and pieces, so the general idea is the round dumps all
- 21 that energy in the target, and therefore prevents
- 22 overpenetration and --
- 23 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: It's less likely to go through?
- 24 A. That's right, sir, yes.
- 25 MR HOUGH: We have heard and we may hear from specific

- 1 officers that they chose not to take this ammunition for
- 2 specific weapons.
- 3 A. Yes, I understand that.
- 4 Q. Were you aware of any officer refusing to take the
- 5 ammunition on grounds of principle?
- 6 A. I didn't actually realise that nobody had taken the
- 7 124 grain, sir, until after the operation, sometime
- 8 later. I know now that some of the officers didn't take
- 9 it, but it wasn't a question of principle, I believe it
- 10 was on the basis of the weapons that they were carrying
- 11 at the time that they felt that they didn't need it
- 12 because they were carrying long weapons, sir.
- 13 Q. After you had booked out your weapons, was a briefing
- 14 given by Trojan 84?
- 15 A. Yes, it was, sir, yes.
- 16 Q. I am just going to run through that briefing very
- 17 quickly because we have heard about it a number of
- 18 times. You were given the name of suspects, an address,
- 19 details of a command structure, and told about the
- 20 possibility of unusual tactics being used?
- 21 A. Yes, sir. Could I just interject here, if I may?
- 22 I know it's already been raised, sir, about one of the
- 23 words that I have used in my statement in relation to
- "we would be using unusual tactics". I would just like
- 25 to take this opportunity to clear that up now, sir, if

- 1 I can.
- 2 Q. Of course.
- 3 A. It was never my belief at any time throughout this
- 4 operation, sir, that we were going out to use those
- 5 tactics, come hell or high water. I think I had cleared
- 6 that up at the Health and Safety trial and subsequently.
- 7 My understanding at the time, and always was, that there
- 8 was a possibility we may have to use those tactics, not
- 9 that we would definitely be using those tactics and
- 10 that's my fault for putting the wrong wording in the
- 11 statement and if I have misled anybody I do apologise
- 12 but that certainly wasn't my belief at the time.
- 13 Q. In fairness to you, I'll read out the sentence because
- 14 it's not as categorical one way or another as all that.
- 15 You say this:
- 16 "He informed us [this is Trojan 84] that we would be
- involved in unusual tactics that the department hadn't
- done before, which I interpreted as meaning a crucial
- 19 criticise brain shot on a suicide bomber".
- 20 A. That's right, sir, yes.
- 21 Q. You have clarified that now. After that briefing, you,
- I think, left in the car you had been allocated?
- 23 A. I did, sir.
- 24 Q. Trojan 84 went off to collect DCI Purser and you and the
- 25 rest of team arrived in due course at Nightingale Lane.

- 1 A. That's correct, sir, yes.
- 2 Q. Then did you receive a briefing from Mr Purser from
- 3 quarter to 9 until about quarter past 9?
- 4 A. Yes, sir, we did, yes.
- 5 Q. Again we have heard that that briefing covered the two
- 6 suspects, the explosives used on the 7 and 21 July and
- 7 you say in your statement, as others have, that
- 8 Mr Purser described the suspects as being deadly and
- 9 determined and I think you put "up for it" also?
- 10 A. That's correct, sir, yes.
- 11 Q. Just pausing there, I think you made contemporaneous
- notes in a pocket book of these briefings?
- 13 A. Yes, sir, I did.
- 14 Q. I'm not going to show them on screen, others may wish
- to. They show broadly the timings of the two briefings?
- 16 A. Yes, sir.
- 17 Q. Then in this briefing by Mr Purser, I will ask you about
- 18 this, what were you told about the strategy to be
- 19 followed?
- 20 If it helps you, it's towards the bottom of the
- 21 second page of your first statement.
- 22 A. Yes, my apologises, sir, I got them mixed up. We were
- given the agreed strategy and further information in
- 24 relation to the address and that a number of people had
- 25 left Scotia Road and had been eliminated from enquiries.

- 1 Anyone leaving the address would not be allowed to run
- 2 and would be intercepted away from the premises to avoid
- 3 compromise of the known address and because of this the
- 4 bus route had been suspended outside the premises.
- 5 Q. Pausing there, I am asking you about this in a little
- 6 detail because you are the leader of the SFO team. That
- 7 refers to all persons leaving the premises not being
- 8 allowed to run and being intercepted. Was your team to
- 9 be involved in intercepting anyone who came out of the
- 10 premises?
- 11 A. No, sir, no, my understanding was that those people
- 12 coming out who had been identified as potential suspects
- 13 would be stopped by CO19, and that those coming out who
- 14 had not been identified would be stopped by unarmed
- 15 officers.
- 16 Q. Were you aware of those unarmed officers being present
- 17 at Nightingale Lane and in fact being briefed after you?
- 18 A. I was aware that there was other officers at the
- 19 briefing, sir, but I wasn't aware who they were at the
- 20 time.
- 21 Q. In the passage you have just read out you have told us
- about what you heard about bus routes as well?
- 23 A. Yes, sir.
- 24 Q. When that briefing ended, what did you do about sending
- your team forward?

- 1 A. The first thing I did, sir, was dispatch one of my cars,
- which was Trojan 805, Alpha to the TA Centre in
- 3 Upper Tulse Hill.
- 4 Q. We know that's the Alpha car with C2, C5 and C6?
- 5 A. Correct, sir.
- 6 Q. Was that for the purpose of reconnoitring the area and
- 7 in particular the holding area?
- 8 A. That's correct, sir, yes.
- 9 Q. Did you leave a short time after that?
- 10 A. I did, sir, yes, together with the rest of the crew in
- my car and we made our way to the TA Centre as well.
- 12 Q. Did you wait for the first car, the one that was
- performing the recce, to radio back before you set off?
- 14 A. Yes, I did, sir, yeah, it was important that before we
- 15 started making our way up there that we knew that the
- 16 TA Centre was open, and that was available and we would
- 17 be allowed to stay there, so as soon as I had that
- information, I sent the rest of the cars off.
- 19 Q. We have heard from Trojan 84 that he thought that the
- 20 other cars, including yours, didn't wait for the first
- 21 car to have gone forward and done the recce; you think
- he is mistaken about that, do you?
- 23 A. No, I am pretty sure that I had information from
- 24 Charlie 2 that is was open and then we staggered.
- 25 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Before you started off?

- 1 A. Yes, sir, I think so, yes.
- 2 MR HOUGH: You, we have heard, were with Charlie 3 and
- 3 Charlie 11 and you drive down towards the TA Centre.
- 4 How long roughly did that journey take you?
- 5 A. Just quessing, sir, approximately between five and eight
- 6 minutes I would suggest.
- 7 Q. At the trial you said eight minutes but roughly that
- 8 kind of time?
- 9 A. Five to eight, sir, yes.
- 10 Q. While you were en route, were you listening to traffic
- 11 over the Cougar?
- 12 A. I was, yes, sir, the Cougar was going. I wasn't
- listening to it constantly, sir, but I was listening to
- it intermittently because I was doing other things.
- 15 Q. We have heard from Charlie 2 that he made a call to you
- at 27 minutes past 9 and he thinks that that was to
- 17 confirm that he had arrived at the TA Centre. Can you
- 18 recall that call and what its purpose was?
- 19 A. I can't recall, sir, no, it may well have been that and
- 20 because I know that he did contact me and tell me that
- 21 it was open so I have no reason to doubt that was the
- 22 call but I can't actually remember what the phone call
- 23 was.
- 24 Q. If that's right, that puts you arriving at the TA Centre
- a little after 9.30?

- 1 A. Yes, sir.
- 2 Q. We know that Mr de Menezes emerged from the block at
- 3 Scotia Road about 9.33/9.34, and that he boarded a bus
- 4 about five minutes after that. Where were you when you
- 5 first heard about this man under surveillance at all?
- 6 A. Well, I have made a bit of a clumsy effort in my
- 7 statement to describe the information as it came
- 8 through, but it was whilst we were at Nightingale Lane
- 9 and en route to the holding area -- excuse me, I have
- 10 just lost it -- yes, to Tulse Hill and Trojan 805 Bravo.
- 11 Together with Charlie 3 and Charlie 11 we received
- 12 information via the radio that a white male had left the
- premises and was on board a number 2 heading towards
- Marble Arch. We were instructed by Trojan 84 to get
- 15 behind the suspect --
- 16 Q. Can I pause you there?
- 17 A. Absolutely.
- 18 Q. While you were en route to the TA Centre, did you hear
- 19 anything?
- 20 $\,$ A. No, sir. Basically the first information that I got
- 21 over the radio was that a white male had left the
- 22 premises and that he was of no concern to us, and that
- was subsequently going to be stopped by others.
- 24 Q. Where were you when you had heard that?
- 25 A. We had left the TA Centre, sir, but I can't remember my

- 1 exact location.
- 2 Q. I think you mean you had left Nightingale Lane?
- 3 A. Nightingale Lane, my apologies, sir yes. I can't
- 4 remember my exact location en route to the TA Centre
- 5 when that came through.
- 6 Q. This first information, when you first heard, did you
- 7 hear that he was on the bus?
- 8 A. No, that was just as I was turning into the TA Centre,
- 9 sir.
- 10 Q. I see, so it's actually coming through in stages, is it?
- 11 A. Yes, sir. What I have done is try to amalgamate all the
- 12 intelligence I had whilst at Nightingale Lane and
- en route into Tulse Hill into two sentences, if you
- 14 like. I have not actually narrowed it down and been too
- 15 prescriptive around when it came in.
- 16 Q. Is it possible for you now to break it down in that way?
- 17 A. Only in the sense, sir, that the first time I knew it
- 18 was an IC2 male and the description of him wearing
- 19 denims was as I was getting ready to turn into the
- 20 TA Centre.
- 21 Q. Before that, while you are en route, have you heard
- 22 anything else about it?
- 23 A. Only that he had got on a number 2 bus, sir, and was
- 24 heading towards Marble Arch.
- 25 Q. Anything about description at all?

- 1 A. No, sir.
- 2 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: A white male at that stage and that was
- 3 of no interest.
- 4 A. No interest to me at all, sir, no.
- 5 MR HOUGH: Let us return to those stages. While you are
- 6 en route from Nightingale Lane to the TA Centre, you
- 7 hear that there is a white male under surveillance?
- 8 A. Yes, sir.
- 9 Q. You have referred to him being of no interest to you.
- 10 Was it specifically said over the radio that he was of
- 11 no interest to you or was that something that you just
- 12 inferred?
- 13 A. That was probably something I just inferred myself.
- 14 Q. Anything else that you heard at that stage about the
- 15 man?
- 16 A. No, sir.
- 17 Q. Okay. You are now about to turn into the TA Centre and
- 18 you hear some more; is that right?
- 19 A. Yes, sir.
- 20 Q. What do you hear now?
- 21 A. We were instructed over the radio system by Trojan 84 to
- 22 get behind the subject -- the suspect, rather. We were
- 23 also given a description subsequently as an IC2 male
- 24 wearing a denim jacket and trousers with stubble.
- 25 Q. We have some calls from Charlie 2 to you at 9.40, 9.42

- 1 and 9.47, so a few calls over that period of time. Can
- 2 you recall any of those calls or what was being said in
- 3 them?
- 4 A. No, unfortunately I can't recall the detail of the phone
- 5 calls at all, sir.
- 6 Q. We have a call from you or from your mobile at least to
- 7 Trojan 84 at 9.51. Is that a call you can remember?
- 8 A. No, sir, I can't.
- 9 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Did you understand or was it your
- 10 impression that the man who was now being described to
- 11 you as an IC2 and the man you were being directed to
- 12 follow was in fact the same man as had previously been
- described as an IC1?
- 14 A. No, sir, I thought it was just part of the ongoing
- identification process that surveillance were
- 16 conducting.
- 17 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: As far as you were concerned it was
- 18 a different person?
- 19 A. Sir.
- 20 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Very well.
- 21 MR HOUGH: At the time that you received the instruction
- 22 from Trojan 84 to get behind the bus, you say you were
- 23 turning into the TA Centre.
- 24 A. Just getting ready to turn into it, sir, yes.
- 25 Q. At that time had you heard anything said one way or the

- 1 other about whether the man now under surveillance on
- the bus was one of the suspects?
- 3 A. No, sir.
- 4 Q. Did you infer anything from Trojan 84's instruction
- 5 about whether he was one of the suspects?
- 6 A. Yes, sir, I assumed he was one of the suspects because
- 7 we were told to get behind the bus and support the
- 8 surveillance team.
- 9 Q. We have heard from others that your team then got into
- 10 convoy?
- 11 A. Yes, sir.
- 12 Q. With the Alpha car at the front?
- 13 A. Yes, sir.
- 14 Q. And then the Beta car and then 805C?
- 15 A. Fairly basic stuff, sir, yes.
- 16 Q. And the control car at the back of the convoy?
- 17 A. The control car at the back, sir, yeah, and I believe we
- 18 had an extra car, the Echo car.
- 19 Q. That's the rifle car, I think?
- 20 A. Yes, sir.
- 21 Q. Where was that in the convoy?
- 22 A. I believe that may have been at the rear of the convoy,
- sir, I am sure that's where it was.
- 24 Q. We know that you followed a route down Tulse Hill and
- 25 that you in due course drove up Brixton Road going

- 1 north. We have seen today, and I don't put it on screen
- 2 again, a CCTV still of your cars at the junction of
- 3 Tulse Hill and Brixton Water Lane at about 9.58?
- 4 A. Yes, sir.
- 5 Q. So that's a few minutes north of the TA Centre?
- 6 A. Yes, sir.
- 7 Q. So this suggests that you did the entire journey from
- 8 Scotia Road right up to Stockwell station in a little
- 9 over five minutes?
- 10 A. Yes, sir.
- 11 Q. That timing accords with your recollection, does it?
- 12 A. Yes, sir, we were trying to catch up so we would be
- 13 making ground.
- 14 Q. While you were doing that five minute journey, could you
- 15 hear anything else about the man under surveillance over
- 16 the Cougar?
- 17 A. Not until we got to the area of Stockwell Road, sir.
- 18 Q. When you got to that road, what did you hear?
- 19 $\,$ A. When we got to the area of Stockwell Road near to the
- 20 Underground station, I had confirmation over the radio
- 21 that the suspect was definitely our man and that he was
- 22 nervous and twitchy.
- 23 Q. Okay, pausing there. "Definitely our man"; which man?
- 24 A. Well, the reference as we were going along there, sir,
- 25 was to Nettle Tip so I assumed that's who they were

- 1 talking about.
- 2 Q. In your second witness statement on the second page, you
- 3 refer to:
- 4 "... the positive identification of the suspect by
- 5 surveillance as 'definitely our man', the intelligence
- 6 related to and involving the suspect Omar who we now
- 7 believe the suspect to be"?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. You are aware, are you, now, that Nettle Tip wasn't in
- 10 fact Omar but Osman?
- 11 A. I do, sir, yes, and I understood at the time that Omar
- 12 was Regal Wave as well, sir.
- 13 Q. "Definitely our man" is a phrase that appears in
- 14 quotation marks in both your two witness statements, the
- one made the day after and the one made in
- November 2005; is that right?
- 17 A. Yes, sir.
- 18 Q. Did you hear those specific words?
- 19 A. I did, sir, yes.
- 20 Q. By what means of communication did you hear them?
- 21 A. My understanding at the time was that it came over the
- 22 Cougar radio, which is the radio that the surveillance
- officers would be working on.
- 24 Q. Are you aware, first of all, who the person was who said
- those words?

- 1 A. No, sir, I have no idea who said them.
- 2 Q. Are you aware from the context whether the person saying
- 3 those words was somebody who had an eyeball on the
- 4 suspect or someone who was relaying information from
- 5 others?
- 6 A. I couldn't be specific around that, sir, my assumption
- 7 was that whoever said he was definitely our man must
- 8 have had the eyeball control of the suspect.
- 9 Q. None of the surveillance officers accept that they said
- 10 those words, and the highest any of them puts it is
- 11 an officer called James who says that he transmitted
- 12 that he thought it was the suspect. Could the phrase
- "definitely our man" be your impression rather than
- 14 actual words?
- 15 A. No, it wasn't an impression, sir. The words stuck out,
- it was "definitely our man".
- 17 Q. As you were travelling up Stockwell Road towards the
- 18 tube station, we have seen and heard that there was
- 19 a queue of traffic up to the lights?
- 20 A. Yes, sir.
- 21 Q. Your cars were held, I think, your convoy, in that
- 22 traffic?
- 23 A. Yes, sir, on the south side, yes, sir.
- 24 Q. As you were held in that traffic, were you aware from
- 25 the Cougar where the bus was and what it was doing?

- 1 A. Yes, I was, sir, the number 2 bus came to a stop outside
- 2 the National Westminster Bank in the northwest corner of
- 3 the junction with Clapham Road, Stockwell Road, and left
- 4 on foot and walked back towards the Underground station
- 5 entrance in Clapham Road and entered.
- 6 Q. So what you were hearing is that the bus has gone across
- 7 the junction and that the man has left the bus?
- 8 A. He has left the bus, sir, and he has now gone into the
- 9 tube station at Stockwell.
- 10 Q. Do you hear that all in one go or in sequence?
- 11 A. It's commentary, sir, by the surveillance. I can't
- 12 recall if it was one particular long line or whether it
- was part and parcel of different inputs.
- 14 Q. During the course of all this happening, did you hear
- anything about your team moving through the
- 16 surveillance?
- 17 A. No, I didn't hear any of that at all, sir, no.
- 18 Q. Did you then receive an order over the radio?
- 19 A. Yes, sir, I did. Trojan 84, who was the tac adviser on
- 20 the day, came on to the radio and said "he's to be
- 21 stopped getting on the tube".
- 22 Q. At the time that this order was given, where was the man
- from your understanding of the commentary?
- 24 A. He was already in Stockwell Underground station and was
- 25 making his way towards the escalators, as I recall.

- 1 Q. Before this time, before the order was given, were you
- 2 asked by Trojan 84 -- it may sound a silly question
- 3 given where he was and where you were -- where you were
- in relation to the tube station?
- 5 A. No, sir, there was no need, Trojan 84 was in the convoy
- 6 with us and right behind us.
- 7 Q. Were you asked by Trojan 84 or by anybody else over the
- 8 radio whether you were in position to carry out a stop
- 9 at any stage before the order was given?
- 10 A. Not that I can recall, sir, no.
- 11 $\,$ Q. Before the order was given by Trojan 84, would you have
- 12 been in a position with your team to move forward and
- 13 carry out a stop, do you think?
- 14 A. I believe we could have done, sir, yes.
- 15 Q. Doing the best you can, for how long before the order
- was given would you have been in such a position?
- 17 A. I think from the moment that we heard that he was
- definitely our man, we could have done an intervention.
- 19 The problem with doing an intervention when you are
- 20 running a mobile armed support surveillance, if I may,
- 21 sir, is that by necessity the firearms team at the
- 22 beginning stages of any surveillance operation will be
- 23 at the very back of the convoy, that's so we don't
- 24 compromise the surveillance officers, we don't disturb
- 25 the environment and we don't get too close. So at that

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1
         stage we are just a bolt-on at the back of the
 2
         surveillance, we have to be close enough to monitor the
 3
         radio communications so we know what the surveillance
         are telling us, but we don't have to be too close that
 4
 5
         we compromise it and get in the way of the surveillance
         and more importantly get in the way of the suspect that
 6
 7
         they are following.
             So in order for us to get into position to do
 8
         an intervention, we have to be given an intimation that
 9
10
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an intervention, we have to be given an intimation that that's what's expected of us, so we can start moving our assets from that position of bolt-on at the back forward through the surveillance and into a position where we can actually do some kind of intervention at a time and a place that is chosen invariably by the Bronze team leader which would be me in this particular instance. So I would pick a safe location, the best time to do it and then I would authorise the intervention, but we need that time to get into the position to do that.

So that's the difficulty with all mobile armed support surveillances, you start off right at the very back and by necessity you then have to get forward and that takes time, that does take time.

Q. Dealing with the answer you gave at the start of that, and it's very helpful to hear the full picture, you think you would have been in a position to go forward to

- 1 effect a stop from the time when you heard it was
- 2 definitely our man?
- 3 A. I think we could have done, sir, yes.
- 4 Q. That was before you heard that the man had got off the
- 5 bus?
- 6 A. Yes, sir.
- 7 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: When you heard "it's definitely our
- 8 man", were you then actually being held in the traffic
- 9 jam that we have seen on the videos? Or do you think
- 10 you were still moving?
- 11 A. I can't recall exactly, sir, but the traffic was bad.
- 12 We were moving in fits and starts along that road,
- 13 because obviously we didn't want to show out too much in
- 14 the follow because we didn't know what the commanding
- 15 control team wanted us to do.
- 16 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: I understand that, and so I think is
- 17 the position really this: although it wouldn't have been
- 18 planned and it wouldn't have been done in what might be
- 19 described as the conventional way, because you happened
- to be in that particular position when you heard "it's
- 21 our man" --
- 22 A. Yes, sir.
- 23 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: -- you could have made an interception.
- 24 A. I believe so.
- 25 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: It isn't the way it would ordinarily

- 1 have been done but you could have done it.
- 2 A. That's right, sir. Had we been given the instruction
- 3 then, okay, it's appropriate and justified now to make
- 4 an arrest from Silver, then we would have gone state
- 5 amber, so I would have taken control and moved my assets
- 6 into place to do an intervention based on the tactical
- 7 advice given to Silver by Trojan 84.
- 8 MR HOUGH: You have told us about the order that you heard
- 9 over the radio. As far as you can recall, are those the
- 10 precise words that you heard?
- 11 A. Yes, they were, sir, yes.
- 12 Q. When you heard the order, where were you positioned in
- 13 relation to the junction?
- 14 A. We were just sitting on the south side of the junction,
- sir, by the traffic lights behind the Alpha car which
- 16 was the Mercedes Benz.
- 17 Q. When you received the order, did you ask for
- 18 confirmation of it?
- 19 A. Yes, sir, I did, yes.
- 20 Q. Why did you do that?
- 21 A. The only reason was that he was already in the station,
- 22 sir, and they were asking us to stop this man getting on
- 23 the tube and to the best of my knowledge and
- 24 understanding of the surveillance commentary he was
- 25 already on the tube.

- 1 Q. Did you have any concerns about what you were sending
- 2 your team into at that point?
- 3 A. Yes, sir, if you bear with me.
- 4 Q. Page 2 of your statement.
- 5 A. Thank you, sir. Yes, at this stage, sir, there was no
- 6 doubt in my mind that this man was a suicide bomber and
- 7 that there was a real possibility that he was in
- 8 possession of an explosive device which he could
- 9 detonate to the serious danger of the public and the
- 10 officers from my team. I firmly believed I may have to
- 11 shoot him dead in order to prevent this.
- 12 Q. Were you at all concerned about the time that you had to
- 13 effect the intervention?
- 14 A. Yes, I was, sir, yes.
- 15 Q. Why were you concerned about that?
- 16 A. Well, only because he had already entered the tube
- 17 station and we were playing catch-up. We had to get out
- 18 the cars, run into the tube station and get down on to
- 19 the platforms before this man got on any of the tube
- 20 trains and we were coming from a position far back.
- 21 Q. You had had the order but you had not had state amber
- called in so many words, had you?
- 23 A. No, we hadn't, sir, no.
- 24 Q. As we have heard, state amber is normally something that
- 25 has to be called before control passes to you to call

- 1 state red?
- 2 A. Yes, sir, in normal circumstances that would happen,
- 3 sir, given time, yes.
- 4 Q. Was there time?
- 5 A. Not from the minute he said "stop him getting on the
- 6 tube", sir, no.
- 7 Q. Did you understand that you were now in a position as
- 8 though state amber had been called and you could now
- 9 call state red?
- 10 A. To me, sir, saying "stop him getting the tube" was
- 11 a direct order, that was a direct deployment
- 12 instruction. We had come out of state amber, state red,
- 13 state green. It was a direct order from Trojan 84, who
- was the tac adviser on the day "stop him, he's got to be
- 15 stopped getting on the tube", so for me, if you are
- 16 trying to equate it to the ATS system, for me that was
- 17 actually state red.
- 18 Q. Now, Trojan 84's order, is this right, was given over
- 19 the back-to-back radio?
- 20 A. Yes, sir.
- 21 Q. Could be heard not only by you but by the other firearms
- 22 officers?
- 23 A. I assumed so, sir, yes.
- 24 Q. Then after that order had been given, did you call state
- 25 red?

- 1 A. Yes, sir, I did.
- 2 Q. That effectively is an order for the firearms officers
- 3 to perform an armed intervention?
- 4 A. Yes, sir.
- 5 Q. What was your understanding of the order that had been
- 6 given and your expectation of what your officers would
- 7 do?
- 8 A. Well, as far as I was concerned, sir, I mean, I have
- 9 worked with these officers for nearly four years at that
- 10 particular time, so I knew totally and understood
- 11 completely what was expected of them. They were going
- 12 to deploy into the tube station, they were going to
- 13 chase the suspect who we thought at that time was
- 14 Hussain Osman, an identified suicide bomber from the day
- before, and they were going to detain him, stop him and
- 16 detain him.
- 17 Q. Did your vehicle then move across the junction?
- 18 A. Yes, sir, we moved forward in our vehicle across the
- 19 junction and into Binfield Road at the junction with
- 20 Clapham Road.
- 21 Q. We have seen that both in the flesh and on photographs
- and it's just alongside the tube station?
- 23 A. It is, sir, yes.
- 24 Q. Who was the first officer out of your car?
- 25 A. The first officer, sir, would have been Charlie 11.

- 1 Q. We have seen on footage that he was one of the first
- 2 three or four officers to go through the barriers and
- 3 down the escalator?
- 4 A. Yes, sir.
- 5 Q. Did you collect your weapons and put on your high
- 6 visibility cap?
- 7 A. I did, sir, yes, yeah, prior to leaving the vehicle.
- 8 Q. Which weapons did you take?
- 9 A. I took, well, I have a Glock in a holster on my belt
- 10 anyway, sir, so that was with me and I took the G36
- 11 which was the carbine because I didn't want to leave it
- 12 in the car.
- 13 Q. Obviously by putting on the cap and taking the carbine
- 14 with you, as soon as you got into the tube station the
- operation would not be covert?
- 16 A. No, it wouldn't, sir. It was not a hard decision to
- make for me, because I was last, the last one to
- 18 actually enter the tube station, so any attempt at
- 19 covertness would have been totally gone then anyway,
- 20 so ...
- 21 Q. We have seen on CCTV you running into the station and
- 22 through the barriers with your cap on with your carbine.
- 23 As you were going through the barriers, were you saying
- 24 anything to the people around?
- 25 A. Yes, sir. There was a large number of the public were

- 1 running from the platform, from platform 1 of the stairs
- 2 to my right screaming and they were in an obvious state
- 3 of distress and panic. Charlie 3 was to the front of
- 4 me, and as I ran down the stairs, I was wearing my hat,
- 5 as we have already said and carrying my carbine. I was
- 6 also shouting "armed police, get out of the station" at
- 7 those members of the public who were coming up the
- 8 escalator and also who were congregating at the bottom
- 9 of the escalator.
- 10 Q. We have seen on the video members of the public running
- 11 up, were they running up while you were running down?
- 12 A. Yes, they were, I think they were just starting to come
- up the stairs as I was running down.
- 14 Q. When you got towards the bottom of the escalators, did
- 15 you hear or see anything?
- 16 A. Yes, I did, sir, as I approached the bottom of the
- 17 escalators, I heard a number of gunshots in quick
- 18 succession and I heard screaming.
- 19 $\,$ Q. Did you hear any break in the sequence of shots or was
- it a continuous sequence?
- 21 A. It seemed to me like a continuous sequence, sir, at the
- 22 time.
- 23 Q. Did you run towards where the shots had sounded from?
- 24 A. Yes, sir, I ran towards my left and on to the platform.
- 25 My vision at that time was slightly obscured by members

- of the public who were leaving the train en masse.
- 2 Q. Did you find your way to the carriage where
- 3 Mr de Menezes had been shot?
- 4 A. Yes, sir, we evacuated the train and cleared the
- 5 platform in order to try to reduce the risk to the
- 6 public and the police.
- 7 Q. Did you speak to Charlie 12 and Charlie 2 in the
- 8 immediate aftermath or at least while you were in the
- 9 tube station that morning?
- 10 A. I did, sir, after the -- after we had dealt with the
- 11 platform and the train and after we had checked the
- 12 condition of Mr de Menezes on the train itself, I made
- myself -- I asked who the principal officers were and
- 14 Charlie 2 and 12 identified themselves, I just made sure
- 15 that they were okay, that they hadn't been injured and
- 16 that they were fine and that was it.
- 17 Q. Did you talk to them at all about what had happened and
- 18 about Mr de Menezes' reaction?
- 19 A. No, not at all, sir, my concern at that time was purely
- 20 for their welfare. I knew that that would come later,
- 21 so I just wanted them to calm down, take a minute to --
- 22 to just chill out as to what they have done and just
- 23 reflect on it.
- 24 Q. We have heard from other officers that arrangements were
- 25 then made for explosives officers to check the body and

- 1 once that had happened for first aid equipment to be
- 2 brought down?
- 3 A. Yes, sir.
- 4 Q. That evening of the 22 July, did Commander Dick come to
- 5 Leman Street?
- 6 A. Yes, sir, she did.
- 7 Q. Did you meet her while she was there?
- 8 A. I did, yes.
- 9 Q. Did you tell her anything about what had happened in the
- 10 tube station?
- 11 A. As I was leaving the back of Leman Street I saw
- 12 Commander Dick, as she was then, pulling up in a car in
- 13 the street. She got out the vehicle and approached me,
- 14 and her main concern and the main topic of the
- 15 conversation was all to do with the welfare of the two
- 16 principal officers and the rest of the team. So that
- was 2 and 12 who had shot Mr de Menezes, and also the
- 18 rest of the team who were involved in that operation all
- 19 day. I have no recollection whatsoever of discussing
- 20 anything to do with the operation with her. Having said
- 21 that, had she asked me about it, then in all probability
- I would have told her what I knew. But I have no
- 23 recollection of discussing that with her at all.
- 24 Q. What did you know by that stage?
- 25 A. Only that 2 and 12 had shot a man who they believed to

- 1 be Hussain Osman who they believed to be carrying
- 2 a device.
- 3 Q. Can we have documents page 199 on screen. Could we move
- 4 back one page, please, to 198. That's a diagram which
- 5 actually has appeared in the press. It's a diagram
- drawn by Commander Dick's loggist following this
- 7 conversation. Can you remember saying anything to
- 8 Commander Dick about Mr de Menezes having been
- 9 challenged?
- 10 A. No, not at all, sir.
- 11 Q. At that time, so the evening of the 22nd, did you know
- 12 anything about whether Mr de Menezes had been
- 13 challenged?
- 14 A. No, I didn't, sir, my understanding at that time was
- 15 still that he had been shot because he was believed to
- 16 be about to detonate a device and that was it.
- 17 Q. Had you been told anything about him trying to escape or
- 18 trying to tackle the officers?
- 19 A. No, sir.
- 20 MR HOUGH: Thank you very much. Those are my questions.
- 21 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: That's a convenient moment.
- 22 One very obvious question, I suspect: when you went
- down the escalators or the escalator you were shouting
- 24 "armed police" and also shouting to the members of the
- 25 public "get out of the station"?

- 1 A. Yes, sir.
- 2 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Why?
- 3 A. Well, only because we were deploying, sir, on a man who
- 4 we thought was Hussain Osman so my officers all had
- firearms on them, that's going to cause panic amongst
- 6 members of the public and from my perspective it's, if
- 7 you like, muscle memory that when we deploy, we always
- 8 shout we are just to let people know that we are, in
- 9 fact, armed police.
- 10 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Why did you want them to get out of the
- 11 station?
- 12 A. Only because, sir, we were dealing with a man who we
- thought may be a suicide bomber.
- 14 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: It was the bomb that was worrying you,
- if there was one?
- 16 A. Yes, sir.
- 17 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: 2 o'clock, ladies and gentlemen.
- 18 (1.05 pm)
- 19 (The short adjournment)
- 20 (2.00 pm)
- 21 (In the presence of the jury)
- 22 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Can I just inquire, ladies and
- 23 gentlemen, whether last Friday was a success? From your
- 24 point of view I mean, not anybody else's. Okay, what
- I am going to suggest, for the sake of those who have to

- travel a distance, I'll modify it slightly, but I will
- 2 suggest 9.30 to 2.30 on Friday. Okay, we will do that.
- 3 Yes, Mr Mansfield.
- 4 Questions from MR MANSFIELD
- 5 MR MANSFIELD: Good afternoon, my name is Michael Mansfield.
- 6 I represent the de Menezes family. Just a few
- 7 preliminary matters.
- 8 First of all, the previous day and overnight into
- 9 the 22nd, is it the case as we have heard from the last
- 10 witness to whom I put this, that as a team of firearms
- 11 officers, you could have been on duty by 6 am in the
- 12 morning if it was required?
- 13 A. I believe we could have been, sir, yes.
- 14 Q. You would have had a rest period by then?
- 15 A. Yes, sir.
- 16 Q. The next question is a preliminary in the sense of
- 17 training, and I have dealt with a lot of this with
- 18 previous witnesses so I am not going back over the same
- 19 ground with you, do you follow, but there is one aspect
- of training I want to ask about.
- 21 A. Yes, sir.
- 22 Q. You have been, as you have indicated, in CO19 for
- 23 17 years.
- 24 A. Yes, sir.
- 25 Q. From 2001 onwards, as we have heard, the

- 1 Metropolitan Police were aware of the threat posed by
- foot-borne suicide bombers?
- 3 A. Yes, sir.
- 4 Q. So far as a non-authorised situation is concerned, in
- 5 other words a situation in which a senior officer,
- 6 probably a DSO, has not authorised a critical shot, so
- 7 I want to deal with that with you. All right?
- 8 A. Yes, sir.
- 9 Q. Where an officer has to make an assessment, all right?
- 10 A. Yes, sir.
- 11 Q. Because we heard from TJ84 expressly that even if
- 12 an officer believes that he is facing a suicide bomber,
- 13 he still has to make an assessment of whether in fact he
- 14 is?
- 15 A. I think that's correct, sir, yes, I think that's right.
- 16 Q. Now, the question is obviously how you make the
- 17 assessment, and the question that follows that is what
- is it you are looking for. Now, in relation to training
- 19 for this situation, is there training for specialist
- 20 firearms officers in what it is they have to look for in
- 21 relation to ascertaining whether they are actually
- facing a suicide bomber?
- 23 A. Not that I am aware of, sir, not specialised training
- for that, no.
- 25 Q. Then I have only one further question on that. Does it

- 1 follow that there isn't any training in relation to how
- a non-rucksack, do you follow, in other words not
- 3 contained in a hold-all or on a rucksack on a back, in
- 4 other words it might be a body vest or a belt, how that
- 5 is detonated and what you might look for in order to see
- 6 whether somebody is about to detonate one?
- 7 A. I believe we have had training in different types of
- 8 devices, sir, and how they are carried and the
- 9 initiation devices that are used with them, so we have
- 10 had some training in that, yes, and we have seen
- 11 PowerPoint presentations of the particular types of
- 12 equipment we are talking about and the resulting carnage
- that they can cause, so we have had some input on that,
- sir, yes.
- 15 Q. It's just the question of what an officer, you said
- generally there isn't any training on how to make the
- 17 assessment --
- 18 A. Nothing specific, sir, other than basic training that we
- 19 get which -- a lot of it entails judgment training and
- 20 exactly that, assessing the threat as you perceive it,
- 21 but mainly to do with firearms threats.
- 22 Q. Yes, in other words, so the jury follow -- I am sure
- 23 they do -- where you might be facing an armed robber or
- 24 a kidnap situation or a hostage situation where the
- weapon may be obvious?

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1 A. Yes, sir, that's correct.
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- 2 Q. So far as the detonation situation is concerned, where
- 3 the vest or the belt may not be obvious, are officers
- 4 trained within a timeframe that's very short to look for
- 5 certain aspects of what might lead to detonation?
- 6 A. In relation to specific training for that around Kratos,
- 7 my understanding is no, sir, no. But having said that,
- 8 specialist firearms officers, in fact all authorised
- 9 firearms officers certainly within the MPS undertake
- judgment training at some time or another, which is all
- 11 about assessing the threat that is presented to you.
- 12 Now, if your background information around Kratos
- involves vests, initiators, belts, shoes perhaps,
- 14 rucksacks, certainly all the kind of devices we know
- 15 about already, then part of your judgment or your
- training will be, or your natural assessment process
- 17 will be to look for those specific things because that
- is where the threat is coming from.
- 19 So if you are dealing with an armed robber, you are
- 20 looking for a handgun, a shotgun, you know, a balaclava
- 21 or things like that. If you are dealing with a suicide
- 22 bomber, then you will be looking for the things that
- 23 have been highlighted to you that could indicate that
- 24 perhaps this man is a suicide bomber.
- 25 So you are right, sir, there is no specific training

- 1 that I know of, but the general training we do in
- 2 relation to risk assessment, ie judgment training
- 3 et cetera, is all relevant in my view, sir.
- 4 Q. So the judgment that they are trained to make -- by they
- 5 I mean firearms officers -- is in a fast-time situation,
- in other words under pressure, split second?
- 7 A. Yes, sir, it is. A lot of the judgment training we do,
- 8 you probably heard of video shoots whereby you get
- 9 presented with a video scenario, and you have to react
- 10 to it using training weapons, and I'm sure you must have
- 11 heard of that. A lot of that is based around fast-time
- 12 reaction situations.
- 13 Q. I will be honest, I have heard of it but I haven't
- 14 actually seen it in operation.
- 15 Can I move therefore from the training situation
- 16 to --
- 17 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Can I just clarify to clear one thing
- up for myself, Mr Mansfield.
- 19 MR MANSFIELD: Yes.
- 20 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Thinking about what you were just
- 21 talking about now, you did refer to a Kratos situation.
- 22 As I understand it, the essential difference is that
- 23 Kratos or Clydesdale, there will be a DSO.
- 24 A. Yes, sir.
- 25 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: To some extent the firearms officers,

- 1 although they always have their residual discretion,
- 2 they will be guided on the basis, well, them upstairs
- 3 know more than we do?
- 4 A. That's exactly right, sir, yes.
- 5 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: So the authorisation is given, and that
- at any rate does part of the job for the firearms
- 7 officers. I am assuming there is more up there than
- 8 I know about.
- 9 A. That's exactly right, sir, yes.
- 10 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Here, when Mr Mansfield embarked on it,
- 11 we are talking about non-authorised critical shot
- 12 situations, where it does not follow that whoever is
- 13 controlling the operation from Scotland Yard knows any
- 14 more than the firearms officer knows, and he has to rely
- on his own judgment.
- 16 A. Yes, sir.
- 17 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: That's the essential difference, isn't
- 18 it?
- 19 A. Yes, sir. He has -- he's been asked in those
- 20 circumstances by the organisation, if you like, by the
- 21 MPS, to solely rely on his training, his judgment and
- 22 his experience in making that decision himself or
- 23 herself. Which is is not a very nice place to be.
- 24 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Mr Mansfield will forgive me, this is
- 25 a convenient moment to ask you the question I asked

- 1 Charlie 5. I didn't realise that you had been promoted.
- 2 Are you now a trainer?
- 3 A. No, sir, no, I am not. I am a senior tactical adviser
- 4 now, sir.
- 5 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: That was the other thing I was going to
- 6 ask you. You are a tactical adviser now, are you?
- 7 A. I am, sir, yes.
- 8 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: What was being put to Charlie 5, and
- 9 I suspect is going to be put to you, that those two
- 10 officers went into the Underground station carrying
- 11 their Glocks with the special ammunition to work in
- 12 relatively confined premises -- circumstances, with the
- 13 necessity if this turned out to be a suicide bomber to
- 14 take a critical shot --
- 15 A. Yes, sir.
- 16 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: -- intending to disable completely at
- 17 the earliest possible opportunity, first shot if
- 18 possible.
- 19 A. Yes, sir.
- 20 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: In such circumstances, Mr Mansfield
- 21 asked I think Charlie 5, the officer who's going to do
- this has to get up close.
- 23 A. Yes, sir.
- 24 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Really close?
- 25 A. I think if I can answer, the whole premise on which we

- 1 are having this conversation is the basis that they were
- 2 always going to shoot him. But of course when they
- 3 deployed down the stairs they were deploying purely to
- 4 detain --
- 5 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: No, that's not the premise. The
- 6 premise is if it turns out to be a suicide bomber --
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: It is hypothetical in this extent.
- 9 A. I understand that, sir, totally. I am just trying to
- 10 get --
- 11 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: If it does turn out to be a suicide
- bomber, in the circumstances in which they were, in
- a railway carriage, with no cover, everybody then
- 14 recognises and accepts that the officer has to get
- absolutely close up?
- 16 A. Yes, sir.
- 17 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: In order to be sure that the brain stem
- shot works, it's got to be pretty well point blank?
- 19 A. Yes, sir, absolutely.
- 20 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: What I asked Charlie 5 about and I'm
- 21 going to ask you about is: we have seen the contents of
- the ACPO firearms manual guidance.
- 23 A. Yes, sir.
- 24 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Can you think, have you ever heard of,
- 25 or been trained in or heard suggested any technique that

- 1 an officer can get right up close to an actual suicide
- bomber, challenge him, and not at least risk throwing
- 3 his own life away?
- 4 A. No, sir.
- 5 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Can you conceive of any technique that
- 6 could be devised? You have to get right up close to
- 7 him.
- 8 A. I can't, sir, because if you are dealing with
- 9 a suspected suicide bomber, as soon as you go overt, as
- 10 soon as you let the bomber know that you are a policeman
- 11 and you are on to him, what's the first thing he's going
- 12 to do? He is going to detonate the device and take as
- many people with him, so I can't think of any, sir.
- I can't think of any.
- 15 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Thank you. Mr Mansfield.
- 16 MR MANSFIELD: Yes, just following this through, it sounds
- 17 a bit like a discussion but it is important, you
- appreciate the significance of it for the future as well
- 19 as the past.
- 20 A. Yes, I do, sir.
- 21 Q. That's the close quarter situation. Now, before you get
- 22 to the close quarter situation in which you are almost
- 23 certainly going to have to not issue a warning, because
- that means you are going overt, and not wear your police
- 25 cap which means you are going overt, when you are in

- 1 a covert position, you have got to make an assessment,
- 2 right, so we are just back one stage, it may only be
- 3 split seconds but this is what the training is about,
- 4 you have got to make an assessment as to whether in fact
- 5 you are dealing with a suicide bomber; right?
- 6 A. Yes, sir. You are actually assessing the threat,
- 7 whether it be a suicide bomber or whatever, but you are
- 8 right, sir, yes, but it's the threat that you are
- 9 assessing, yes.
- 10 Q. Yes, I follow that.
- 11 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Mr Mansfield, don't misunderstand me,
- 12 none of those questions were intended to derogate from
- such opportunities as you have been investigating over
- 14 the last 27 days as to what other opportunities there
- were.
- 16 MR MANSFIELD: I am grateful, and in fact with this witness,
- if I may, I am going to deal with one opportunity that
- presented itself which wasn't in a tube train carriage.
- 19 So at a slightly prior stage, there has to be
- 20 an assessment by the officers, and I think you have
- 21 agreed with Trojan 84's point that he made, that when
- 22 they went down the escalators, they were duty-bound to
- 23 make an assessment, however quick it happened?
- 24 A. Yes, I agree with that, sir, yes.
- 25 Q. You do?

- 1 A. Yes, I do, sir.
- 2 Q. This is very specific but it relates again to training,
- 3 and it may be there isn't any, but one of the ways, in
- fact one of the common ways for a belt or a vest to be
- 5 detonated is via a 9-volt battery which is contained in
- 6 a pocket with a wire from the battery to the vest or the
- 7 belt, and another wire which has to be connected to the
- 8 battery to make a circuit. Are you familiar with all
- 9 that?
- 10 A. I am aware of that, sir, yes.
- 11 Q. In order to do that, in other words to make that
- 12 circuit, are officers trained to see whether a hand is
- in a pocket or goes into a pocket in order to accomplish
- 14 that?
- 15 A. Well, first of all, sir, before I answer, I am not
- actually on the training staff at the minute, so I am
- not actually up to date with current training profiles
- and what they do on the SFO training side of things.
- 19 However, from my own personal experience, if you
- 20 want to take that?
- 21 Q. Yes, it is.
- 22 A. I have had no training specifically around that type of
- thing, no, sir.
- 24 Q. I am going to take it forward and I want to come to
- 25 a particular situation which is not in the tube station

- 1 itself. Can I just ask you this: you mentioned a couple
- 2 of motorcycles?
- 3 A. Yes, sir.
- 4 Q. Were they out of action that day, although they were
- 5 there for various reasons?
- 6 A. Yes, it was a big disappointment to us, sir, that the
- 7 motorbikes didn't work, I have to say. Mechanically
- 8 they worked, that's not what I mean. What I mean is --
- 9 Q. The radios.
- 10 A. The radios just did not work at all, and they weren't
- 11 any use to us whatsoever. If you can't communicate with
- 12 them there is no point in them being there, and that was
- disappointing, yes.
- 14 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: We have heard a lot about the
- 15 shortcomings of the radios.
- 16 A. Can I say, sir, I know that you're interested in the
- 17 radios because obviously I have been following some of
- 18 it. We have now -- we no longer have the Cougar system.
- 19 The Cougar system was a military system which had
- 20 an encryption in it which was ideal for our purposes at
- 21 the time because of the security issues around
- 22 counter-terrorist operations.
- 23 Because it was a military system, it was based on
- the plain open fields of Germany and things like that,
- so it wasn't ideal to urban stuff, so it wasn't a

- 1 perfect system for us, but it has since been replaced.
- 2 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: As Mr Mansfield says, we are thinking
- 3 about the future as well.
- 4 A. Absolutely, sir, yes.
- 5 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Is this Airwave now, or has that been
- 6 superseded --
- 7 A. The generic term is Airwave, sir, yes. It's much
- 8 better.
- 9 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Is it much better or a little bit
- 10 better?
- 11 A. In my view, and I'm no radio expert, sir, in my view it
- is 120 per cent better.
- 13 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: And it works underground?
- 14 A. Well, I can talk to somebody on it. I can actually talk
- 15 to somebody on it.
- 16 MR MANSFIELD: We really have entered the 21st century.
- 17 A. Exactly, sir, yes.
- 18 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: It copes with the Underground as well?
- 19 A. It does now, sir, yes. It took a while to get that
- 20 established but it does now and it's perfect and we've
- 21 tested it on several times on several exercises.
- 22 MR MANSFIELD: Does it follow that the people who couldn't
- use the motorcycles go into the cars, is that how it
- 24 works, or they sit around on motorcycles not able to
- 25 participate?

- 1 A. That was basically it, sir, yes.
- 2 Q. I am going to move on and now you're going to need your
- 3 statement, because as people have said many times, it's
- 4 not a memory test.
- 5 There are two situations I want to ask you about,
- 6 it's the one in a sense for you very near the beginning.
- 7 Could we have 362 on screen, please. That's the page
- 8 dealing with one of the two topics I want to follow up.
- 9 I realise you prefaced this by saying it was
- 10 a clumsy attempt in your statement, but I just want to,
- 11 because you have given evidence about all of this as
- well in the Health and Safety trial:
- "Whilst at Nightingale Lane and on route ..."
- Do you see that halfway down the page?
- 15 A. Yes, sir.
- 16 Q. "... on route to Tulse Hill in Trojan 805B together with
- 17 Charlie Eleven and Charlie Three when we received
- information via the radio that a white male had left the
- 19 premises ..."
- 20 I'm going to split it up so that you have time to
- 21 think. You are sure you received that information, that
- a white male had left the premises?
- 23 A. Yes, sir.
- 24 Q. There was no suggestion that he was a suspect?
- 25 A. No, sir, not at that time, sir, no, it was just a white

- 1 male.
- 2 Q. The actual sentence is:
- 3 "... and was on board a number 2 bus heading towards
- 4 Marble Arch ..."
- 5 A. Yes, sir.
- 6 Q. Were you told that as well at the same time?
- 7 A. No, sir, no, and that, that's where I have been clumsy
- 8 in my statement writing and I accept that totally. The
- 9 initial radio message was a white male has come out of
- 10 the premises and then subsequently whilst en route to
- 11 the TA Centre, I received further information to say
- 12 that he is on a bus, number 2 bus heading towards Marble
- 13 Arch.
- 14 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: It's two separate messages.
- 15 A. Yes, sir, what I have done is put them together because
- 16 I was travelling towards the TA Centre and the
- information came over whilst I was en route to it;
- 18 I just tried to narrow it down.
- 19 MR MANSFIELD: Well, I just want to pursue it a little bit,
- 20 because we do know that officers were sent in pursuit,
- 21 I am really wanting to find out from you, you know, how
- 22 much either you did or didn't know about what was going
- 23 on.
- 24 The sentence is expressed in those terms, that
- a white male had left a premises, was on board a number

- 1 2, going towards Marble Arch:
- 2 "... we were instructed... to 'get behind the
- 3 suspect' ..."
- 4 A. Yes, sir.
- 5 Q. Then:
- "... we were also given a description subsequently
- 7 as an IC2 male ..."
- 8 A. Yes, sir.
- 9 Q. At the trial, your recollection was again slightly
- 10 different to now, and there is no criticism in that, it
- 11 can change from time to time. Can we have, please,
- Monday 15 October, page 147 at the bottom. You are
- being asked by counsel for the prosecution, right at the
- 14 bottom, line 22; can you see that?
- 15 A. I can, sir, yes.
- 16 Q. It says:
- 17 "Question: Right, let me see if we can get the
- 18 timing on that."
- 19 Meaning get behind the subject, so it looks as if
- 20 she's gone through exactly the same sentence as we just
- 21 have?
- 22 A. Yes, sir.
- 23 Q. "The first call is that a white male has left the
- 24 premises and is on board a bus."
- 25 You say:

- 1 "Yes."
- 2 Are we to understand that at the time you gave
- 3 evidence last year you had not registered that in fact
- 4 these were separate messages?
- 5 A. No, sir. I can probably easily explain it by when I was
- 6 giving evidence at the Health and Safety trial and I was
- 7 being asked these questions, some of the times when
- 8 I gave the answers I wasn't actually referring to my
- 9 statement as it was written down in my statement, I was
- 10 relying on recollection and perhaps I didn't get it
- 11 quite as accurately as I should have done.
- 12 Q. I understand that. Can we go to 148:
- "Question: Were you told where the bus was?
- 14 "Answer: We were told that it was a number 2 bus
- and it was heading towards Marble Arch. That is my
- 16 recollection, my Lord.
- 17 "Question: And were you told to do anything about
- it at that stage?
- 19 "Answer: No, ma'am. My understanding was that this
- 20 man was of no concern to us at this stage and was going
- 21 to be stopped subsequently by officers from the
- 22 Anti-Terrorist Branch."
- 23 Trying to, as it were, disengage things that have
- 24 been elided, you did hear about a white man coming out,
- and it was your understanding that that man was going to

- 1 be stopped?
- 2 A. Yes, sir.
- 3 Q. Is that much right?
- 4 A. Yes, sir. I mean, since then I have obviously found out
- 5 since then that there was a change in the description of
- 6 the suspect from an IC1 male to an IC2 male, but at that
- 7 particular time when I was writing my statement, my
- 8 understanding was that the suspect had got on to a bus,
- 9 was moving off towards Marble Arch and subsequently we
- 10 were told to get behind the bus.
- 11 Q. That makes sense alongside, if I can just follow
- 12 through, when you were travelling behind the bus, what
- did you think had happened to the people who were going
- 14 to stop the person who you first heard about?
- 15 A. If I am perfectly honest, it wasn't top of my worry
- list, to be honest, sir.
- 17 Q. I appreciate it's not top of your worry list, and one
- understands that, but it would have some consideration
- 19 because you would not want to be following somebody if
- there was an unarmed SO13 team, as it transpires there
- 21 was, racing along another road to get to the bus,
- 22 possibly before you -- and I'll just finish it off --
- 23 because the risks of that -- not top of your list, of
- course -- is blue on blue?
- 25 A. Absolutely, sir, and I understand where you are coming

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1 from with that question. The assumption is obviously
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- 2 that they would have been called off; if a decision has
- 3 been made for a CO19 unit to get behind a suspect, then
- 4 the inference from that, as far as I was concerned, is
- 5 that it was now a CO19 deployment and any unarmed
- 6 officers who had been tasked to deal with it would be
- 7 drawn off.
- 8 As regards the blue on blue aspects, that is
- 9 absolutely right, sir, but you have to bear in mind that
- 10 there was hundreds of unarmed people on the road from
- 11 Stockwell to Brixton to the tube station that day. It
- 12 wasn't just unarmed police officers; there was lots of
- 13 unarmed police officers, and we were well aware of all
- 14 that risk.
- 15 Q. I understand that. What it comes to is that nobody, for
- one reason or another, had told you that in fact they
- 17 had been called off; in fact at quite a late point,
- 18 namely they had already got to Stockwell tube, done
- 19 a U-turn in the road and were coming up behind the bus;
- 20 right? Do you know that now?
- 21 A. Obviously I know that now, sir, yes.
- 22 Q. Can I move on to the Stockwell situation, and that is
- 23 the junction. We are all familiar with it. I am not
- going to ask for it to come up on the screen. If you
- 25 want to see the compilation you can. The position is

- 1 that the Mercedes in front of you is in a queue of
- traffic coming up to the lights?
- 3 A. Yes, sir.
- 4 Q. We have seen on the compilation, and you may well have,
- 5 that the Mercedes comes out at one point and tries to
- 6 squeeze in a bit further up?
- 7 A. Yes, sir.
- 8 Q. In this line of traffic, you are the next police vehicle
- 9 down?
- 10 A. Yes, sir.
- 11 Q. That's the situation I want to concentrate on. You have
- 12 made it very clear at the Health and Safety trial and
- here today that at that point, if in fact you had had
- the order to stop and you had called state red, I'll
- 15 leave aside all the intermediate stages, you could have
- 16 intervened because you had heard he was getting off the
- 17 bus?
- 18 A. I believe we could have done, sir, yes.
- 19 Q. What I want to ask you is a number of questions. The
- 20 first is this, if you can answer it: if you had then,
- and the one in front of you, the car in front and the
- 22 car behind, all, as it were, been galvanised into action
- 23 by state red, can you help us as to how you would have
- 24 performed the intervention above ground, in other words
- 25 between the bus and the entrance to the escalators?

- 1 A. I have got no problems talking tactics with you,
- 2 whatsoever, sir, but I just need a bit of guidance in
- 3 relation to the sensitive nature of what we are about to
- 4 discuss in relation to future counter-terrorist
- 5 operations.
- 6 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: We all look at Mr Horwell.
- 7 MR HORWELL: Yes. I think I know what Ralph is referring
- 8 to. I am not certain. I wonder if --
- 9 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Do you want me to rise for five
- 10 minutes?
- 11 MR HORWELL: If I can have a few minutes with him.
- 12 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: That's the sensible way of dealing with
- it, isn't it, Mr Mansfield?
- 14 MR MANSFIELD: Yes, I am happy with it.
- 15 MR HORWELL: I am sure everyone appreciates the importance.
- 16 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Let me know as soon as you are ready to
- 17 carry on.
- 18 (2.35 pm)
- 19 (A short break)
- 20 (2.45 pm)
- 21 (In the presence of the jury)
- 22 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Yes, Mr Horwell.
- 23 MR HORWELL: Sir, thank you very much, I am sorry it took so
- long. This witness, for obvious reasons, is extremely
- 25 reluctant to go into the details as to how they might

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1 have organised the stop at street level. I of course
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- 2 accept that Mr Mansfield isn't seeking to elicit those
- 3 details from him. We will see where the questioning
- 4 goes, but it's only fair to this witness that we all
- 5 understand the reasons for the need for confidentiality,
- and Ralph's continued view, subject of course to
- 7 whatever ruling you may make, that how the police would
- 8 have organised a stop in these circumstances is a matter
- 9 that must remain confidential, otherwise the terrorists
- 10 may well gain knowledge that will assist them in the
- 11 future.
- 12 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Well, I understand that. It may be --
- 13 put it this way, I am certainly not about to try to make
- 14 a ruling about something I know nothing about.
- 15 MR HORWELL: I know that, sir.
- 16 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: If you are content that Mr Mansfield
- 17 proceeds with caution, we both, I think, rely on you to
- 18 intervene --
- 19 MR HORWELL: Of course.
- 20 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: -- if we get to a point and it may be
- 21 that we may have to take steps (a) to investigate what
- 22 it is we are talking about in appropriate conditions,
- 23 and get a ruling.
- 24 MR HORWELL: Yes.
- 25 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: All right. There you are,

- 1 Mr Mansfield. Proceed, as they say, on amber.
- 2 MR MANSFIELD: Yes.
- 3 I think I can do it without trespassing on anything
- 4 you are worried about. First of all, and it's rather
- 5 obvious, the situation above ground is very different to
- 6 close quarters inside a tube train carriage, isn't it?
- 7 A. It can be sir, yes, and I accept the premise, but of
- 8 course it does depend on the crowd, I mean, the crowd
- 9 outside the entrance to Stockwell tube station some days
- 10 can be just as busy as the platform 1 underground, but
- 11 I accept what you are trying to say, sir, but it's not
- 12 always like that.
- 13 Q. No, no, and of course, but this applies to all firearms
- 14 situations, they are fluid, they can be moving, people
- 15 get in the way, you have to make allowances and so on?
- 16 A. Yes, sir.
- 17 Q. So I am appreciating, obviously, that there may be more
- 18 people. But what I want to get to is that of course you
- 19 have many more options at your disposal, one of which is
- 20 you don't necessarily have to do it right up close with
- 21 a critical shot?
- 22 A. No, I understand, sir, but then if you say critical
- shot, obviously that would have to be authorised,
- 24 a critical shot.
- 25 Q. Well, yes, I am dealing with a non-authorised because

- 1 I am trying to deal with the situation as it was on the
- 2 22nd. You are at the junction or just before it, and
- 3 the lights?
- 4 A. Yes, sir.
- 5 Q. As if you have been given state red. You say you could
- 6 have organised a stop at that stage because you were
- 7 within reach of a man walking across the junction?
- 8 A. Yes, sir.
- 9 Q. I have asked the others this so I had better ask you.
- 10 You didn't actually see him walk across the junction?
- 11 A. No, sir, I didn't see him. I knew where he was because
- 12 of the surveillance commentary that was telling us where
- 13 he was.
- 14 Q. I follow that. If you and others had got out of your
- 15 cars above ground to go and stop him, I am not going to
- ask you the detail of how you would have done it, but
- 17 you would have had at your disposal not only close-up
- 18 weapons but weapons that could be used at distance?
- 19 A. Yes, sir, that's true.
- 20 Q. So therefore you could have, it's an option, depending
- on who's around and you have to work as a team, a proper
- 22 challenge, controlled challenge could have been used?
- 23 A. Yes, sir, that's true.
- 24 Q. I think for my purposes that's all I am going to
- 25 trespass into that area. You could have organised it,

- 1 and you had options available, more options, would it be
- 2 fair --
- 3 A. There are a number of options, you are right, sir.
- I won't go into detail but we have a number of options
- 5 for dealing with suicide bombers, killers. All of those
- options have consequences, so every single one of the
- 7 options that we offer up have consequences. Some
- 8 greater than others. It's a decision that needs to be
- 9 made by the Silver on the ground or by the Silver at
- 10 Scotland Yard, based on the best possible tactical
- 11 advice they can get from their tac adviser as to what
- 12 option they take. Now, the decision will ultimately
- 13 rest with the Silver for that deployment. The tactical
- 14 advisers are just to give advice around those options
- and point out the consequences of them and the benefits
- 16 and the advantages, but the ultimate decision rests with
- 17 the Silver, if that --
- 18 Q. It does help. I was actually going to move into, away
- 19 from the fact that you could have organised it, back to
- 20 command control and communications again. Because you
- 21 have been asked some questions, but I just want to flesh
- 22 it out a bit, and before I do, is it right that firearms
- 23 operations that you are normally involved with are
- controlled on the ground, if you follow me?
- 25 A. It has to be said, sir, that that's absolutely right.

```
The majority, the majority of firearms operations that
 1
 2
         we get involved in, that's specialist firearms officers
 3
         as opposed to ARVs or anyone else, are what we call
         authorised and are therefore controlled by a command
 4
 5
         structure in place on the ground, that is true.
             However, that's not to say that they are not all
 6
 7
         like that. We do run kidnaps and hostage rescues and
         some manhunts on the very same basis, a very similar
 8
 9
         type command structure that you would have for a Kratos,
10
         only in the sense that it's all run from Scotland Yard.
11
         So you would have a senior investigating officer, you
         would have all the ancillary people to help him, based
12
         in a central command room at Scotland Yard, and they
13
         would be running the investigation or whatever that was,
14
15
         the kidnap, the hostage or whatever from there, and
16
         relaying instructions down to the officers on the
         ground, which includes firearms officers, and all the
17
         ancillaries for that, including tactical advisers,
18
         a Silver and firearms team.
19
20
             So whilst 80 per cent doesn't have that, we still do
2.1
         run them on that basis. So does that help, sir?
        Yes, thank you. The 20 per cent are more often than
22
         not, that is the 20 per cent that are run from
23
24
         Scotland Yard, static situations where there is somebody
```

kidnapped in premises or a hostage or whatever it is,

- 1 and the question is when to go in or not to go in, it's
- 2 that kind of event?
- 3 A. I wish it was, sir, if I was honest with you, but sadly
- 4 they are not always from static positions. 90 per cent
- 5 of the operation is about trying to find out where that
- 6 static position is. So you spend three days driving
- 7 around London trying to find it, and that's where the
- 8 command structure comes in on the ground then as you
- 9 have quite rightly said, because when you are being
- 10 deployed from Scotland Yard, the officers on the ground
- 11 are getting the directions and you need that command
- 12 structure on the ground to direct them in the right way.
- So you know, I have been out on kidnaps for six days,
- 14 until eventually we have found the stronghold where the
- 15 person is being held and we manage to rescue them, so
- I understand what you are saying, sir.
- 17 Q. This one here, that's the MASTS operation, mobile armed
- 18 support situation, is being, as we know on this
- 19 occasion, run from New Scotland Yard. Was your
- 20 understanding that actually all the key decisions other
- 21 than state red, or perhaps even state red, but all the
- 22 key decisions are actually coming from New Scotland
- 23 Yard, is that right?
- 24 A. That's correct, sir, yes. That's my understanding then
- and it is now.

- 1 Q. Does that include state red, in other words you are just
- 2 a vehicle of passing that on or is it still your
- 3 discretion?
- 4 A. Basically, sir, I do not want to go over it again
- 5 because I know we have covered it, but state green and
- 6 state amber will all come from the Silver.
- 7 Q. I am coming to him.
- 8 A. Right, okay. I only get involved when it goes to state
- 9 amber. As soon as it goes to state amber, it's my job
- 10 then to try to implement the tactical decisions that
- 11 Silver has made using the resources I have at my
- 12 disposal. I am not a decision-maker, I am a doer, if
- 13 you like; I do what you want me to do and use my
- 14 resources in order to do it.
- 15 Q. I am working backwards from a situation where you are
- 16 the doer at the traffic lights and were in a position to
- do, but actually by the time you are asked to do, I want
- 18 to suggest it's almost too late. So we will come to
- 19 that.
- Now, when you were at the lights not able to give
- 21 state red at that point but you knew he was getting off
- 22 the bus, it is important, if the whole operation is
- 23 actually being governed from New Scotland Yard, that
- there is accurate information being passed between New
- 25 Scotland Yard and yourselves, the firearms team, and the

- other way around; you agree?
- 2 A. I think that's fair, sir, yes. Can I just make one
- 3 point? We were still at state green at that time, sir.
- 4 Q. I know you were. I will come to whose responsibility it
- 5 was to put you into amber in a second. What I'm trying
- 6 to isolate, if I may, through you is what has gone wrong
- 7 here on this occasion. That's the frame.
- 8 So you agree that it is important for there to be
- 9 accurate information about where everybody is. From the
- 10 firearms team, who is responsible for ensuring that New
- 11 Scotland Yard know where the team is?
- 12 A. I think that would rest with Trojan 84, sir.
- 13 Q. Right. Now, Trojan 84 and Silver, as the jury have the
- small plan now, can see, are in a control car which is
- actually at the rear of the convoy?
- 16 A. Yes, sir, I think they were at the back end of the
- 17 convoy, yes.
- 18 Q. But in normal firearms terms, since that's the
- 19 procedure, that shouldn't make any difference when you
- 20 are actually, as it were, in convoy in pursuit because
- 21 you should be in close enough contact to know from
- 22 a control car where the rest of the convoy is; is that
- 23 fair?
- 24 A. I think that is fair, sir, but it does depend on the
- 25 traffic.

- 1 Q. Of course.
- 2 A. It does depend $\operatorname{\mathsf{--}}$ the state of traffic is at the time
- 3 and what's happening in that sense because obviously the
- 4 control car is trying to keep up but he can't always get
- 5 there, as the same with any of the cars in the convoy.
- 6 Q. If he can't get there, and I am trying to do this not
- 7 with hindsight but with foresight, or he's lost track of
- 8 the cars in front because you have got separated in
- 9 heavy traffic, then it's his job -- by which I mean it's
- 10 the control car's job -- to ensure that he does know
- 11 where the lead cars are in case you have to go into
- 12 action and they have to take decisions. Now, that's
- fair, isn't it?
- 14 A. I think it is fair, sir, that he should know where his
- 15 cars are, but in this particular instance I don't think
- 16 that the control car was that far behind us, was it?
- 17 Q. No, it wasn't, exactly.
- In fact, as you have indicated, well, we know now
- 19 that Charlie 12 and his car are on the other road and
- they are not in the convoy. I leave him out of it. For
- 21 the convoy that you are in, you are the second car,
- there are in fact not six but five cars in the lineup?
- 23 A. Yes, sir.
- 24 Q. Right?
- 25 A. Yes, sir.

- 1 Q. He is not far behind. I want to take you through this
- 2 sequence. I am not suggesting you know but so that you
- 3 are put in the picture of this. Could we have tab 48,
- 4 please, in the jury's bundle, page 78 in my paging. It
- 5 will come up on screen and save you having to look it
- 6 up.
- Now, this is Commander Dick's decision log. Have
- 8 you ever seen this before?
- 9 A. Only when it's been on the screen, sir, while I have
- 10 been watching the live feed.
- 11 Q. All right. This is a decision log which she wrote up
- later but you will see it's a decision made at 10.01:
- 13 "Subject believed to be Nettle Tip cannot be allowed
- 14 to enter tube system. He must be arrested before by
- 15 SO19."
- 16 If you run your eye to the next paragraph you will
- see that what she is writing up relates to the stage at
- 18 Stockwell:
- 19 "This is (STOCKWELL) the tube entrance where one of
- 20 the suspects entered the system yesterday."
- 21 Then it goes over the page with various reasons why
- 22 it isn't Kratos but there is a necessity for you, that
- is SO19, to do the stop.
- It has two times, one at 10.01 and one at 10.02.
- Now, that's the first stage. The bus has in fact

- 1 arrived at the bus stop with an officer on it called
- 2 Lawrence who is describing that the person is about to
- 3 get off the bus at this point.
- 4 Are you following all right or am I going too fast?
- 5 A. No, I think I am managing to cope, sir.
- 6 Q. Point taken, all right, I'll speed up. As you see,
- 7 I wouldn't make a very good firearms officer.
- 8 So if you just, we are now on the next page, 79, see
- 9 the next decision which says, "See the previous
- 10 decision", but it's saying:
- "Subject must be arrested (if necessary by SO12
- 12 although this is far less preferable ...)
- "See previous decision: subject has entered [the]
- tube entrance. SO12 still with him but CO19 not there
- 15 yet."
- 16 Well, that was plainly wrong, wasn't it?
- 17 A. We were there, sir, yes.
- 18 Q. You were there. I'm going to pause at this point. Were
- 19 you aware that the control car who is as you have said
- 20 not far behind you are relaying messages to New Scotland
- 21 Yard suggesting, that is TJ84 and Silver, both of them
- 22 are telling New Scotland Yard that you are not in
- a position to do the stop. Now, did you know that's
- 24 what they were saying?
- 25 A. No, I didn't know at the time, sir, no.

- 1 Q. Did you discover, have you discovered, before I just put
- it to you, that that's what they were saying?
- 3 A. No, sir.
- 4 Q. So until I have put it to you, minutes ago, you never
- 5 knew?
- 6 A. No, sir, I must say I do know, sir, now, but I didn't
- 7 know at the time.
- 8 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: If they were talking to New Scotland
- 9 Yard, we heard the other day, they would have been doing
- it on a mobile phone?
- 11 A. I would think so, sir, yes. I think that was --
- 12 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Of course you wouldn't hear it.
- 13 A. No, sir.
- 14 MR MANSFIELD: Of course the point I just want to follow
- 15 through with you is that they have chosen, both of them,
- in fact in Silver's case -- and I have the references if
- 17 necessary, but take it from me for the moment -- Silver
- 18 twice, once much earlier but once at this point
- 19 approaching the Stockwell lights repeats to New Scotland
- 20 Yard, and TJ84 in the end said he may have said the same
- 21 because he thought he was behind the wrong bus, both are
- 22 saying to New Scotland Yard they are not in a position
- 23 to do the stop without having ascertained where the
- 24 convoy is.
- 25 I say that because they never contacted you, did

- 1 they?
- 2 A. I have no recollection, sir, no.
- 3 Q. You would certainly remember somebody saying to you: can
- 4 you do the stop?
- 5 A. I would think so, sir, yes.
- 6 Q. So you think you would remember that, and you have no
- 7 recollection of being asked whether you can do the stop.
- 8 Well, I put it round the other way. Is the 75
- 9 back-to-back channel just switched on permanently at
- 10 this point so that if you want to communicate from the
- 11 control car to you, it doesn't require a mobile phone
- 12 call; all that Trojan 84 or Silver has to do is to say,
- 13 however he would address you, whatever your real name
- is, and just say, "Look, we have been asked to stop,
- they want us to do it, can you do it?" Would he just
- use the 75 back-to-back?
- 17 A. He could do, sir, yes.
- 18 Q. Yes. So you are unaware of this traffic going back and
- forth because it's on a mobile phone, nobody asks you;
- 20 are you aware of any situation in which during this
- 21 time -- and we know there is a held telephone call
- 22 between the surveillance leader and New Scotland Yard
- 23 while he is waiting for a decision -- were you aware of
- 24 any traffic by which officers under your command or even
- 25 yourself were saying, "We can do it, we can do it"?

- 1 A. No, sir, no, not at all.
- 2 Q. Right.
- 3 A. I would just like to make one comment, sir, if I may on
- 4 what you have just said. I know both those officers,
- 5 both Mr Purser and Trojan 84, and I can honestly say
- 6 that if they felt at that time that there was no -- that
- 7 they weren't in a position to do it, they must have had
- 8 good reason for that. I can't see them saying that they
- 9 are not in a position to do it when they thought that
- 10 they actually were. I don't know what the reason was,
- 11 sir, I can't help you there, but I would find it
- 12 difficult to believe that, you know, they could be
- 13 confused about that. So they must have had good reason
- 14 for saying --
- 15 Q. I want to suggest to you they did not have good reason.
- In one case Trojan 84 thought he was behind the wrong
- bus and probably maybe he was behind the wrong bus but
- it's not that distance away, that's the reason he gave,
- 19 he couldn't quite remember whether he had said it but
- 20 accepted he may have said that he wasn't in a position
- 21 because it was the wrong bus. Silver says it was
- 22 because he didn't actually know where the rest of the
- convoy was. So that's not a good reason, is it?
- 24 A. Well, it's a good reason for them, sir. If you don't
- 25 know where the convoy is, you don't know where your

- assets are and it may be difficult to deploy them in
- 2 that sense.
- 3 Q. Well --
- 4 A. I really do not want to speak on behalf of Mr Purser in
- 5 that sense or Trojan 84, it's just that the only point
- I was trying to make was if they have taken a view that
- 7 they are not in a position to do an intervention, then
- 8 it must have been an honestly-held view at that
- 9 particular time.
- 10 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: We have seen a video sequence and Tom,
- 11 if he can find it, can bring it up, with the Mercedes
- 12 which was the lead, the Alpha car, doing what in other
- 13 circumstances would have been a slightly startling
- 14 manoeuvre by going on the wrong side of the road.
- 15 That's it, thank you very much.
- Were you the next car behind the Mercedes?
- 17 A. I was the one following them, sir, yes.
- 18 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: You were just behind them?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 MR MANSFIELD: I think we can just see your car coming out
- 21 there.
- 22 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: You were about to do the same thing,
- 23 maybe. Where do you reckon the control car was at this
- 24 point in time?
- 25 A. I thought it was just two or three cars behind us, sir.

- 1 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: In that line of traffic?
- 2 A. Yes, sir.
- 3 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Can you remember where you were in
- 4 relation to all this when you heard the orders, "Don't
- 5 let him go down the tube, stop him before he goes down
- 6 the tube".
- 7 A. No, I can't, sir, but I can be general if that will do.
- 8 It was in that area, generally in that area, traffic
- 9 lights, yes, sir.
- 10 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: This is what at the moment is baffling
- 11 me, because at that point if you are right, the control
- 12 car was a couple of cars behind you and in full view?
- 13 Yes.
- 14 A. It may have been, sir, yes.
- 15 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: If that's where it happened.
- 16 A. I wasn't aware of the location of the control car, sir.
- I was focusing completely on what was happening.
- 18 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: I know, but what I am tying it up to is
- 19 when the order was given, "Stop him going down the
- 20 tube". Your best recollection is that you were where
- 21 this picture is, there or thereabouts; is that right?
- 22 A. Yes, sir.
- 23 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Thank you.
- 24 MR MANSFIELD: I think because of what you have not heard,
- 25 you never heard any offer coming over, any kind of

- 1 communication from SO12 that they could do the stop.
- 2 A. No, sir, not at all.
- 3 Q. And they were hanging on waiting for a decision so you
- 4 didn't know anything about that?
- 5 A. No, I wasn't aware of that at all, sir.
- 6 Q. It follows, I can just complete the picture here, you
- 7 were unaware that the SO13 car was probably, and I don't
- 8 put it higher because of the way in which Mr Dingemans
- 9 has answered questions, but was probably in amongst all
- 10 that traffic as well; you didn't know about him?
- 11 A. No, sir, not at all, no idea about that.
- 12 Q. You didn't know that just round the corner into
- 13 Clapham Road and High Street and so on, back down that
- 14 way, another of your vehicles had pulled up and was
- 15 feeling frustrated?
- 16 A. No, sir, I didn't know where the Delta car was at that
- 17 time.
- 18 Q. Right. Just moving forward, you were unaware of all
- 19 this that I have been putting to you, and of course the
- 20 person who -- and I'm going to put it to you -- should
- 21 have been in control of this situation on the ground in
- 22 order to provide the central control with information is
- the Silver. The Silver's in charge, isn't he?
- 24 A. The Silver has ultimate responsibility, sir, yes, but he
- 25 shares that responsibility and takes advice from his

- 1 tactical adviser and other sources, but the Silver
- 2 ultimately is responsible for the operation and the
- 3 deployment, yes.
- 4 Q. As you mentioned in passing a moment ago, and quite
- 5 right, the responsibility for getting you all into
- 6 position and ready, in other words assembling the
- 7 resources ready for a state red command, is Silver.
- 8 Silver does the amber decision?
- 9 A. Yes, sir, that's correct.
- 10 Q. Because this wasn't a normal firearms situation, he
- 11 couldn't do it on his own. He had to get authority from
- 12 New Scotland Yard to call amber?
- 13 A. That's certainly my understanding of the situation, sir,
- 14 yes.
- 15 Q. But then this is a Catch 22 situation, isn't it? How is
- 16 New Scotland Yard going to authorise him to call amber
- 17 unless he, Silver on the ground, has told them that it's
- okay to call amber? Are you following?
- 19 A. I do follow you, sir, but I can't answer you.
- 20 Q. You can't answer?
- 21 A. No, sir, sorry.
- 22 Q. What I am really, as it were, rather slowly plodding
- 23 towards, is that it's not very satisfactory trying to
- 24 run something like this from a distance in New Scotland
- 25 Yard when really these are decisions that have to be

- 1 taken on the ground, operational decisions; is that not
- 2 right?
- 3 A. I think there is a general amount of sympathy for that
- 4 view, sir --
- 5 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Particularly from firearms officers --
- 6 A. It's funny you should say that.
- 7 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: -- I dare say.
- 8 A. I think we do have to temper it slightly with
- 9 a realistic perspective in the sense that all the
- 10 information, all the intelligence and I'm sure we won't
- 11 forget how serious this is, all of that stuff is coming
- into Scotland Yard, all that information and
- 13 intelligence, so the view has to be taken that whoever
- 14 the senior officer is that's making those really
- 15 important decisions, where is the best place for them to
- 16 be? Probably where all that intelligence is coming in
- so they can get the picture. That's one of the reasons
- 18 why firearms officers like myself are told: you have to
- 19 trust the intelligence; you mustn't act on your own; you
- 20 have to, you know, understand that what they tell you is
- 21 true and accurate. But as you quite rightly identified,
- 22 sir, there can be some issues with that specific type of
- 23 command and control, one of them probably being the
- issue that you have raised.
- 25 However I do understand totally why that system is

- 1 in place. We do need a chain of command in place. You
- 2 do need a senior officer to take responsibility for that
- 3 very serious decision of critical shot authorised.
- 4 Somebody needs to take that, it's way above my payscale,
- I am not going to do it. So somebody needs to do it,
- 6 and I think it's right and proper that somebody of that
- 7 rank does.
- 8 Whether there is another system that we can do it,
- 9 I have no idea and I'm sure there is reviews going on
- 10 now as we speak about that, but at that particular
- 11 moment in time that was the best system we had in place
- 12 to deal with this unprecedented threat from these people
- 13 who want to kill us.
- 14 Q. That is understood. However, this wasn't a Kratos
- 15 authorised situation, was it?
- 16 A. No, you are right, sir, it wasn't, no --
- 17 Q. Therefore --
- 18 A. Sorry to interrupt. I was speaking specifically about
- 19 the command system that remained(?) in place.
- 20 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Essentially what you are saying here is
- 21 that Scotland Yard control room has a much greater
- 22 access to overall intelligence than the people on the
- 23 ground?
- 24 A. Absolutely, sir.
- 25 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: In those circumstances your view is

- 1 however much you would like to be able to do it
- 2 yourselves, you have to leave it to them?
- 3 A. That's exactly right, sir, and on a normal job, if we
- 4 had a control car with the decision-maker in the car
- 5 with us, he would have his intelligence officer sitting
- 6 next to him with his detective sergeant who would be
- 7 getting his phone calls.
- 8 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: But that is a sort of small, local
- 9 operation.
- 10 A. That is exactly right, sir.
- 11 MR MANSFIELD: Sorry, if I may just intervene because
- 12 I think we are getting very close to the key position
- 13 here, it's not just for the small, local operation; this
- 14 wasn't Kratos or Clydesdale, it wasn't authorised; this
- was a conventional firearms operation in that sense,
- 16 wasn't it?
- 17 A. It was a conventional mobile armed support to
- surveillance, sir, but I wouldn't put it in the same
- 19 frame as a normal operation, because it obviously
- 20 wasn't, because (a) we were looking at suicide killers;
- 21 (b) we had a DSO in place; so I understand the point you
- 22 are trying to make, but I wouldn't put it in the same
- 23 level as a normal mobile armed support to surveillance,
- 24 because normally when we do a normal mobile armed
- 25 support to surveillance, we don't have a DSO in place.

- 1 We don't have 1600 --
- 2 Q. Right. That's what I'm trying to get to. What I want
- 3 to suggest to you is one of the things that has
- 4 seriously gone wrong here is that the Silver on the
- 5 ground hasn't called amber when it should have been
- 6 called so you are actually all better prepared at
- 7 a situation when they know he's getting off the bus,
- 8 they have an officer in the bus, they know he's getting
- 9 off, they know it's Stockwell, and amber should have
- been called at that point, shouldn't it?
- 11 A. My own view, sir, is that amber should have been called
- 12 earlier, and I believe that had amber been called, or
- had we been told that we were going to do an
- intervention, then SO19 officers on the ground could
- 15 have conducted one. However --
- 16 Q. Thank you.
- 17 A. -- it's okay, sir, I am not trying to pre-empt the
- decisions by Silver or anyone else. That's simply my
- 19 view.
- 20 Q. Yes, well, that's accepted. What actually then happens
- is of course, can we go back to the decision log,
- tab 48, page 80, is that we have a decision 18 here,
- 23 I appreciate you have not seen it before or only on
- 24 screen. The bus has already been and gone, virtually,
- and you will see what's written up here:

- 1 "CO19 to arrest subject if possible in Underground
- 2 station before enters tube train."
- 3 Decision made at 10.05. We have seen the times on
- 4 the earlier decisions:
- 5 "Reason. Am informed CO19 are up with SO12.
- 6 Subject has gone down escalator."
- 7 Now, just to put the context on this, Cressida Dick
- 8 here claims that she would not have sent SO19 in if she
- 9 had known that he had gone down the escalators. Now,
- 10 are you aware that that's what she is saying here?
- 11 A. No, sir.
- 12 Q. However, it's clear from the decision log that when she
- is ordering SO19, she thinks the subject has gone down
- 14 the escalators, and would it be fair to say you assumed
- 15 by the time you were given the order to make state red,
- 16 that he almost certainly had gone down the escalators?
- 17 A. Yes, sir, that's fair.
- 18 Q. So that at that point in time, adopting the words of
- 19 Trojan 84, you were placed in an outrageous situation,
- 20 weren't you?
- 21 A. It was a fairly difficult one, sir, yes, I have to say.
- 22 Q. I am using his words.
- 23 A. Yes, sir.
- 24 Q. I have got very little else to ask you, other than --
- and it's not very pleasant but I want to do it

- 1 quickly -- you went down to the carriage itself and you
- 2 saw Jean Charles de Menezes' position; is that not
- 3 right?
- 4 A. Yes, sir, I did, yes.
- 5 Q. It's page 363, I don't ask for it to come up on screen.
- I just want to confirm with you that when you went in,
- 7 his lifeless body was face down on the seating; is that
- 8 right?
- 9 A. Yes, sir, that's correct.
- 10 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: From that description, with the upper
- 11 part of his body on the seat and the lower part of his
- 12 body on the floor?
- 13 A. That's right, sir, absolutely.
- 14 MR MANSFIELD: I have no other questions, thank you.
- 15 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Just going back for one moment to the
- 16 question of where these operations should be controlled
- from, and you effectively said, well, whatever, however
- 18 much we would like it otherwise, it has to be the Yard
- 19 because they have the intelligence.
- Is that affected or is it perhaps made even more
- 21 imperative that it should be done that way if, as this
- 22 morning, what was being undertaken was what -- was not
- one surveillance but two?
- 24 A. Yes, sir.
- 25 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Simultaneously.

- 1 A. Yes, sir, that's absolutely right.
- 2 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Indeed, possibly could have ended up,
- 3 and indeed may well have done, ended up as much as four.
- 4 A. Yes, that's absolutely right, sir. There was that many
- 5 operations running out of one place on that day.
- 6 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Thank you. Yes, Mr Stern.
- 7 MR STERN: Sir, it's not my turn but may I rise out of turn
- 8 for a moment. I told my learned friend Mr Gibbs that
- 9 I was going to.
- 10 You may recall that Mr Mansfield put to C2 in
- 11 relation to the words "definitely our man", that that
- 12 was and is a lie.
- 13 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Thank you.
- 14 MR MANSFIELD: Yes, sir, I am not going to repeat it with
- 15 every witness. There is a clear distinction. This
- 16 witness says it was said. Surveillance officers say it
- 17 wasn't said. I am not going to, as it were, flog
- 18 a division. There is clearly a division. He has
- 19 already said it was definitely said. If I put it to him
- 20 that it is not true, he will say: those are the words
- I heard. The surveillance officer on the other hand,
- 22 Lawrence, says he definitely did not say it. I think it
- 23 would be wasting a lot of time.
- 24 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Yes, it is perhaps more economical and
- 25 this is not a criminal trial. Effectively, we are to

- take it that you would say to any officer who says:
- 2 I heard it's definitely him.
- 3 MR MANSFIELD: Yes, and in fact it was dealt with by my
- 4 learned friend, in fact he went through it in-chief as
- 5 well, and I do not want to keep -- I am trying to speed
- 6 up a bit. It may not appear that way.
- 7 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Yes.
- 8 Right, Mr Gibbs.
- 9 Questions from MR GIBBS
- 10 MR GIBBS: Officer, I represent the red and grey
- 11 surveillance teams. On that phrase, "definitely our
- man", you were asked about it, I think, in a second
- 13 statement, and you were asked about it at the Health and
- 14 Safety trial at the Old Bailey; am I right?
- 15 A. Yes, sir, you are.
- 16 Q. Correct me if I have this wrong, but your memory is that
- 17 that came to you over the radio?
- 18 A. Yes, sir, that's correct, yes.
- 19 Q. I think your words both in your second statement and at
- 20 the Old Bailey were that you assumed that it had come
- from the surveillance officer?
- 22 A. I did, sir, yes.
- 23 Q. It's been suggested that you found yourselves, you and
- your colleagues found yourselves in a very difficult,
- 25 perhaps almost an impossible situation at Stockwell

- 1 tube. Do you agree with that?
- 2 A. I do, sir, yes. It was a horrible situation for anybody
- 3 to be in.
- 4 Q. If we were to be interested just for a moment in who it
- 5 was who had put you in that situation, should we be
- 6 looking, do you think, to the men who had decided to try
- 7 to kill us all on 7 July and on 21 July?
- 8 A. I actually agree 120 per cent with what you have just
- 9 said, sir, and I think the responsibility that those
- 10 individuals carry for everything that has happened
- 11 subsequently has been overlooked in my view.
- 12 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Thank you. Mr Stern.
- 13 Questions from MR STERN
- 14 MR STERN: Thank you, sir.
- 15 I represent C2 and C12.
- 16 A. Sir.
- 17 Q. Can I just follow through with you, please, on the state
- of mind that you had at various times leading up to
- 19 going into the tube?
- 20 A. Yes, sir.
- 21 Q. If we look at page 362 of your statement --
- 22 A. Yes, sir.
- 23 Q. -- line 9, you talk about your state of mind after the
- 24 briefing. You say:
- 25 "Given all the information I received during the

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1
         briefings in relation to the suspects there was no doubt
 2
         in my mind that there was a very real likelihood of
 3
         myself or my team having to deal with a deadly and
         determined suicide killer, who would not hesitate to
 4
 5
         kill himself, innocent members of the public and members
         of my team by means of initiating a concealed explosive
 6
 7
         device without hesitation in a crowded public area
         either a bus or an underground train."
 8
        That's absolutely true, sir, and I know we have heard
 9
         from Charlie 2 and 12 and other officers about their
10
11
         state of mind when they went down there, but, and I have
         mentioned this before and I'll say it again, is that we
12
         were running down that tube station knowing or believing
13
         that there was a suicide bomber down there by the name
14
         of Osman who had a real potential to detonate a device.
15
16
         He is not like the IRA who I have had lots of experience
         of dealing with, who generally don't want to kill
17
18
         themselves when they are killing other people. In order
19
         for this fella or these people to achieve their aim,
20
         which is to kill hundreds, they have to kill themselves,
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so we knew that when we went down there, there was

were all going to end up dead. And when you are

a good chance that if he saw us and detonated, then we

actually running down a tube station with that in the

back of your mind, it's not a very nice place to be,

2.1

22

23

24

2.5

- 1 I have to say.
- 2 Q. Well, this is the reality of the situation, isn't it?
- 3 A. It was, sir, it certainly was, yes, it was.
- 4 Q. What I want to ask you is this: when you are running
- 5 down a tube station, when you are in that station, faced
- 6 with someone who you know has been identified as
- 7 a suicide bomber from the previous day, how do you tell
- 8 whether or not that person has something hidden within
- 9 them or around them?
- 10 A. I don't know, sir. It's difficult, isn't it? I think
- 11 these police officers are experienced, highly trained,
- 12 and they just have to fall back on that training and
- 13 that experience and what they know, and make
- 14 an assessment based on what they see and the threat they
- 15 perceive at the time.
- I would just like to say, sir, 2 and 12, the
- officers 2 and 12, sir, they were not just making
- 18 a decision on that day for themselves and their
- 19 colleagues; they were actually making a threat
- 20 assessment and a decision based on every single person
- 21 on that train and in that Underground station. That is
- 22 what they were assessing, the threat not only to them
- and their colleagues but to everybody on that train, and
- 24 we mustn't forget, you know, that the damage and the
- 25 injury caused to those 52 people when the bombs went off

- on the 7th and all that is going through their mind and
- 2 all that responsibility has been put on their shoulders.
- 3 They have to make that decision, nobody else, just those
- 4 t.wo.
- 5 I am sorry.
- 6 Q. No, thank you. I wanted to ask if we could have the
- 7 maps brochure, page 1 up on the screen, please. You
- 8 don't have it there in front of you. We can see the
- 9 four people or at least the four people who were
- 10 directly responsible for killing all those people on
- 11 7 July. I think we can take it that when those eight
- 12 people died and those 205 people were injured at Aldgate
- 13 station, not one of them recognised that man on the left
- had a bomb in his rucksack?
- 15 A. No, I accept that completely, sir.
- 16 Q. If we look at the 27 people killed and the 451 people
- injured at King's Cross, that not one of those would
- have recognised that he had a bomb?
- 19 A. Absolutely, sir, and that's the nature of these
- 20 individuals, isn't it, because they don't want to get
- 21 compromised before they get to the target, they don't
- 22 want to be compromised, so it's in their own interest to
- 23 reach their target, therefore --
- 24 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Mr Stern, I don't really think this is
- 25 advancing this inquiry.

- 1 MR STERN: With respect, sir, we are asked and we have had
- 2 a number of comments made by my learned friend
- 3 Mr Mansfield that there are no guidelines and I am
- 4 asking what guidelines can there possibly be in terming
- 5 whether or not somebody has a bomb on them.
- 6 MR MANSFIELD: I am dealing with police officers, not
- 7 civilians sitting on the tube. I accept Mr Stern's
- 8 point, nobody, you can go through all of them, and we
- 9 all recognise the risk to the public and the damage to
- 10 the public. But we are also concerned with the public
- 11 who get wrongly killed by other means.
- 12 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: I think with respect, Mr Stern, you are
- widening the focus far too far.
- 14 MR STERN: I am trying not to. I am dealing with this very
- issue and I would like really your help about this.
- 16 What are the possibilities in finding out whether
- somebody has a bomb on them, in a situation where they
- 18 have been identified as a suicide bomber? Well,
- obviously, and I don't mean this flippantly, you can ask
- them. That is obviously not a viable proposition.
- 21 A. Obviously not, sir, no.
- 22 Q. You can try and search them. Again, is that a viable
- 23 proposition?
- 24 A. No, sir, as soon as you make your presence aware to
- a determined suicide bomber, the chances are he will

- 1 detonate his device so you defeat the object.
- 2 Q. Is there any other way other than assessing how they
- 3 behave, how they react and doing the best you can in
- 4 trying to judge their movements, their actions, and
- 5 anything that they may say?
- 6 A. Not that I know of, sir.
- 7 Q. And the impossible situation that you referred to is
- 8 a life and death situation, isn't it?
- 9 A. Very much so, sir, yes.
- 10 Q. You get it wrong, and, as Mr Mansfield says, you might
- 11 kill an innocent person?
- 12 A. Yes, sir.
- 13 Q. With all the sorrow that that brings to the family?
- 14 A. Definitely, sir, yes.
- 15 Q. And with all the tragedy that that brings to those
- 16 around them?
- 17 A. Undoubtedly, sir, yes.
- 18 Q. And of course for the officers, years in investigation,
- 19 years of concern?
- 20 A. Absolutely, sir, yes.
- 21 Q. If you get it wrong and you don't fire, and the person
- 22 turns out to be a suicide bomber, then you have tens,
- 23 maybe hundreds of people die?
- 24 A. Yes, sir.
- 25 Q. And that on your conscience?

- 1 A. Yes, sir.
- 2 Q. So I ask, you are the most experienced firearms officer
- 3 I think we have had, certainly senior firearms officer;
- 4 how do you tell?
- 5 A. You just have to rely on your training, sir, on your
- 6 experience.
- 7 Q. I think if we look, please, at what it was that was said
- 8 at the Health and Safety trial, 16 October 2007,
- 9 page 44, Mr Justice Henriques asked you this question at
- 10 line 7:
- 11 "There is a problem though, isn't there, that if you
- 12 do attend like that [talking to you], hat on, gun
- visible, shouting 'armed police', if in fact you are
- 14 dealing with a true suicide bomber, you are bound all to
- depart this earth?"
- 16 This is the point that the learned Coroner, I think,
- was asking you a moment or two ago?
- 18 A. Yes, I remember it, sir.
- 19 Q. "That is always the scary thing about it, my Lord, yes.
- 20 We can only act on the instructions we are given. If
- 21 the instructions we are given are to stop them getting
- 22 on the tube then we will go down and stop them getting
- on the tube. But you are absolutely right, by going
- 24 covert down the tube station like that" --
- 25 A. That should actually be "overt", sir.

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1 Q. Of course:
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- 2 "... there was a possibility that in confrontation
- 3 with the suspect, had he been carrying a device, and we
- 4 had no intelligence to say he was carrying a device, but
- 5 had he been carrying a device, he may well have
- 6 detonated it.
- 7 "Question: That is a horrible dilemma" --
- 8 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: This is the judge speaking?
- 9 MR STERN: I think it probably is:
- 10 "-- that police officers have to confront as part of
- 11 their duty if they volunteer to be in CO19?
- 12 "Answer: That is true, sir, and may I just say that
- 13 the only people running down the stairs that day, to
- 14 confront a man [this is the next page, thank you] that
- they believed to be Hussain Osman, a known suicide
- 16 bomber, is actually the police officers from CO19 and
- 17 the surveillance officers as well. Everyone else was
- 18 running out of that tube station, sir, except us.
- 19 "Question: Yes, you were going forward; everyone
- 20 else was going back.
- 21 "Answer: We were going forward, sir, to deal with
- 22 this man in order to protect the public, knowing or
- 23 believing that this man could have a device on him."
- It is, as you say, against all human nature to run
- 25 towards something that is likely to end your life?

- 1 A. It's not a natural thing to do, sir, no.
- 2 Q. In the final part of your statement, at page 367,
- 3 please, your second statement, did you say this at the
- 4 end:
- 5 "In conclusion I would like to add this that was
- a fast-moving and developing situation involving a man
- 7 we believed at the time was a known suicide bomber who
- 8 had already attempted to kill himself and members of the
- 9 public, and was about to get on an underground train
- 10 with all the possible fatal consequences that involves.
- 11 The primary concern at this time for all the CO19
- 12 officers and surveillance officers on the ground was to
- 13 protect and save the lives of the public on the trains
- 14 and in order to do so unhesitantly and without question
- 15 put their own lives at great risk in order to do so.
- I hope that this is not forgotten."
- 17 A. Can I just make a quick point on that?
- 18 Q. Yes, please.
- 19 A. It was my second statement that I made. The reason
- 20 I specifically put that in was because I knew that some
- 21 time down the road there would be an investigation into
- 22 what took place, and I knew that as time passed people
- 23 would forget about the horrors of what had happened on
- the 7th and what had happened on the 21st. So for me it
- 25 was important to put something in there to remind

- 1 everybody about the fear that was pervading the whole of
- 2 London as a result of those bombings and everything
- 3 else, and I just didn't want all that to be forgotten
- 4 over time, that's all. That's the reason I put that in
- 5 there.
- 6 Q. As I understand the position, you not only thought this
- 7 was an identified suicide terrorist, but also that the
- 8 person who had been identified to you at the briefing
- 9 was someone who had access to explosives?
- 10 A. That was correct, sir, yes.
- 11 Q. And also that those explosives could be concealed around
- the body and difficult to detect?
- 13 A. Yes, sir.
- 14 Q. I think you have known C2 and C12 for some time?
- 15 A. I have, sir, I have known them a long time.
- 16 Q. I do not want to put any words in your mouth, you are
- 17 their team leader, could you describe your assessment of
- 18 their abilities and skills?
- 19 A. I have worked with both those officers in excess of
- 20 10 years. They are both married men, family men. They
- 21 are professional, dedicated, committed, in my view
- 22 120 per cent trustworthy, and I would gladly work with
- them any day.
- 24 Questions from MR PENNY
- 25 MR PENNY: Ralph, I am going to ask you some questions now

- on behalf of Commander Dick,
- 2 Detective Chief Inspector Purser,
- 3 Chief Inspector Esposito and Commander McDowall.
- 4 Just three areas, please. You have heard this
- 5 afternoon criticism made, trenchant criticism made of
- 6 Detective Chief Inspector Purser in relation to what was
- 7 going on just before Stockwell; right?
- 8 A. Yes, sir.
- 9 Q. I don't know if you saw his evidence or heard his
- 10 evidence, but if you did, you will appreciate that those
- 11 criticisms were not repeated or made to his face during
- 12 the course of this inquest.
- I want to go back and ask you a little bit about
- 14 Detective Chief Inspector Purser, because I think you
- have some experience of working with him; is that right?
- 16 A. I have worked with him on several occasions, sir, yes.
- 17 Q. I want you to give us your opinion as to whether the
- 18 briefing which he gave to your officers for whom you
- 19 were responsible that morning was balanced and
- 20 professional in equipping them with the necessary
- 21 information to approach the job that they had to do that
- 22 day?
- 23 A. I can honestly say that I have, over the years, and
- I have been around a few years, and I have had quite
- 25 a few briefings from different organisations,

- 1 counter-terrorism, Special Branch and whatever, but
- 2 specifically over that period of time when everything
- 3 was prevalent in regards to the explosions, we had had
- 4 quite a few briefings from SO12 and from SO13, none of
- 5 which I viewed as being satisfactory. The only time
- 6 I ever had a briefing that was thorough and full was the
- 7 one I had from Mr Purser that day at Nightingale Lane.
- 8 It was one of the best and most informative briefings
- 9 I had ever had, honestly.
- 10 Q. When you were at Stockwell Road, just short of the
- 11 Underground station, your belief and, may I say, your
- 12 belief is not challenged in the sense that all due
- 13 respect must be shown to it, is that had your team
- 14 deployed at that stage you would have been in a position
- 15 to do an interception; but would you have regarded it as
- 16 being balanced and professional of
- 17 Detective Chief Inspector Purser to report to
- 18 Commander Dick that your team was in a position to
- deploy if he did not believe that to be the case?
- 20 A. Absolutely, sir.
- 21 Q. Does the same go for TJ84?
- 22 A. Yes, sir.
- 23 Q. As to whether he should have been saying to
- 24 Chief Inspector Esposito they might be ready to go, they
- could be ready to go, they are in position, they may be

- 1 in position?
- 2 A. I take your point, sir, and I agree with you.
- 3 Q. Would they have had any reason to be less than candid
- 4 with the control room as to the position of the team at
- 5 that stage?
- 6 A. I can't speak for all of them, sir, but certainly not in
- 7 my view, no.
- 8 Q. I want to move to a second topic, please, and it's just
- 9 the question of the sequence of what you heard on the
- 10 radio. I think you said that your witness statement was
- 11 clumsy as to this. I want to see if we can get this
- 12 right. Can we look at page 362 of your witness
- 13 statement. Can you see about halfway up the page
- 14 a sentence which begins:
- 15 "Whilst at Nightingale Lane ..."?
- 16 A. Yes, sir, I see it, yes.
- 17 Q. "Whilst at Nightingale Lane and on route to Tulse Hill
- in Trojan 805B together with Charlie Eleven and Charlie
- 19 Three when we received information via the radio that
- 20 a white male had left the premises and was on board
- 21 a number 2 bus heading towards Marble Arch..."
- 22 A. Yes, sir.
- 23 Q. You have told us now that on reflection that was two
- 24 separate pieces of information that you had picked up at
- 25 two different stages?

- 1 A. At some stage along, sir, yes.
- 2 Q. We see that there is a comma there. You then say:
- 3 "... we were instructed by Trojan 84 to 'get behind
- 4 the suspect'..."
- 5 I think you have told us today that that instruction
- 6 was given to you by Trojan 84 as you were turning into
- 7 the TA Centre?
- 8 A. Yes, sir, that's correct.
- 9 Q. So if we were, as it were, to replace the comma with
- 10 a full stop and insert the words "as I was turning into
- 11 the TA Centre", then we would have it right in that
- 12 sentence?
- 13 A. That would be spot on, sir, and it would be a better job
- 14 than I did, yes.
- 15 Q. Then you get the description subsequently of an IC2 male
- wearing a denim jacket and trousers with stubble?
- 17 A. Yes, sir.
- 18 Q. Trojan 84 was already at the TA Centre as you were
- 19 turning in?
- 20 A. Yes, he was, sir, yes.
- 21 Q. He was in the control vehicle with DCI Purser?
- 22 A. Yes, sir, he was.
- 23 Q. And the driver?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. Then the convoy started. In point of fact, we have

- 1 established that the journey that you made to Stockwell
- 2 was made incredibly quickly. If we look at exhibit
- 3 page 1501, we looked at it this morning, it's a CCTV
- 4 still. We have the Alpha car in the front there. Do
- 5 you know whether one of the other two was the vehicle in
- 6 which you were driving?
- 7 A. It would be the second one.
- 8 Q. The one in the middle there?
- 9 A. Yes, sir.
- 10 Q. That's 9.58.22. If we could look at the still that we
- 11 saw from Brixton Road. Can we focus in on that.
- 12 I think it's 9.59.42. So something like 80 seconds
- later, you are then in Brixton Road or at least the
- 14 Mercedes is?
- 15 A. Yes, sir.
- 16 Q. Then the footage from the CCTV that we have been shown,
- 17 which again is Lambeth CCTV system, looking from the
- 18 Underground station back down the Stockwell Road, if we
- 19 could have a quick look at that where the car is
- 20 manoeuvering to get into position. 10.02.56. I think
- 21 if we rewind that back to the start, we can see that
- 22 that vehicle was there at 10.02 and almost the start of
- that minute.
- 24 So to put it into context, this entire journey, as
- 25 I think you were asked during your examination-in-chief,

- 1 had been done in something like five and a half or six
- 2 minutes?
- 3 A. Yes, sir.
- 4 Q. Which means that there was only so much time for any
- 5 communication to be made, either by you or to you or by
- 6 others?
- 7 A. It was a very dynamic situation, sir, yes.
- 8 Q. Absolutely. That goes for those who were in the control
- 9 car also?
- 10 A. Absolutely, sir, yes.
- 11 Q. Who were on mobile telephones, and who were listening
- 12 to, when they could, the Cougar radio and the
- 13 back-to-back radio?
- 14 A. Definitely, sir, and may I say carrying a bit more
- 15 responsibility at that time, as well.
- 16 Q. Can we look finally at the third issue I want to deal
- 17 with, which is the suggestion that was put this morning,
- and I think you agreed, that you believed that you, your
- 19 team, could have made an interception as soon as you had
- 20 heard the words that it was "definitely our man"?
- 21 A. I believe we could have done, sir, yes.
- 22 Q. Of course you I think in your witness statement make it
- 23 clear that you heard those words at some time when the
- 24 man was still on the bus?
- 25 A. I believe so, sir, yes.

- 1 Q. It stands to reason, does it not, of course, that it
- 2 couldn't be known at that stage that he was going to
- 3 remain on the bus?
- 4 A. No, sir, absolutely not, no.
- 5 Q. The bus could have gone further up the
- 6 South Lambeth Road, could have dropped him off close to
- 7 another one of the suspect addresses or could actually
- 8 have headed straight into Central London?
- 9 A. Absolutely, sir, yes.
- 10 Q. The danger that you have told us about, which we are
- 11 acutely aware of, is that in these sorts of operations,
- 12 the closer you move up, the greater the danger there is
- of compromising the operation?
- 14 A. And that is one of the big dangers you have to be aware
- of in a MASTS, yes.
- 16 Q. That's a significant danger in a conventional firearms
- 17 operation?
- 18 A. Yes, sir.
- 19 Q. Because you don't want criminals who are running around
- 20 with firearms becoming aware of the fact that there are
- 21 armed police officers after them?
- 22 A. Not only that, sir, you endanger the life of the
- 23 surveillance officers as well.
- 24 Q. And endangering the life of the public because you are
- 25 maximising the danger of the firearm being used?

- 1 A. Yes, sir.
- 2 Q. That, as it were, is one thing, but where you are
- 3 dealing with a suicide terrorist who may detonate at any
- 4 time, then it's a completely different ball game, to use
- 5 that phrase?
- 6 A. The threat is much greater, I would suggest.
- 7 Q. As you have said in your evidence this afternoon, as
- 8 soon as you go overt, the danger is that the terrorist
- 9 will detonate the device and take as many people with
- 10 him as he can?
- 11 A. Yes, sir, that's true.
- 12 Q. That of course goes for activities which take place
- overground as much as underground?
- 14 A. Yes, sir.
- 15 Q. Busy areas overground as much as underground?
- 16 A. Definitely, sir, yes.
- 17 Q. The lobby at Stockwell Underground station, for example,
- if it's full of people at 9.30 just as much as a jammed
- 19 full underground carriage?
- 20 A. Yes, sir, as we have said.
- 21 Q. If you go overt at too early a stage?
- 22 A. Yes, sir.
- 23 Q. Would you accept that from the commander's perspective,
- 24 before making the decision to deploy your team into this
- 25 situation, that there was an importance in checking and

- 1 re-checking the information about identification?
- 2 A. I don't dispute that at all, sir, no.
- 3 MR PENNY: Thank you.
- 4 MR KING: Nothing from me, thank you, sir.
- 5 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Yes, Mr Horwell.
- 6 Questions from MR HORWELL
- 7 MR HORWELL: Ralph, my name is Richard Horwell, I appear on
- 8 behalf of the Commissioner, and I have very few
- 9 questions to ask you.
- 10 A. Sir.
- 11 Q. A topic that has almost disappeared over the course of
- 12 the last few weeks in this inquest: the suggestion that
- was at one time made that at the outset of this
- 14 operation there should have been a stop place determined
- near to Scotia Road with a view to stopping whichever
- 16 subject might, by then, have been identified within the
- 17 confines of that stop place.
- 18 A. Yes, sir.
- 19 MR MANSFIELD: Sir, may I make it clear, not a stop place
- 20 but parameters and a window.
- 21 MR HORWELL: Yes, the suggestion that was made almost at the
- 22 outset of this inquest was that the police should have
- 23 determined a stop place, Ralph, between the green
- 24 outside Scotia Road and the TA Centre.
- 25 A. Yeah, I understand that, sir, I was asked that in the

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1 Health and Safety trial as well, sir, yes.
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- 2 Q. I want to deal with first what you had to say about that
- 3 at the Health and Safety trial, it's transcript -- if
- 4 this exists, please, on the system -- 16 October,
- 5 page 30. It does now, thank you. It's page 30, line 8.
- 6 If you follow it on the screen, please, it's about just
- 7 under a page I am going to read out:
- 8 "In your opinion, would there have been any point in
- 9 your officers attempting to identify a place where they
- 10 could have carried out a stop in the immediate vicinity
- of either Scotia Road or the TA Centre?
- 12 "Answer: Not in my view, my Lord, no.
- "Question: Was it practical to do so and keep the
- 14 operation covert?
- 15 "Answer: In my view it wouldn't have been, sir, no.
- 16 It would have been impractical to do that.
- 17 "Question: Was there any way of knowing in which
- direction the suspects would go and by what means?
- 19 "Answer: Not in my view, my Lord, no.
- 20 "Question: And even if you were to find a place at
- 21 one time, that you thought might possibly be suitable,
- 22 is there any way you can know whether it's going to be
- 23 safe by the time you come to use it an hour or so later?
- 24 "Answer: Not at all, sir. Things change all the
- 25 time, especially in the rush hour.

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1 "Question: So will you consider this for us: would
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- 2 it make an operation safer or more dangerous to attempt
- 3 to find a predetermined site for a stop in circumstances
- 4 like these?
- 5 "Answer: That's a very difficult question to
- 6 answer, my Lord, but in my view, bearing in mind that
- 7 this was a covert operation and one of
- 8 intelligence-gathering at that phase, I mean, if we
- 9 deployed on that type of operation, we would compromise
- 10 the covert integrity of the operation completely, and by
- 11 doing so, potentially raise the risk to the public as
- 12 a result of that."
- 13 That was a year ago, Ralph.
- 14 A. Yes, sir.
- 15 Q. You have had a year to consider this proposition, and no
- doubt you have followed, I'm not suggesting word for
- 17 word the evidence that has been called at the inquest,
- 18 but some of the evidence?
- 19 A. Yes, sir.
- 20 Q. Is that still your view today?
- 21 A. Very much so, sir, yes.
- 22 Q. The very idea that a predetermined stop place should
- 23 have been fixed between the green and the TA Centre is
- 24 not one that an experienced police officer would agree
- 25 with?

- 1 A. Too many assumptions, sir. Assumption that he's going
- 2 to go that way, the assumption that --
- 3 Q. Assumption number one, he's going to come out and turn
- 4 left?
- 5 A. Exactly, sir, yes.
- 6 Q. He might turn right?
- 7 A. Might go on a bike, loads of things, sir.
- 8 Q. Another assumption inherent in that suggestion is that
- 9 by that stage the person would have been identified to
- 10 a degree at which it was regarded sensible and
- 11 proportionate to have an armed stop?
- 12 A. Absolutely, sir, identification was crucial.
- 13 Q. Too many assumptions?
- 14 A. Yes, sir.
- 15 Q. You agree?
- 16 A. I do, sir, yes.
- 17 Q. Training.
- 18 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: How much more do you have, Mr Horwell?
- I have had a request, that's all.
- 20 MR HORWELL: Certainly under five minutes, and I would have
- 21 thought two or three. I am happy to break now.
- 22 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: I was going to break when the next
- 23 witness came in. Can you hang on? Say quickly. Keep
- it as quick as you can.
- 25 MR HORWELL: Speed up again with your answers, Ralph.

- 1 Training. You have been asked about how officers
- 2 could be prepared or trained for circumstances such as
- 3 these, and is it part of the training of CO19 officers
- 4 that there is in fact no reliable profile of a suicide
- 5 bomber?
- 6 A. None, sir, not that I am aware of or anyone else in my
- 7 fraternity, sir, no.
- 8 Q. Anything is possible?
- 9 A. Anything's possible, sir, yes.
- 10 Q. The witness before you spoke of the comparative ease
- 11 with which police officers may deal with a suicide
- 12 bomber from a control point, and obviously we can all
- 13 understand the relative ease of dealing with somebody
- 14 who is showing the bomb strapped to their chest. But in
- 15 circumstances such as existed on 22 July, the very idea,
- 16 thought of stopping a possible suicide bomber on a busy
- street, in a busy bus, in a busy station concourse, or
- on a busy platform or train; there are no easy answers,
- 19 Ralph, do you agree?
- 20 A. As long as I have been doing this job, sir, I haven't
- found any. I can't think of any. We would be doing
- them if there was.
- 23 Q. I was going to ask you, are you aware of anyone or any
- 24 country on earth that has an answer to that dilemma?
- 25 A. None of them, sir.

- 1 $\,$ Q. The word "stop" in the circumstances that existed on
- 2 22 July plainly means intervene and detain?
- 3 A. Yes, sir. You mean in relation to, "Stop him getting on
- 4 the tube"?
- 5 Q. Yes.
- 6 A. Yes, sir that was my understanding, yes.
- 7 Q. I want to read this to you, Ralph, please and ask you
- 8 whether you regard this as nonsense; do you understand?
- 9 A. Yes, sir.
- 10 Q. "To a firearms officer, 'stop' can mean shoot him dead"?
- 11 A. No, it wouldn't mean that to me, sir, no.
- 12 Q. Nonsense?
- 13 A. I think so.
- 14 MR HORWELL: Thank you.
- 15 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Thank you. Ms Leek, how long?
- 16 MS LEEK: A few minutes.
- 17 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Let us have a break now. Five past.
- 18 (3.57 pm)
- 19 (A short break)
- 20 (4.08 pm)
- 21 (In the presence of the jury)
- 22 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Mr Hough, I don't think we can go
- 23 beyond this witness tonight.
- 24 MR HOUGH: No, sir. After the jury have gone, we may need
- 25 to have a few minutes with the lawyers.

- 1 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: That's all right, I was just going to
- 2 say, tell whoever is looking after Terry that he need
- 3 not stay here tonight.
- 4 MR HOUGH: Thank you, sir.
- 5 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Yes, Ms Leek.
- 6 Questions from MS LEEK
- 7 MS LEEK: Ralph, I just have a couple of very short points
- 8 to deal with with you.
- 9 You made contemporaneous notes in a notebook on the
- 10 morning?
- 11 A. Yes, ma'am, I did.
- 12 Q. That's at page 7874 if that can be brought up. In fact
- the first page has been redacted as not being relevant,
- but if we go to page 7878, you made notes -- sorry,
- 15 I have different numbering. Over two pages. You made
- notes during the briefing at the time of the warning
- given, and that was where you say "warning 9.15", that's
- 18 the legal position that's given out about individual
- 19 officer responsibility?
- 20 A. That's absolutely right, ma'am, yes.
- 21 Q. Then you have made a note of questions that were asked:
- "Have they access to explosives?"
- 23 Then there is discussion about lower limbs?
- 24 A. Yes, ma'am.
- 25 Q. That relates to the devices that were used on the 7th,

- 1 I think?
- 2 A. Yes, that's correct, yes.
- 3 Q. Then:
- 4 "If devices initiated, time of detonation."
- 5 A. Yes, ma'am.
- 6 Q. Then you specifically write here:
- 7 "Easily concealed on body".
- 8 A. Yes, ma'am.
- 9 Q. "Easily detonated".
- 10 A. Yes, ma'am.
- 11 Q. That related to the discussion of the way in which
- 12 suicide bombers could have the devices around their body
- 13 concealed under clothing?
- 14 A. Yes, ma'am, that's correct, yes.
- 15 Q. And the ease at which those could be detonated?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. The ease with which those could be detonated.
- The only other matter I want to deal with you with
- is at the Health and Safety trial on October 16 last
- year, I think it's page 47, line 17, you went through
- 21 the lines of your second statement that Mr Stern went
- 22 through with you, and you said that, despite the outcome
- you were very proud of the officers that day?
- 24 A. I was, ma'am, yes.
- 25 Q. Do you stand by that?

- 1 A. I do, ma'am, and can I just quantify it quickly, I won't
- be long, but it's just -- I realise the outcome was
- 3 tragic, and it was tragic and it was a terrible thing
- 4 that happened that day, but it shouldn't detract from
- 5 the fact that those officers ran down believing that
- they were going to deal with a suicide bomber and they
- 7 didn't hesitate in the slightest and they didn't
- 8 question it, they just went down there and did it, and
- 9 that's why I was proud of them that day, because they
- 10 did what they were supposed to do.
- 11 MS LEEK: Thank you.
- 12 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Thank you. Mr Hough.
- 13 Further questions from MR HOUGH
- 14 MR HOUGH: Yes, just one matter to deal with, Ralph. When
- 15 I asked you questions earlier, you said that you thought
- 16 that your team could perform the stop at any time after
- when you heard that the subject was definitely your man.
- 18 A. Sir.
- 19 Q. It's been put to you that at that time he was still on
- 20 the bus and you didn't know if or where he would get off
- 21 the bus?
- 22 A. No, that's true, sir.
- 23 Q. You agreed with that?
- 24 A. Yes, sir.
- 25 Q. You also said under examination from other lawyers that

- 1 you thought state amber could and should have been
- 2 called earlier?
- 3 A. If they wanted us to do an intervention, sir, yes.
- 4 Q. If state amber had been called earlier, it would have
- 5 been for you to decide when to call state red?
- 6 A. Yes, that's correct, sir, yes.
- 7 Q. At what stage would you have called state red?
- 8 A. Well, it's very difficult for me to tell you that now,
- 9 sir, because it would depend very much on the
- 10 circumstances at the time, the traffic, the people and
- so I can't really make that judgment now, sir.
- 12 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Could you have done it before you knew
- 13 where he was?
- 14 A. No, sir.
- 15 MR HOUGH: From what you were hearing over the surveillance
- 16 at the time, what message, at what point in the message
- 17 trail do you think it would have been sensible to call
- state red: when he was getting off the bus, when he was
- 19 walking towards the tube station, when he was entering
- the tube station?
- 21 A. Again if we are talking about specifics now, sir, as he
- 22 got off the bus, then I would have called state red.
- 23 Q. It was also put to you that a challenge, an armed
- 24 intervention, dealing with a suspected suicide bomber in
- 25 a public area is exceptionally dangerous whether it's

- outside a tube, inside the concourse, wherever?
- 2 A. Yes, sir.
- 3 Q. But if you had called state red, if you had been
- 4 responsible for directing your officers to perform the
- 5 intervention, where would you have wanted to perform the
- 6 stop, given that it was an invidious choice, when the
- 7 man was walking from the bus to the tube, when he was
- 8 outside the tube, when he was in the concourse, or when
- 9 he was down the escalators?
- 10 A. That's a very difficult question to answer now, sir, you
- 11 must accept that. The ideal spot would have been
- 12 probably in the middle of Binfield Road, I would
- 13 suggest.
- 14 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Middle of, sorry?
- 15 A. Binfield Road, sir. The reason I say that is because,
- 16 when you do the intervention, specifically in this
- scenario, what you want to try to do is create a sterile
- gap around the man or the woman that you are actually
- 19 going to do the intervention on. It's not ideal, not by
- any stretch of the imagination, but it's probably the
- 21 best or the lesser of the evils that were about at that
- 22 particular time. So do we let him get on the tube or do
- 23 we do it in the street? I would probably go for doing
- 24 it in the street. It gives a bit of distance for the
- 25 firearms officers, so a bit of safety for them. If

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1 there is any cover there they can get behind it. They
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- 2 can verbally challenge the suspect and shout out and let
- 3 them know there is armed police there, but also it means
- 4 we can control the public. So we can shout at the
- 5 public and say: look, get out of the way, we are armed
- 6 police officers; and create a kind of sterile gap, if
- you like, between the suspect and the firearms officers.
- Now, I am not saying that there is no risk of
- 9 detonation, and as we have already discussed, there is
- 10 a risk of detonation as soon as you go overt and let
- 11 them know that you are there. However, I think if he
- 12 did detonate, the casualties -- it's all about risk
- 13 management, isn't it? The casualties would probably be
- 14 less in the street, that kind of sterile area, than they
- would be in an enclosed tube station. That would have
- 16 been my view.
- 17 Q. Can I finally put to you one other invidious choice.
- 18 Which is the greater of these two evils: a challenge in
- 19 a concourse of a tube station at that time in the
- 20 morning, with the number of people around that we have
- 21 seen on the CCTV; or a challenge down in a tube train at
- that time of the morning?
- 23 A. I really can't give you an answer to that, sir, because
- it depends how many people are there, you know. One
- 25 minute the platform, as you know yourselves, could be

- 1 packed with people, and the foyer could be empty, so
- 2 I really couldn't tell you.
- 3 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: All depends on circumstances.
- 4 A. Absolutely, sir, yes.
- 5 MR HOUGH: On that day, placing yourself back in that
- 6 position, which of those two would you have chosen?
- 7 Would you have held back until he had gone down further
- 8 into the tube station or would you have tried to perform
- 9 the stop at as early a stage as possible?
- 10 A. I would have tried to perform the intervention as soon
- 11 as I possibly could, sir.
- 12 MR HOUGH: Thank you very much. Those are my questions.
- 13 Ouestions from THE CORONER
- 14 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Following that last one up, what we
- were told by one witness, I suspect you will probably
- 16 agree, that it's really a different factor between the
- 17 concourse up above and the platform down below; I looked
- 18 it up the other day, Stockwell is in fact a junction
- 19 between the Northern Line and I think the Victoria Line.
- 20 The problem that another witness identified was that
- 21 once he had gone down the escalators the chances of
- losing him would be far higher.
- 23 A. Yes, sir, that's true.
- 24 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Would that be right?
- 25 A. Yes, sir, because you know, you don't know what platform

- 1 he's --
- 2 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: You don't know which way he's going to
- 3 go.
- 4 A. You don't know what train he is going to get on. That's
- 5 exactly right, sir.
- 6 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: If he is just lucky and catches a train
- 7 just about to go out, he may disappear altogether.
- 8 A. On that particular day, sir, had it not been for the
- 9 surveillance officer holding the door open --
- 10 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: That train would have gone out. That's
- 11 the point.
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: It's really on that basis that the
- 14 concourse is a better place to do it --
- 15 A. Certainly better than letting him go down the stairs,
- 16 sir, but again it's all about assessment and the amount
- of people that are there at the time.
- 18 SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Yes, that's another factor. If you
- were lucky enough to strike a time when the platforms
- 20 were empty, it might have been a different kettle of
- 21 fish.
- 22 A. That's exactly right, sir. Of course, you never know,
- 23 there could have been a bus full of schoolchildren
- 24 suddenly turn up and all get out and walk on the
- 25 concourse.

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2
        all, and as soon as the ushers can get you out you are
 3
        free to go.
     A. Thank you, sir.
 4
 5
    SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Ladies and gentlemen, so are you.
 6
        Thursday, 10 o'clock.
 7
                        (The witness withdrew)
 8
    (4.20 pm)
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SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT: Thank you very much indeed. That's

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